# **AITTAC**

# Linear Guide (2023B) Global

- **OLSH Series Standard Linear Guide**
- **OLSD Series Low Profile Type Linear Guide**
- LRW Series Miniature Linear Guide (Widened)
- **OLRM Series Miniature Linear Guide**
- **LGC Series Crossed Roller Way**



# **AirTAC** • Linear Guide

# **Products Catalog-2023B**

LSH Series Standard Linear Guide
 LSD Series Low Profile Type Linear Guide
 LRW Series Miniature Linear Guide (Widened)
 LGC Series Crossed Roller Way



# **AirTAC International Group**

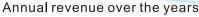
# **Corporate Profile**



2019: AirTAC Ningbo the second Production base established

2018:

AirTAC USA established







2016-2018: AirTAC(Guangdong/Tianjin /Fujian) Intelligent Company established



2012-2015: AirTAC Singapore, AirTAC Japan, AirTAC Malaysia,



2015: AirTAC (Jiangsu) established



2010: AirTAC IPO In Taiwan (Stock code:1590.TW)



2016: New production base of AirTAC Tainan established

2011: **Expanded China Sales** and R&D center





2008: AirTAC Italy established

2002: AirTAC Ningbo established

1988: AirTAC Taiwan established



1998: AirTAC Guangdong established



# A

# **AirTAC International Group**

# **Corporate Profile**



# 2019

AirTAC Ningbo the second Production base established

AirTAC Ningbo the second Production base Land area: 266,667m<sup>2</sup>

Add: No.89, Nandu Rd., Fenghua District, Ningbo, Zhejiang, China



New production base of AirTAC Tainan established

Taiwan Tainan Production base
Land area: 71,333m²
Add: No.28, Kanxi Rd., Xinshi District, Tainan, Taiwan





# 2002

AirTAC Ningbo established

AirTAC Ningbo the first Production base Land area: 240,000m² Add: No.88, Siming E. Rd., Fenghua District, Ningbo, Zhejiang, China

1998

AirTAC Guangdong established

AirTAC Guangdong Land area: 26,667m² Add: No.7, Kaixuan Rd., Nanhai District, Foshan, Guangdong, China





# A

# **AirTAC International Group**

# **Manufacturing Equipment**

Injection molding Equipment Array (Japan-made)



Cryogenic-treatment Equipment





Machining Equipment Array(Japan-made)

EFD Induction Hardening Equipment (Norway-made)



IPSEN Carburising Equipment(Germany-made)



**Grinding Machine Array** 





Auto-assembly Line

Precision Drilling Machine(Japan-made)



# **AirTAC International Group**

# Detection Equipment R&D Experimental Equipment

Zeiss Coordinate Measuring Machine(CMM)(Germany-made)



Rail Accuracy Classification Equipment



Metallographic Analysis (Japan-made)

Hardness Detection Equipment (Netherlands-made)



Renishaw Equator



Chemical Analysis Equipment

Linear guide accuracy Measurement Equipment



Linear guide life span Test Equipment

Linear guide complex performance Test Equipment



# A

# **AirTAC International Group**

# **Global Network of Marketing&Service**

AirTAC International Group has more than 100 direct sales branches/sales sections in Chinese mainland, and thousands of distributors around the world, mainly located in Europe, the United States and Asia, etc., forming a perfect sales network and after-sales service system, which can provide customers with convenient services at any time.



## Overseas Market

- ●USA
- Japan
- ●UK
- France
- Finland
- Germany
- Thailand
- ●Korea
- Australia
- Mexico
- Argentina
- South Africa

- ■Italy
- Singapore
- Malaysia
- Greece
- Sweden
- Denmark
- India
- Brazil
- Netherlands
- Sri Lanka
- ●Colombia
- Jordan

- ●VietNam
- Indonesia
- Israel
- •Turkey
- ●Kuwait
- Austria
- •Saudi Arabia
- ●Peru
- Canada
- ●Iran
- ●Syria

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# Linear Guide——Index

Linear Guide Selection P2

#### LSH Series Standard Linear Guide

P10

- Standard type(N) and Long type(L) are available, one block and two blocks type are available
- Square type(H), Flange type top-mount(F1),
  Flange type bottom-mount(F2),
  Flange type top or bottom mount(F3) block are available
- ●LSH15、20、25、30、35、45; New
- Block with double oil scrapers(DD)
   or oil scraper+metal scraper(ZZ) type are available



# LSD Series Low Profile Type Linear Guide

 Short type(S) and Standard type(N) are available, one block and two blocks type are available

- Square type(H), Flange type top-mount(F1),
   Flange type bottom-mount(F2),
   Flange type top or bottom mount(F3) block are available
- ●LSD15、20、25、30、35;
- Block with double oil scrapers(DD)
   or oil scraper+metal scraper(ZZ) type are available



# LRW Series Miniature Linear Guide (Widened)

P46

- Standard type(N) and Long type(L) are available, one block and two blocks type are available
- ●LRW7、9、12、15



#### **LRM Series Miniature Linear Guide**

P53

- Standard type(N) and Long type(L) are available, one block and two blocks type are available
- ●LRM5、7、9、12、15。



# **LGC Series Crossed Roller Way**

Accuracy class: High-accuracy and precision grade are available

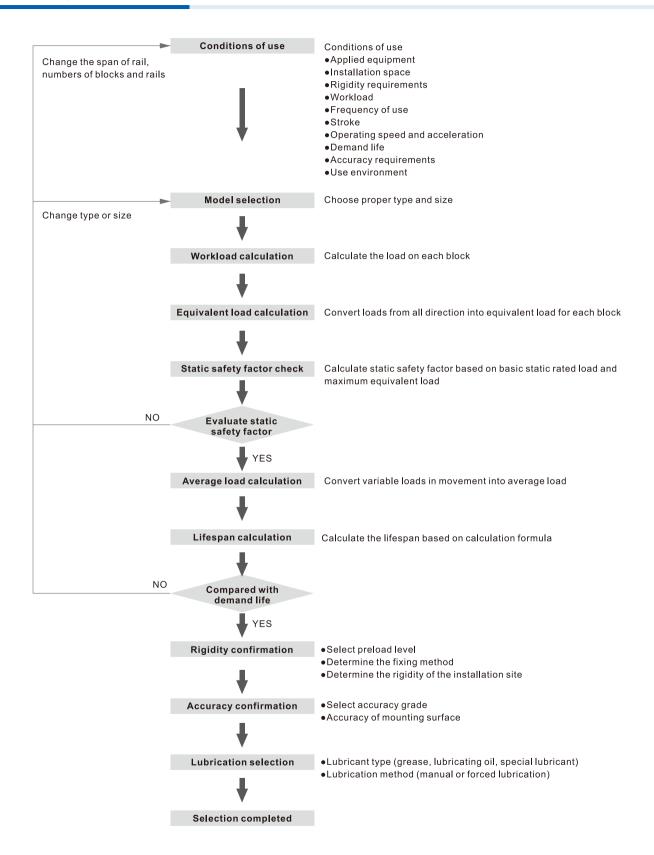
- ●Three-row type and four-row type are available
- ◆Roller diameter: Φ1.5、Φ2、Φ3、Φ4、Φ6







#### How to select Linear Guide





# **Load Capacity and Rating Life**

#### 1. Basic static load rating (C<sub>0</sub>)

When a linear guide absorbs a large force or impact in a static or low-speed movement, it will cause permanent deformation either on rollers and groove.

When sum of deformation on groove and rollers exceeds a certain limit, it will affect the smoothness of its linear movement.

Basic static load rating is defined as the magnitude of a given stress applied at where the stress is the biggest caused the sum of permanent deformation on groove and roller is 1/10000 of the diameter of the rollers.

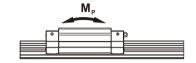
#### 2. Allowable static moment(M<sub>0</sub>)

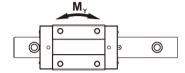
When torque is applied on a linear guide, rollers in the both ends of block will endure the major stress force.

Allowable static moment is defined as a given moment applied and raised stress force on linear guide which will cause sum of permanent deformation on groove and roller is 1/10000 of the diameter of the rollers.

Static moment is defined in three directions as M<sub>P</sub>, M<sub>y</sub>, M<sub>B</sub>.







#### 3. Static safety factor(f<sub>c</sub>)

During vibration, impact or sudden start and stop, the inertia force or torque will raise huge loads on linear guide. For this kind of situation, it is necessary to put static safety factor into consideration. Static safety factor is a ratio of the basic statics load rating to the calculated working load as shown in following formula. The reference of static safety factor for different conditions is shown in following table:

| Use machinery      | Load condition                   | $f_{ m s}$ |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|------------|
| General industrial | General load conditions          | 1.0~1.3    |
| machinery          | When there is vibration or shock | 2.0~3.0    |
| Machine tool       | General load conditions          | 1.0~1.5    |
| wachine tool       | When there is vibration or shock | 2.5~7.0    |

$$f_s = \frac{C_\theta}{P} \text{ or } f_s = \frac{M_\theta}{M}$$
  
 $f_s$ : Static safety factor

 $C_o$ : Basic static load rating (N)

 $M_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$ : Allowable static moment  $(N \cdot m)$ P: Calculation load (N)

M: Calculation moment  $(N \cdot m)$ 

#### 4. Basic dynamic load rating(C)

Basic Dynamic Load rating is defined as the maximum allowable load and can be applied on the same specification of linear guides. This will result in a nominal life of 50 KM operation for linear guide.

#### 5. Life calculation

#### Life

When a linear guide is with bearings loaded during operation, the groove and rollers will constantly endure stress force. Once reaching fatigue, the surface will peel off and damage. The life of a given linear guide is defined as the moving distance of a linear guide in which peeling occurs due to fatigue.

#### Nominal life

Actual lifespan of linear guide varies enormously. The lifespan of each guide can be different even though they come from the same product batch under the same condition. Therefore, nominal life is usually chosen as bench mark to evaluate lifespan. Nominal life is defined as the moving distance for 90% of linear guides from the same production batch which can perform under the same working condition without peeling.

#### Life factor

## 1. Hardness factor( $f_{\scriptscriptstyle \rm H}$ )

Surface hardness of rollers must be HRC 58~62. A softer hardness will reduce load-bearing performance and static load rating. Therefore allowable moment must be multiplied by a hardness factor as correlation shown on the right chart.

Our hardness requirement for linear guide is HRC58~62, therefore  $f_{\rm H}$  = 1.0.

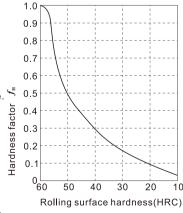
#### 2. Temperature factor( $f_{\scriptscriptstyle { m T}}$ )

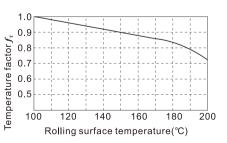
High temperature environment will affect lifespan of the linear guide. Therefore, static load rating and allowable moment must be multiplied by a temperature factor  $f_{\rm T}$  as correlation shown on the right graph.

Certain parts of our linear guide are made of plastic and rubber, hence working in temperature higher than 100°C is not recommended.

#### 3. Load factor( $f_*$ )

Although loads on a given linear guide can be calculated, it will usually come with vibration or hitting in actual use. This makes actual loads higher than calculated figure. Hence, in heavy vibration or hitting condition, please divide basic dynamic load rating (C) by following empirical load factor.





| Working Conditions            | Use speed            | $f_{ m w}$ |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| Smooth without impact         | V≤15m/min            | 1.0~1.2    |
| Common impact and vibration   | 15m/min < V≤60m/min  | 1.2~1.5    |
| Moderate impact and vibration | 60m/min < V≤120m/min | 1.5~2.0    |
| Strong impact and vibration   | V≥120m/min           | 2.0~3.5    |



#### 4. Contact factor( f<sub>c</sub>)

When multiple blocks on the linear guide are used in close contact with each other, it is difficult to evenly distribute the load due to moment torque or the accuracy of the mounting surface. Hence, when using multiple blocks in close contact, multiply the basic load rating (C or C0) by the corresponding contact factor in the table below

Note: Take into account the contact factor in the table below if uneven load distribution is expected in a large machine.

| Number of blocks used in close contact | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    | ≥6  | Normal use |
|--|------|------|------|------|-----|------------|
| Contact factor f <sub>c</sub>          | 0.81 | 0.72 | 0.66 | 0.61 | 0.6 | 1          |

#### •Calculation of nominal life(L)

The nominal life will vary based on applied load. Hardness and working temperature will also have great effects on lifespan of a linear guide. Putting all factors into consideration, nominal life can be calculated by following formula:

L: Nominal life (km)

$$L = \left(\frac{f_H \times f_T \times f_C}{f_W} \times \frac{C}{P}\right)^3 \times 50Km$$

C: Basic dynamic load rating (N)

P: Workload (N)

 $f_{\rm w}$ : Load factor

 $f_{\!\scriptscriptstyle H}$  : Hardness factor

 $\mathbf{f}_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$  : Temperature factor

f.: Contact factor

#### •Calculation of service life time(L<sub>h</sub>)

If stroke length and repeating time are known, service life time  $(L_h)$  can be derived based on rated life (L)

$$L_h = \frac{L \times 10^3}{2 \times l_s \times n_1 \times 60}$$

 $L_h$ : Service life time (hr)

L: Rated life (km)

 $l_s$ : Stroke length (m)

 $n_i$ : Rounds per minute

 $(min^{-1})$ 

# Calculation of working load

Load effect on a linear guide will be affected by its center of mass, position of thrust and inertia force occurring by acceleration when starting or stopping, etcetera. Therefore, most applications of working conditions must be put into consideration in order to acquire accurate nominal life.

#### Working load calculation

| Туре  | Operation condition  | Load on each block  |
|---|--|---|
| Horizontal use<br>uniform motion<br>Or at rest            |  | $P_{i} = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{Fl_{3}}{2l_{1}} - \frac{Fl_{4}}{2l_{2}}$ $P_{2} = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{Fl_{3}}{2l_{1}} - \frac{Fl_{4}}{2l_{2}}$ $P_{3} = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{Fl_{3}}{2l_{1}} + \frac{Fl_{4}}{2l_{2}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{Fl_{3}}{2l_{1}} + \frac{Fl_{4}}{2l_{2}}$ |
| Horizontal cantilever use<br>uniform motion<br>Or at rest | P <sub>1</sub> P <sub>2</sub> P <sub>3</sub>  | $P_{i} = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{Fl_{s}}{2l_{i}} + \frac{Fl_{s}}{2l_{2}}$ $P_{2} = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{Fl_{s}}{2l_{i}} + \frac{Fl_{s}}{2l_{2}}$ $P_{3} = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{Fl_{s}}{2l_{i}} - \frac{Fl_{s}}{2l_{2}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{Fl_{s}}{2l_{i}} - \frac{Fl_{s}}{2l_{2}}$ |
| Vertical use<br>uniform motion<br>Or at rest              | $P_{i1}$ $P_{i1}$ $P_{i2}$ $P_{i3}$ $P_{i4}$ $P_{i5}$ $P$ | $P_{i}=P_{2}=P_{3}=P_{4}=rac{Fl_{3}}{2l_{1}}$ $P_{i,\tau}=P_{2,\tau}=P_{3,\tau}=P_{4,\tau}=rac{Fl_{4}}{2l_{1}}$   |
| Wall-mounted use<br>uniform motion<br>Or at rest          | $\begin{array}{c} I_1 & P_{2T} \\ P_2 & P_2 \\ P_{3T} & P_{3T} \end{array}$  | $P_{1}=P_{2}=P_{3}=P_{4}=\frac{Fl_{4}}{2l_{2}}$ $P_{1T}=P_{4T}=\frac{F}{4}+\frac{Fl_{3}}{2l_{1}}$ $P_{2T}=P_{3T}=\frac{F}{4}-\frac{Fl_{3}}{2l_{1}}$   |



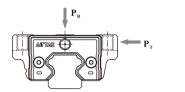
| Туре                                    | Operation condition  | Load on each block   |
|---|--|--|
| Lateral Slope                           | $P_3$ $P_3$ $P_4$ $P_5$    | $\begin{split} P_{i} &= \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta}{4} + \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} - \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} + \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta \cdot h_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \\ P_{2} &= \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta}{4} - \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} - \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} + \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta \cdot h_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \\ P_{3} &= \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta}{4} - \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} + \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} - \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta \cdot h_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \\ P_{4} &= \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta}{4} + \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} + \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} - \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta \cdot h_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \\ P_{17} &= P_{47} = \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta}{4} + \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta \cdot l_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \\ P_{27} &= P_{37} = \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta}{4} - \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta \cdot l_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \end{split}$ |
| Axial Slope                             |  | $\begin{split} P_{i} &= \frac{F \cdot cos\theta}{4} + \frac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} - \frac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{s}} + \frac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \\ P_{i} &= \frac{F \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \frac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} - \frac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{s}} - \frac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \\ P_{i} &= \frac{F \cdot cos\theta}{4} - \frac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} + \frac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{s}} - \frac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \\ P_{i} &= \frac{F \cdot cos\theta}{4} + \frac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} + \frac{F \cdot cos\theta \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{s}} + \frac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot h_{i}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \\ P_{i,T} &= P_{i,T} = + \frac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \\ P_{2T} &= P_{j,T} = - \frac{F \cdot sin\theta \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \end{split}$  |
| Use horizontally<br>with inertial force |  | When accelerating When decelerating $P_{i} = P_{4} = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{m \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \qquad P_{i} = P_{4} = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{m \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{i}}$ $P_{2} = P_{3} = \frac{mg}{4} + \frac{m \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \qquad P_{2} = P_{3} = \frac{mg}{4} - \frac{m \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{i}}$ $P_{i,\tau} = P_{2\tau} = P_{s,\tau} = P_{s\tau} = \frac{m \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{i}} \qquad P_{i,\tau} = P_{2\tau} = P_{s\tau} = P_{s\tau} = \frac{m \cdot a_{s} \cdot l_{s}}{2 \cdot l_{i}}$ At constant speed $P_{i} = P_{2} = P_{3} = P_{4} = \frac{mg}{4}$   |
| Use Vertically<br>with inertial force   | $V(m/s)$ $A_n = (\frac{V}{t_n})$ $P_{2T}$ | When accelerating $P_{i} = P_{2} = P_{3} = P_{4} = \frac{m \cdot (g + a_{i}) \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{i}}$ $P_{i,T} = P_{2,T} = P_{3,T} = P_{4,T} = \frac{m \cdot (g + a_{i}) \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{i}}$ When decelerating $P_{i} = P_{2} = P_{3} = P_{4} = \frac{m \cdot (g - a_{3}) \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{i}}$ $P_{i,T} = P_{2,T} = P_{3,T} = P_{4,T} = \frac{m \cdot (g - a_{3}) \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{i}}$ At constant speed $P_{i} = P_{2} = P_{3} = P_{4} = \frac{mg \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{i}}$ $P_{i,T} = P_{2,T} = P_{3,T} = P_{4,T} = \frac{mg \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{i}}$  |



## Calculation of equivalent load

A block can bear force as well as torque from all axial and radial directions. When multiple loads are applied, these loads can be combined as an equivalent axial and radial load for the calculation of nominal life or static safety factor.

Our linear guide can bear loads in four directions, up, down, left, and right. So when using linear slides, it may be subjected to vertical load (Ps) and lateral load (P₁) at the same time. When two or more linear guides are used, the equivalent load (P₂) can be converted according to the following formula.



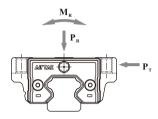
 $P_{\scriptscriptstyle E} = |P_{\scriptscriptstyle R}| + |P_{\scriptscriptstyle T}|$  $P_{\scriptscriptstyle E}$ : Equivalent load

(N)

 $P_{\scriptscriptstyle R}$ : Radial load (N)

 $P_{\tau}$ : Lateral load (N)

In the case of single linear guide, equivalent load must take torque into account, see following formula.



 $P_{\scriptscriptstyle E} = |P_{\scriptscriptstyle R}| + |P_{\scriptscriptstyle T}| + C_{\scriptscriptstyle \theta} \frac{|M|}{M_{\scriptscriptstyle R}}$   $P_{\scriptscriptstyle E}:$  Equivalent load

(N)

 $P_{\scriptscriptstyle R}$ : Radial load (N)

 $P_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$ : Lateral load (N)

Ca: Basic static load rating (N)

M: Calculated torque  $(N \cdot m)$  $M_{\scriptscriptstyle R}$ : Allowable static moment  $(N \cdot m)$ 

# Calculation of average load

The real-time acting load for a block during movement is always variable. One can derive average load for the use of rated life calculation based on different applications. Average load when rollers are steel ball is as follows:

$$P_{m} = e\sqrt{\frac{1}{L} \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{n} \left( P_{n}^{e} \cdot L_{n} \right)}$$

P...: Average load

(N)

P.: Variable load

(N)

L: Total Working Distance

(mm)

 $L_n$ : Moving distance when load  $P_n$  applied (mm)

e: Exponent (for steel ball: 3)

#### Average load calculation example

| Varying load type  | Average load calculation  |
|--|---|
| Interval Variable Load $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   | $P_{m} = e\sqrt{\frac{1}{L} \cdot \left(P_{i}^{e} \cdot L_{i} + P_{i}^{e} \cdot L_{z} + \dots + P_{n}^{e} \cdot L_{n}\right)}$ $P_{m} : \text{Average load} \qquad (N)$ $P_{s} : \text{Variable load} \qquad (N)$ $L : \text{Total Working Distance} \qquad (mm)$ $L_{n} : \text{Moving distance when load } P_{n} \text{ applied} \qquad (mm)$ $e : \text{Exponent (for steel ball: 3)}$ |
| Monotonic variable load $\begin{array}{c} P_{max} \\ \hline P_{min} \\ \hline \end{array}$ Total working distance(L) | $P_{m} \approx \frac{1}{3} \left( P_{min} + 2 \cdot P_{max} \right)$ $P_{m} : \text{Average load} \qquad (N)$ $P_{min} : \text{Minimum load} \qquad (N)$ $P_{max} : \text{Maximum load} \qquad (N)$   |

# AITTAL

# **Linear Guide Selection**

| Varying load type  | Average load calculation   |
|--|--|
| Sinusoidal variable load $P_{max}$ $P_{m}$ $P_{m}$ $Total working distance(L)$ | $P_{m}pprox 0.65 \cdot P_{max}$ $P_{m}$ : Average load (N) $P_{max}$ : Maximum load (N)    |
| P <sub>max</sub> P <sub>m</sub> Total working distance(L)                      | $P_{m} \approx 0.75 \cdot P_{max}$ $P_{m}$ : Average load (N) $P_{max}$ : Maximum load (N) |

# Calculation example

# Conditions of Use

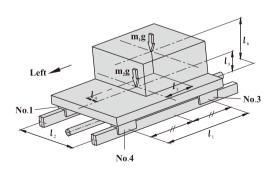
Model:  $LSH30HL2X2520S20BP-M6(2\ pcs)$  Basic dynamic load rating:  $C=45.7\ KN$  Basic static load rating:  $C_o=73.1\ KN$  Mass  $m_i=700kg$   $m_j=450kg$ 

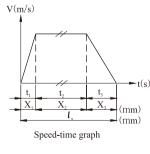
Mass  $m_i = 700kg$  Speed V = 0.75m/s

Time  $t_1 = 0.05s$   $t_2 = 1.9s$   $t_3 = 0.15s$ Acceleration  $a_1 = 15m/s^2$   $a_3 = 5m/s^2$ 

Travel Distance  $l_s = 1500 mm$ 

Distance  $l_1 = 650 \text{mm}$   $l_2 = 450 \text{mm}$   $l_3 = 135 \text{mm}$   $l_4 = 60 \text{mm}$   $l_5 = 175 \text{mm}$   $l_6 = 400 \text{mm}$ 





#### Load calculation of each block

At constant speed, the radial load  $P_n$ 

$$\begin{split} P_{i} &= \frac{m_{i}g}{4} - \frac{m_{i}g \cdot l_{i}}{2l_{i}} + \frac{m_{i}g \cdot l_{i}}{2l_{2}} + \frac{m_{2}g}{4} = 2562N \\ P_{2} &= \frac{m_{i}g}{4} + \frac{m_{i}g \cdot l_{i}}{2l_{i}} + \frac{m_{i}g \cdot l_{i}}{2l_{2}} + \frac{m_{2}g}{4} = 3987N \\ P_{i} &= \frac{m_{i}g}{4} + \frac{m_{i}g \cdot l_{i}}{2l_{i}} - \frac{m_{i}g \cdot l_{i}}{2l_{2}} + \frac{m_{2}g}{4} = 3073N \\ P_{i} &= \frac{m_{i}g}{4} - \frac{m_{i}g \cdot l_{i}}{2l_{i}} - \frac{m_{i}g \cdot l_{i}}{2l_{2}} + \frac{m_{2}g}{4} = 1648N \end{split}$$

Acceleration is toward left, the radial load  $P_n la_n$ 

$$\begin{split} P_{i}la_{i} &= P_{i} - \frac{m_{i} \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{a}}{2l_{i}} - \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{s}}{2l_{i}} = -1577N \\ P_{2}la_{i} &= P_{2} + \frac{m_{i} \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{a}}{2l_{i}} + \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{s}}{2l_{i}} = 8127N \\ P_{3}la_{i} &= P_{3} + \frac{m_{i} \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{a}}{2l_{i}} + \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{s}}{2l_{i}} = 7212N \\ P_{4}la_{i} &= P_{4} - \frac{m_{i} \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{a}}{2l_{i}} - \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{s}}{2l_{i}} = -2492N \end{split}$$

Lateral load Pt,la,

$$\begin{split} Pt_{l}la_{l} &= -\frac{m_{l}\cdot a_{l}\cdot l_{s}}{2l_{l}} = -485N \\ Pt_{l}la_{l} &= \frac{m_{l}\cdot a_{l}\cdot l_{s}}{2l_{l}} = 485N \\ Pt_{l}la_{l} &= \frac{m_{l}\cdot a_{l}\cdot l_{s}}{2l_{l}} = 485N \\ Pt_{s}la_{l} &= -\frac{m_{l}\cdot a_{l}\cdot l_{s}}{2l_{l}} = -485N \\ Pt_{s}la_{l} &= -\frac{m_{l}\cdot a_{l}\cdot l_{s}}{2l_{l}} = -485N \end{split}$$



#### Conditions of Use

Model: LSH30HL2X2520S20BP-M6(2 pcs) Basic dynamic load rating : C=45.7 KNBasic static load rating :  $C_0 = 73.1 \text{ KN}$ 

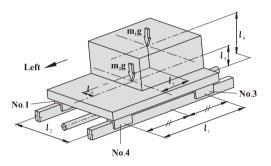
Mass  $m_1 = 700 kg$ m=450kg

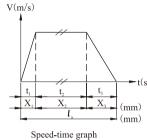
Speed V = 0.75 m/s

Time  $t_1 = 0.05s$  $t_1 = 1.9s$   $t_2 = 0.15s$ Acceleration  $a_1 = 15 m/s^2$  $a_3 = 5m/s^2$ 

Travel Distance  $l_s=1500mm$ 

Distance  $l_1 = 650 \text{mm}$   $l_2 = 450 \text{mm}$   $l_3 = 135 \text{mm}$   $l_4 = 60 \text{mm}$   $l_5 = 175 \text{mm}$ L=400mm





#### Load calculation of each block

Deceleration is toward left, the radial load  $P_n la_n$ 

$$P_1 l a_3 = P_1 + \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_2} = 3942N$$

$$P_2 la_3 = P_2 - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} - \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 2607N$$

$$P_3 l a_3 = P_3 - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} - \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 1693N$$

$$P_4 la_3 = P_4 + \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_2} = 3028N$$

Lateral load Pt,la3

$$Pt_{l}la_{3} = \frac{m_{l} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{4}}{2l_{l}} = 162N$$

$$Pt_2la_3 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -162N$$

$$Pt_3la_3 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l} = -162N$$

$$Pt_{3}la_{3} = -\frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{4}}{2l_{1}} = -162N$$

$$Pt_{4}la_{3} = \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{4}}{2l_{1}} = 162N$$

Acceleration is toward right, the radial load  $P_n ra_1$ 

$$P_{1}ra_{1}=P_{1}+\frac{m_{1}\cdot a_{1}\cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}}+\frac{m_{2}\cdot a_{1}\cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}=6702N$$

$$P_2 r a_1 = P_2 - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} - \frac{m_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = -152N$$

$$P_3 r a_1 = P_3 - \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} - \frac{m_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = -1067N$$

$$P_4 r a_1 = P_4 + \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \frac{m_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_5}{2l_2} = 5787N$$

Lateral load Pt,ra,

$$Pt_{i}ra_{i} = \frac{m_{i} \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{4}}{2l_{i}} = 485N$$

$$Pt_2ra_1 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -485N$$

$$Pt_3ra_1 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l} = -485N$$

$$Pt_{3}ra_{i} = -\frac{m_{i} \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{4}}{2l_{i}} = -485N$$

$$Pt_{4}ra_{i} = \frac{m_{i} \cdot a_{i} \cdot l_{4}}{2l_{i}} = 485N$$

Deceleration is toward right, the radial load  $P_n ra_3$ 

$$P_{1}ra_{3}=P_{1}-\frac{m_{1}\cdot a_{3}\cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}}-\frac{m_{2}\cdot a_{3}\cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}=1183N$$

$$P_2 r a_3 = P_2 + \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_1} = 5367N$$

$$P_3 r a_3 = P_3 + \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_6}{2l_1} + \frac{m_2 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_5}{2l_2} = 4452N$$

$$P_{j}ra_{j}=P_{j}+\frac{m_{l}a_{j}\cdot l_{b}}{2l_{l}}+\frac{m_{2}a_{j}\cdot l_{s}}{2l_{l}}=4452N$$

$$P_{s}ra_{j}=P_{s}-\frac{m_{l}a_{s}\cdot l_{b}}{2l_{l}}-\frac{m_{2}a_{j}\cdot l_{s}}{2l_{l}}=268N$$

Lateral load Pt,ra,

$$Pt_{i}ra_{3} = -\frac{m_{i} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{4}}{2l_{i}} = -162N$$

$$Pt_2ra_3 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 162N$$

$$Pt_3 ra_3 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 162N$$

$$Pt_4 ra_3 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -162N$$

#### **Equivalent load calculation**

At constant speed

$$P_{EI} = P_I = 2562N$$

$$P_{E2} = P_2 = 3987N$$

$$P_{E3} = P_3 = 3073N$$

$$P_{Ed} = P_d = 1648N$$

When acceleration is toward left

$$P_{\scriptscriptstyle E_I} la_{\scriptscriptstyle I} = |P_{\scriptscriptstyle I} la_{\scriptscriptstyle I}| + |Pt_{\scriptscriptstyle I} la_{\scriptscriptstyle I}| = 2062N$$

$$P_{E2}la_1 = |P_2la_1| + |Pt_2la_1| = 8611N$$

$$P_{E3}la_1 = |P_3la_1| + |Pt_3la_1| = 7697N$$

$$P_{E_4}la_1 = |P_4la_1| + |Pt_4la_1| = 2976N$$



#### **Conditions of Use**

 $\label{eq:model:LSH30HL2X2520S20BP-M6(2 pcs)} \mbox{Basic dynamic load rating}: C=45.7 \ KN \\ \mbox{Basic static load rating}: C_{\theta}=73.1 \ KN \\ \mbox{Model}$ 

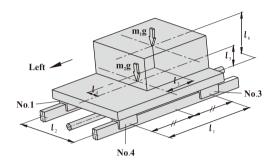
 $Mass m_1 = 700kg m_2 = 450kg$ 

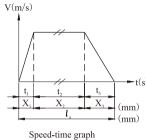
Speed V=0.75m/s

Time  $t_1 = 0.05s$   $t_2 = 1.9s$   $t_3 = 0.15s$ Acceleration  $a_1 = 15m/s^2$   $a_3 = 5m/s^2$ 

Travel Distance L=1500mm

Distance l = 650 mm l = 450 mm l = 135 mm l = 60 mm l = 175 mm l = 400 mm





#### Equivalent load calculation

When deceleration is toward left

$$P_{E_1} la_3 = |P_1 la_3| + |P_1 la_3| = 4104N$$

$$P_{F}, |a_{3}| = |P, |a_{3}| + |Pt, |a_{3}| = 2769N$$

$$P_{E_3}la_3 = |P_3la_3| + |Pt_3la_3| = 1854N$$

$$P_{E_4}la_3 = |P_4la_3| + |Pt_4la_3| = 3189N$$

When acceleration is toward right

$$P_{E_i} r a_i = |P_i r a_i| + |P t_i r a_i| = 7186N$$

$$P_{E2}ra_1 = |P_2ra_1| + |Pt_2ra_1| = 637N$$

$$P_{E_3}ra_1 = |P_3ra_1| + |Pt_3ra_2| = 1551N$$

$$P_{Ed}ra_I = |P_dra_I| + |Pt_dra_I| = 6272N$$

When deceleration is toward right

$$P_{E_1}ra_3 = |P_1ra_3| + |Pt_1ra_3| = 1344N$$

$$P_{F}, ra_{3} = |P_{3}, ra_{3}| + |Pt_{3}, ra_{3}| = 5529N$$

$$P_{E3}ra_3 = |P_3ra_3| + |Pt_3ra_3| = 4614N$$

$$P_{E_4} r a_3 = |P_4 r a_3| + |P_4 r a_3| = 430N$$

#### Calculation of static safety factor

We now know that the maximum equivalent load occurs on No.2 slider. Therefore, one can calculate static safety factor based on it in following formula

$$f_s = \frac{C_0}{P_{E,2}la_1} = \frac{73.1 \times 10^3}{8611} = 8.49$$

# Calculation of the average load of each slider $P_{mn}$

$$P_{mi} = 3\sqrt{-(P_{Ei}la_{i}^{3}X_{i} + P_{Ei}^{3}X_{2} + P_{Ei}la_{j}^{3}X_{3} + P_{Ei}ra_{j}^{3}X_{1} + P_{Ei}^{3}X_{2} + P_{Ei}ra_{j}^{3}X_{3})} - \frac{1}{2l_{i}}$$

=2701N

$$P_{m2} = 3\sqrt{\frac{(P_{E2}la_1^3X_1 + P_{E2}^3X_2 + P_{E2}la_3^3X_3 + P_{E2}ra_1^3X_1 + P_{E2}^3X_2 + P_{E2}ra_3^3X_3)}{2l_s}}$$

=4077N

$$P_{m3} = 3\sqrt{\frac{(P_{E3}la_{i}^{3}X_{i} + P_{E3}^{3}X_{2} + P_{E3}la_{j}^{3}X_{3} + P_{E3}ra_{i}^{3}X_{i} + P_{E3}^{3}X_{2} + P_{E3}ra_{j}^{3}X_{3})}{2l_{i}}}$$

=3188N

$$P_{md} = 3 \sqrt{ \frac{(P_{Ed} la_1^3 X_1 + P_{Ed}^3 X_2 + P_{Ed} la_3^3 X_3 + P_{Ed} ra_1^3 X_1 + P_{Ed}^3 X_2 + P_{Ed} ra_3^3 X_3)}{2l_s}}$$

=1873N

#### Calculation of rated life $L_n$

Assuming  $f_w$ =1.5 and according to rated life formula, the rated life can be calculated as follows:

$$L_i = \left(\frac{C}{f.P.L.}\right)^3 \times 50 = 71758Km$$
  $L_3 = \left(\frac{C}{f.P.L.}\right)^3 \times 50 = 43641Km$ 

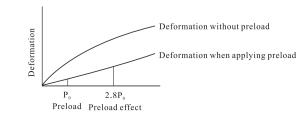
$$L_{2} = \left(\frac{C}{f_{w}P_{m2}}\right)^{3} \times 50 = 20865Km \qquad L_{4} = \left(\frac{C}{f_{w}P_{m4}}\right)^{3} \times 50 = 215195Km$$

# Calculation conclusion

Choose the minimum from four sliders to represent rated life, which is 20865 Km on No.2 slider

#### Preload and rigidity

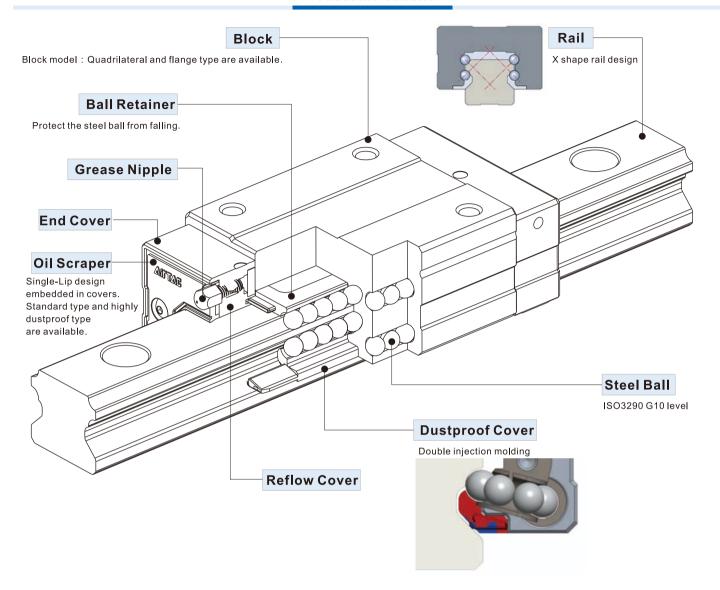
Preload spec can be applied to enhance rigidity. As the graph shows on the right, the effectiveness of preload can maintain until external load reaches 2.8 times of preload strength. In other words, rigidity increases 2.8 times. Preload is applied by choosing bigger diameter of rollers to increase interference between rollers and groove and raise initial loads. Therefore when calculating rated life, preload should be put into consideration.





# **LSH Series Standard Type Linear Guide**

#### **Product Introduction**



#### **Product Features**

# 1. With self-adjustment ability

X-shaped (45°-45°) of curved groove on cross section design makes it self-aligning. Even small misalignment exists on the mounting surface, this design can help absorb it and maintain high precision, smooth and stable linear motion.

## ${\bf 2.\,High\,rigidity,\,equal\,load\,on\,four\,direction\,design}$

The 45-degree contact angle design of the four rows of steel balls and the raceway allow the steel balls to achieve the ideal two-point contact, and can withstand the action and reaction force from the radial and lateral direction. Meanwhile, pre-load can be applied to increase extra rigidity if necessary.

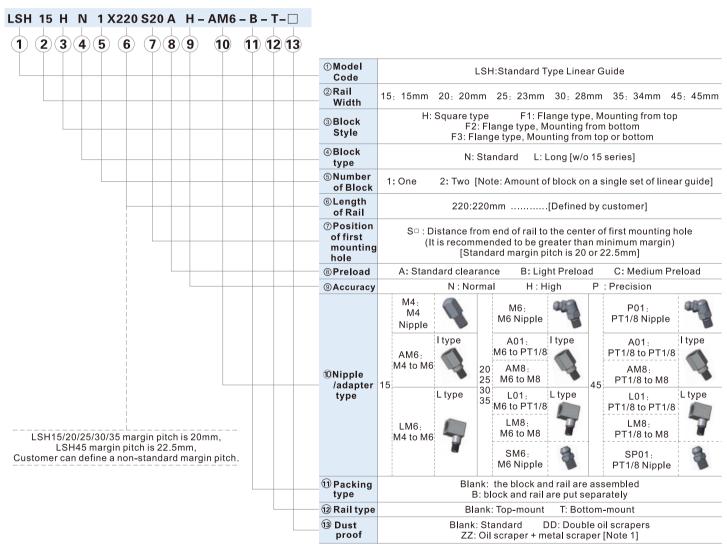
#### 3. Interchangeable

Because of the strict control on manufacturing process, the dimensional accuracy is stable and within the set tolerance. Besides the ball retainer design can prevent steel balls from falling out. Therefore when assembling, blocks are interchangeable within the same spec and still maintain consistency of pre-load and accuracy.





# Order Information(Combined)

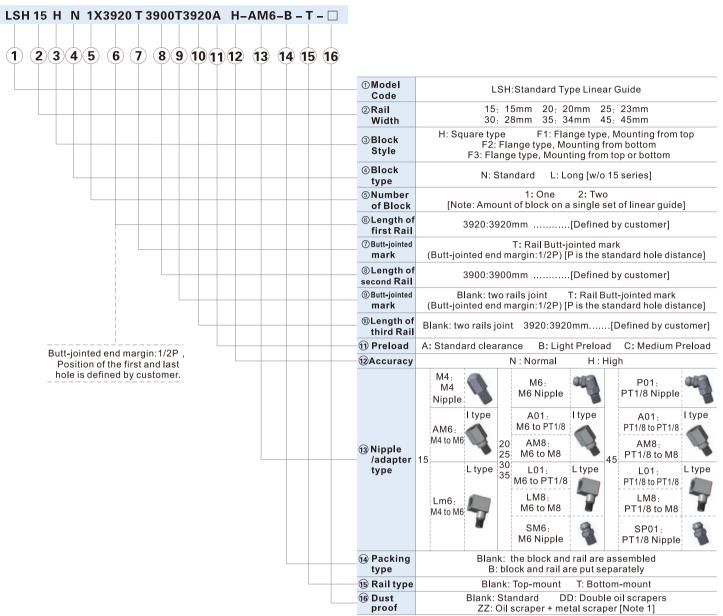


[Note 1] Refer to P25 for highly dust proof type.





# **Butt-jointed Order Information**

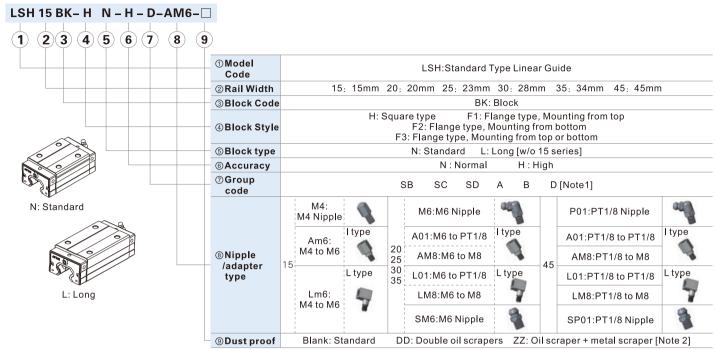


[Note 1] Refer to P25 for highly dust proof type.

Add: Number of joints cannot be more than 2 times(three rails at most). For LSH15/20/25, maximum length of jointed rail is 11800mm. For LSH30/35, it's 11880. For LSH45, it's 11805. Customization is needed for joint times more than standard.



#### 1. Block Order Information

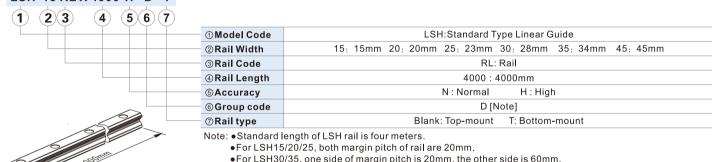


[Note1]: When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the uints preload. details see"preload pairing chart".

[Note 2] Refer to P25 for highly dust proof type.

# 2. Rail(4m) Order Information

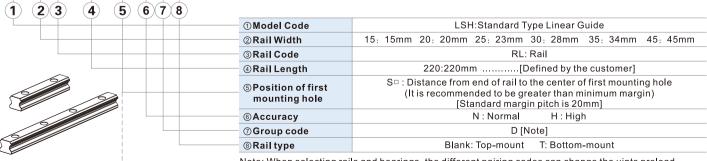




- •For LSH30/35, one side of margin pitch is 20mm, the other side is 60mm.
- For LSH45, one side of margin pitch is 22.5mm, the other side is 92.5mm.
- When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the uints preload. details see "preload pairing chart".

#### 3. Rail Order Information

#### LSH 15 RL X 220-S20 -H- D- T



LSH15/20/25/30/35 margin pitch is 20mm, LSH45 margin pitch is 22.5mm, Customer can define a non-standard margin pitch.

Note: When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the uints preload. details see "preload pairing chart".





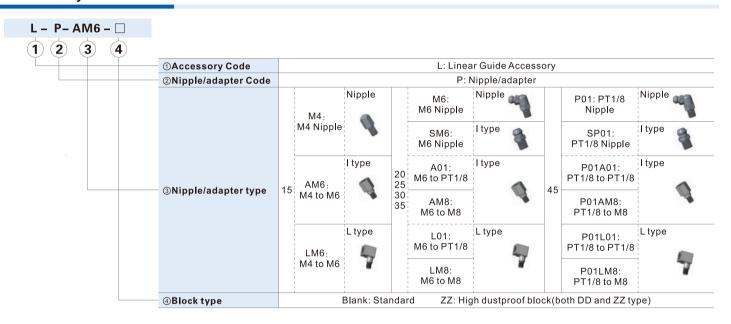
#### I SH Series

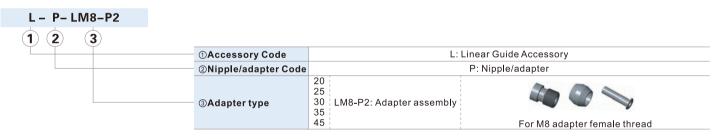
## 4. Rail/Block preload pairing chart

When customer orders rail/block, please choose the pairing code of rail/block in accordance with the needed preload of linear guide(combined). Details please refer to the "preload pairing chart".

| Mod | del | Rail<br>pairing<br>code | Block<br>pairing<br>code | Preload grade      | Model | Rail<br>pairing<br>code | Block<br>pairing<br>code | Preload grade      | Model          | Rail<br>pairing<br>code | Block<br>pairing<br>code | Preload grade      |
|-----|-----|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| LSH | 115 |                         | D                        | Standard clearance |       |                         | D                        | Standard clearance | 1 01105        |                         | D                        | Standard clearance |
| LSH | 120 | D                       | В                        | Light preload      | LSH30 | D                       | В                        | Light preload      | LSH35<br>LSH45 |                         | Α                        | Light preload      |
| LSH | 125 |                         | SB                       | Medium preload     |       |                         | SC                       | Medium preload     | L31143         |                         | SD                       | Medium preload     |

# **Accessory Order Code**

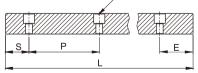




# **Rail Specification**

The edge pitch of first mounting hole (S) and last mounting hole (E) should not be greater than 1/2P. Overlong edge may induce unstable installation and affect the accuracy.

n: Numbers of mounting holes



L=(n-1)×P+S+E

P: Distance between bolt holes(mm)

L: Total length of rail(mm)

S: Edge of first mounting hole(mm)

| Model                                    | LSH15 | LSH20 | LSH25 | LSH30 | LSH35 | LSH45 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Pitch(P)                                 | 60    | 60    | 60    | 80    | 80    | 105   |
| Standard Edge Pitch(S)                   | 20    | 20    | 20    | 20    | 20    | 22.5  |
| Min. Edge Pitch(S/E min)                 | 5     | 6     | 7     | 8     | 8     | 11    |
| Max. Edge Pitch(S/E max)                 | 55    | 54    | 53    | 72    | 72    | 94    |
| Maximum length of rail for standard edge | 4000  | 4000  | 4000  | 3960  | 3960  | 3930  |
| Maximum length(Lmax)                     | 4000  | 4000  | 4000  | 4000  | 4000  | 4000  |

#### Note:

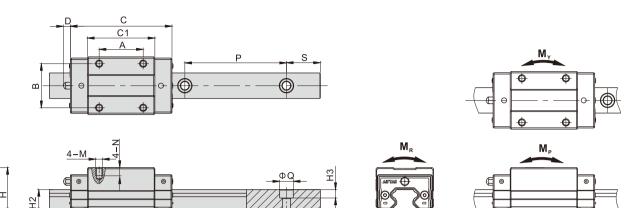
- Joint rail must be chosen if length of rail exceeds the maximum.
- When deciding edge pitch, it should be within the range of above table.
  There would be risk of broken hole if pitch is out of range.
- Maximum length of rail for standard' means the maximum length of rail can be chosen when both sides of edge pitches are standard.

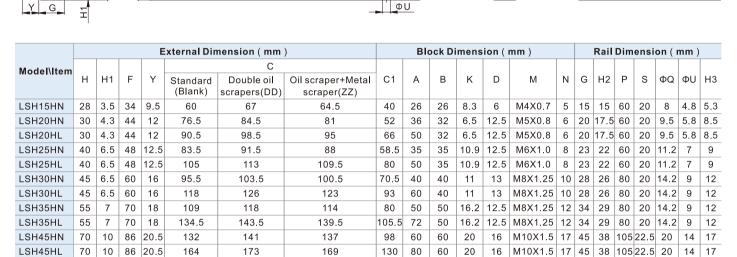




## **Specifications and Dimensions**

#### Square type

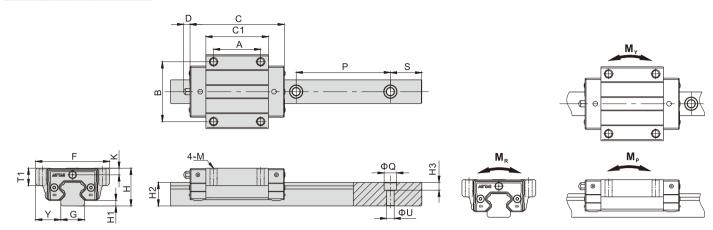




| Model\Item | Mounting | Dynamic Load Rating(kN) | Static Load Rating(kN) | Static Ra      | ated Momer     | nt (kN.m)      | We        | ight       |
|------------|----------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|------------|
| Model/Item | Screw    | С                       | C <sub>0</sub>         | M <sub>R</sub> | M <sub>P</sub> | M <sub>Y</sub> | Block(kg) | Rail(kg/m) |
| LSH15HN    | M4       | 11.3                    | 17.9                   | 0.12           | 0.12           | 0.12           | 0.2       | 1.43       |
| LSH20HN    | M5       | 18.6                    | 28.6                   | 0.27           | 0.25           | 0.25           | 0.33      | 2.23       |
| LSH20HL    | M5       | 22.2                    | 37.6                   | 0.35           | 0.34           | 0.34           | 0.41      | 2.23       |
| LSH25HN    | M6       | 26.9                    | 39.4                   | 0.44           | 0.38           | 0.38           | 0.53      | 3.32       |
| LSH25HL    | M6       | 32.9                    | 53.0                   | 0.58           | 0.57           | 0.57           | 0.7       | 3.32       |
| LSH30HN    | M8       | 37.4                    | 55.0                   | 0.66           | 0.67           | 0.67           | 0.91      | 4.5        |
| LSH30HL    | М8       | 45.7                    | 73.1                   | 0.88           | 0.91           | 0.91           | 1.17      | 4.5        |
| LSH35HN    | M8       | 50.8                    | 72.3                   | 1.05           | 0.92           | 0.92           | 1.26      | 6.37       |
| LSH35HL    | М8       | 61.9                    | 96.1                   | 1.52           | 1.45           | 1.45           | 1.68      | 6.37       |
| LSH45HN    | M12      | 80.7                    | 110.3                  | 1.95           | 1.62           | 1.62           | 2.72      | 10.7       |
| LSH45HL    | M12      | 98.5                    | 146.9                  | 2.59           | 2.92           | 2.92           | 3.60      | 10.7       |



# Flange type, Top-Mount



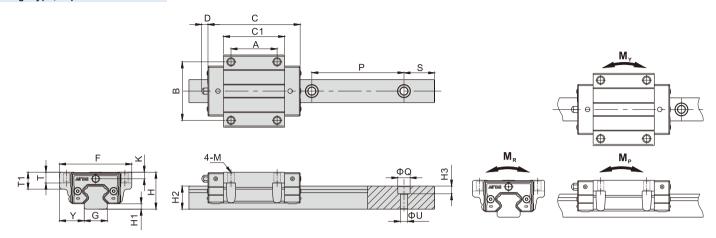
|              | External Dimension ( mm ) |     |     |      |                     | Block Dimension ( mm )  |                               |       |    |     |     |      | Rail Dimension ( mm ) |    |    |      |     |      |      |     |     |
|--------------|---------------------------|-----|-----|------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|----|-----|-----|------|-----------------------|----|----|------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|
| Model\Item   |                           |     |     |      |                     | С                       |                               |       |    |     |     |      |                       |    |    |      |     |      |      |     |     |
| model(itell) | Н                         | H1  | F   | Y    | Standard<br>(Blank) | Double oil scrapers(DD) | Oil scraper+Metal scraper(ZZ) | C1    | Α  | В   | K   | D    | М                     | T1 | G  | H2   | Р   | S    | ΦQ   | ΦИ  | Н3  |
| LSH15F1N     | 24                        | 3.5 | 47  | 16   | 60                  | 67                      | 64.5                          | 40    | 30 | 38  | 4.3 | 6    | M5X0.8                | 11 | 15 | 15   | 60  | 20   | 8    | 4.8 | 5.3 |
| LSH20F1N     | 30                        | 4.3 | 63  | 21.5 | 76.5                | 84.5                    | 81                            | 52    | 40 | 53  | 6.5 | 12.5 | M6X1.0                | 10 | 20 | 17.5 | 60  | 20   | 9.5  | 5.8 | 8.5 |
| LSH20F1L     | 30                        | 4.3 | 63  | 21.5 | 90.5                | 98.5                    | 95                            | 66    | 40 | 53  | 6.5 | 12.5 | M6X1.0                | 10 | 20 | 17.5 | 60  | 20   | 9.5  | 5.8 | 8.5 |
| LSH25F1N     | 36                        | 6.5 | 70  | 23.5 | 83.5                | 91.5                    | 88                            | 58.5  | 45 | 57  | 6.9 | 12.5 | M8X1.25               | 16 | 23 | 22   | 60  | 20   | 11.2 | 7   | 9   |
| LSH25F1L     | 36                        | 6.5 | 70  | 23.5 | 105                 | 113                     | 109.5                         | 80    | 45 | 57  | 6.9 | 12.5 | M8X1.25               | 16 | 23 | 22   | 60  | 20   | 11.2 | 7   | 9   |
| LSH30F1N     | 42                        | 6.5 | 90  | 31   | 95.5                | 103.5                   | 100.5                         | 70.5  | 52 | 72  | 8   | 13   | M10X1.5               | 18 | 28 | 26   | 80  | 20   | 14.2 | 9   | 12  |
| LSH30F1L     | 42                        | 6.5 | 90  | 31   | 118                 | 126                     | 123                           | 93    | 52 | 72  | 8   | 13   | M10X1.5               | 18 | 28 | 26   | 80  | 20   | 14.2 | 9   | 12  |
| LSH35F1N     | 48                        | 7   | 100 | 33   | 109                 | 118                     | 114                           | 80    | 62 | 82  | 9.2 | 12.5 | M10X1.5               | 21 | 34 | 29   | 80  | 20   | 14.2 | 9   | 12  |
| LSH35F1L     | 48                        | 7   | 100 | 33   | 134.5               | 143.5                   | 139.5                         | 105.5 | 62 | 82  | 9.2 | 12.5 | M10X1.5               | 21 | 34 | 29   | 80  | 20   | 14.2 | 9   | 12  |
| LSH45F1N     | 60                        | 10  | 120 | 37.5 | 132                 | 141                     | 137                           | 98    | 80 | 100 | 10  | 16   | M12X1.75              | 22 | 45 | 38   | 105 | 22.5 | 20   | 14  | 17  |
| LSH45F1L     | 60                        | 10  | 120 | 37.5 | 164                 | 173                     | 169                           | 130   | 80 | 100 | 10  | 16   | M12X1.75              | 22 | 45 | 38   | 105 | 22.5 | 20   | 14  | 17  |

| Model\Item | Mounting | Dynamic Load Rating(kN) | Static Load Rating(kN) | Static R                   | ated Momen     | Weight                     |           |            |
|------------|----------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Model/Item | Screw    | С                       | C <sub>o</sub>         | $M_{\scriptscriptstyle R}$ | M <sub>P</sub> | $M_{\scriptscriptstyle Y}$ | Block(kg) | Rail(kg/m) |
| LSH15F1N   | M4       | 11.3                    | 17.9                   | 0.12                       | 0.12           | 0.12                       | 0.2       | 1.43       |
| LSH20F1N   | M5       | 18.6                    | 28.6                   | 0.27                       | 0.25           | 0.25                       | 0.40      | 2.23       |
| LSH20F1L   | M5       | 22.2                    | 37.6                   | 0.35                       | 0.34           | 0.34                       | 0.8       | 2.23       |
| LSH25F1N   | M6       | 26.9                    | 39.4                   | 0.44                       | 0.38           | 0.38                       | 0.59      | 3.32       |
| LSH25F1L   | M6       | 32.9                    | 53.0                   | 0.58                       | 0.57           | 0.57                       | 0.85      | 3.32       |
| LSH30F1N   | M8       | 37.4                    | 55.0                   | 0.66                       | 0.67           | 0.67                       | 1.09      | 4.5        |
| LSH30F1L   | M8       | 45.7                    | 73.1                   | 0.88                       | 0.91           | 0.91                       | 1.38      | 4.5        |
| LSH35F1N   | M8       | 50.8                    | 72.3                   | 1.05                       | 0.92           | 0.92                       | 1.32      | 6.37       |
| LSH35F1L   | M8       | 61.9                    | 96.1                   | 1.52                       | 1.45           | 1.45                       | 1.8       | 6.37       |
| LSH45F1N   | M12      | 80.7                    | 110.3                  | 1.95                       | 1.62           | 1.62                       | 2.77      | 10.7       |
| LSH45F1L   | M12      | 98.5                    | 146.9                  | 2.59                       | 2.92           | 2.92                       | 3.67      | 10.7       |



Flange type, Bottom-Mount

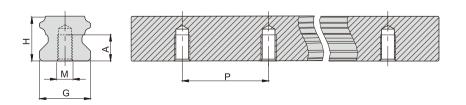
Flange type, Top or Bottom-Mount



|              | External Dimension(mm) |     |     | )    | Block Dimension(mm) |                            |                                  |       |    |     |     | Rail Dimension(mm) |                  |                         |     |    |    |      |     |      |      |     |     |
|--------------|------------------------|-----|-----|------|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|----|-----|-----|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----|----|----|------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|
| Model\Item   |                        |     |     |      |                     | С                          |                                  |       |    |     |     |                    |                  | М                       |     |    |    |      |     |      |      |     |     |
| Moderntein   | Н                      | H1  | F   | Υ    | Standard<br>(Blank) | Double oil<br>scrapers(DD) | Oil scraper+Metal<br>scraper(ZZ) | C1    | Α  | В   | K   | D                  | Bottom<br>-Mount | Top or Bottom<br>-Mount | Т   | T1 | G  | H2   | Р   | S    | ФQ   | ΦU  | Н3  |
| LSH15F2(F3)N | 24                     | 3.5 | 47  | 16   | 60                  | 67                         | 64.5                             | 40    | 30 | 38  | 4.3 | 6                  | Ф4.5             | M5X0.8                  | 7   | 11 | 15 | 15   | 60  | 20   | 8    | 4.8 | 5.3 |
| LSH20F2(F3)N | 30                     | 4.3 | 63  | 21.5 | 76.5                | 84.5                       | 81                               | 52    | 40 | 53  | 6.5 | 12.5               | Ф5.7             | M6X1.0                  | 9.5 | 10 | 20 | 17.5 | 60  | 20   | 9.5  | 5.8 | 8.5 |
| LSH20F2(F3)L | 30                     | 4.3 | 63  | 21.5 | 90.5                | 98.5                       | 95                               | 66    | 40 | 53  | 6.5 | 12.5               | Ф5.7             | M6X1.0                  | 9.5 | 10 | 20 | 17.5 | 60  | 20   | 9.5  | 5.8 | 8.5 |
| LSH25F2(F3)N | 36                     | 6.5 | 70  | 23.5 | 83.5                | 91.5                       | 88                               | 58.5  | 45 | 57  | 6.9 | 12.5               | Ф6.8             | M8X1.25                 | 10  | 16 | 23 | 22   | 60  | 20   | 11.2 | 7   | 9   |
| LSH25F2(F3)L | 36                     | 6.5 | 70  | 23.5 | 105                 | 113                        | 109.5                            | 80    | 45 | 57  | 6.9 | 12.5               | Ф6.8             | M8X1.25                 | 10  | 16 | 23 | 22   | 60  | 20   | 11.2 | 7   | 9   |
| LSH30F2(F3)N | 42                     | 6.5 | 90  | 31   | 95.5                | 103.5                      | 100.5                            | 70.5  | 52 | 72  | 8   | 13                 | Ф9               | M10X1.5                 | 10  | 18 | 28 | 26   | 80  | 20   | 14.2 | 9   | 12  |
| LSH30F2(F3)L | 42                     | 6.5 | 90  | 31   | 118                 | 126                        | 123                              | 93    | 52 | 72  | 8   | 13                 | Ф9               | M10X1.5                 | 10  | 18 | 28 | 26   | 80  | 20   | 14.2 | 9   | 12  |
| LSH35F2(F3)N | 48                     | 7   | 100 | 33   | 109                 | 118                        | 114                              | 80    | 62 | 82  | 9.2 | 12.5               | Ф9               | M10X1.5                 | 13  | 21 | 34 | 29   | 80  | 20   | 14.2 | 9   | 12  |
| LSH35F2(F3)L | 48                     | 7   | 100 | 33   | 134.5               | 143.5                      | 139.5                            | 105.5 | 62 | 82  | 9.2 | 12.5               | Ф9               | M10X1.5                 | 13  | 21 | 34 | 29   | 80  | 20   | 14.2 | 9   | 12  |
| LSH45F2(F3)N | 60                     | 10  | 120 | 37.5 | 132                 | 141                        | 137                              | 98    | 80 | 100 | 10  | 16                 | Ф11              | M12X1.75                | 15  | 22 | 45 | 38   | 105 | 22.5 | 20   | 14  | 17  |
| LSH45F2(F3)L | 60                     | 10  | 120 | 37.5 | 164                 | 173                        | 169                              | 130   | 80 | 100 | 10  | 16                 | Ф11              | M12X1.75                | 15  | 22 | 45 | 38   | 105 | 22.5 | 20   | 14  | 17  |

| Model\Item   | Mounting | Dynamic Load Rating(kN) | Static Load Rating(kN) | Static Ra      | ited Momei     | nt (kN.m)      | We        | ight       |
|--------------|----------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|------------|
| Model/Item   | Screw    | С                       | C <sub>o</sub>         | M <sub>R</sub> | M <sub>P</sub> | M <sub>Y</sub> | Block(kg) | Rail(kg/m) |
| LSH15F2(F3)N | M4       | 11.3                    | 17.9                   | 0.12           | 0.12           | 0.12           | 0.2       | 1.43       |
| LSH20F2(F3)N | M5       | 18.6                    | 28.6                   | 0.27           | 0.25           | 0.25           | 0.40      | 2.23       |
| LSH20F2(F3)L | M5       | 22.2                    | 37.6                   | 0.35           | 0.34           | 0.34           | 0.8       | 2.23       |
| LSH25F2(F3)N | M6       | 26.9                    | 39.4                   | 0.44           | 0.38           | 0.38           | 0.59      | 3.32       |
| LSH25F2(F3)L | M6       | 32.9                    | 53.0                   | 0.58           | 0.57           | 0.57           | 0.85      | 3.32       |
| LSH30F2(F3)N | M8       | 37.4                    | 55.0                   | 0.66           | 0.67           | 0.67           | 1.09      | 4.5        |
| LSH30F2(F3)L | M8       | 45.7                    | 73.1                   | 0.88           | 0.91           | 0.91           | 1.38      | 4.5        |
| LSH35F2(F3)N | M8       | 50.8                    | 72.3                   | 1.05           | 0.92           | 0.92           | 1.32      | 6.37       |
| LSH35F2(F3)L | M8       | 61.9                    | 96.1                   | 1.52           | 1.45           | 1.45           | 1.8       | 6.37       |
| LSH45F2(F3)N | M12      | 80.7                    | 110.3                  | 1.95           | 1.62           | 1.62           | 2.77      | 10.7       |
| LSH45F2(F3)L | M12      | 98.5                    | 146.9                  | 2.59           | 2.92           | 2.92           | 3.67      | 10.7       |

# Dimension of bottom-mount type rail



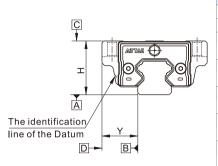
| Model\Item | G  | Н    | М        | Α  | Р   |
|------------|----|------|----------|----|-----|
| LSH15T     | 15 | 15   | M5X0.8   | 8  | 60  |
| LSH20T     | 20 | 17.5 | M6X1.0   | 10 | 60  |
| LSH25T     | 23 | 22   | M6X1.0   | 12 | 60  |
| LSH30T     | 28 | 26   | M8X1.25  | 15 | 80  |
| LSH35T     | 34 | 29   | M8X1.25  | 17 | 80  |
| LSH45T     | 45 | 38   | M12X1.75 | 24 | 105 |





## **Accuracy**

LSH standard type linear guide comes with 3 accuracy levels.



|  |       | Accuracy                                  | Standa | rds   | (mm      | )     |        |             |        |
|--|-------|---|--------|-------|----------|-------|--------|-------------|--------|
| Accuracy                                       |       | N : Normal                                |        |       | H: High  |       | F      | P:Precision | 1      |
| Model  | 15/20 | 25/30/35                                  | 45     | 15/20 | 25/30/35 | 45    | 15/20  | 25/30/35    | 45     |
| Tolerance of height H                          |       | ±0.1                                      |        | ±0.03 | ±0.04    | ±0.05 | ±0.015 | ±0.02       | ±0.025 |
| Variation of height ΔH                         | 0.02  | 0.025                                     | 0.03   | 0.01  | 0.01     | 15    | 0.006  | 0.00        | 07     |
| Tolerance of width Y                           |       | ±0.1                                      |        | ±0.03 | ±0.04    | ±0.05 | ±0.015 | ±0.02       | ±0.025 |
| Variation of width ΔY                          | 0.02  | 0.03                                      | 3      | 0.01  | 0.015    | 0.02  | 0.006  | 0.007       | 0.01   |
| Parallelism of C-surface relative to A-surface |       | Parallelism of raceway (Refer to Table 1) |        |       |          |       |        |             |        |
| Parallelism of D-surface relative to B-surface |       | Parallelism of raceway (Refer to Table 1) |        |       |          |       |        |             |        |

Table 1 : Parallelism of the raceway

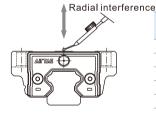
| Rail Length<br>Accuracy | n( <b>mm</b> ) | 100<br>under | 100~200 | 200~300 | 300~500 | 500~700 | 700~900 | 900~1100 | 1100~1500 | 1500~1900 | 1900~2500 | 2500~3100 | 3100~3600 | 3600~4000 |
|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Parallelism of          | N              | 12           | 14      | 15      | 17      | 20      | 22      | 24       | 26        | 28        | 31        | 33        | 36        | 37        |
| the                     | Н              | 7            | 9       | 10      | 12      | 13      | 15      | 16       | 18        | 20        | 22        | 25        | 27        | 28        |
| raceway(µm)             | Р              | 3            | 4       | 5       | 6       | 7       | 8       | 9        | 11        | 13        | 15        | 18        | 20        | 21        |

# **Preload Level**

#### 1. Preload interference

The LSH standard type Linear Guide has three preload categories: A,B and C.

 $Choosing \ suitable \ preload \ level \ will \ enhance \ rigidity, \ precision \ and \ torsion \ resistant \ performace \ of the \ linear \ guide.$ 



| Model | Ra                    | Radial interference(µm) |                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model | Standard clearance(A) | Light Preload(B)        | Medium Preload(C) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSH15 | <b>-</b> 4~+2         | -12~-4                  | -22~-14           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSH20 | <b>-</b> 5∼+2         | -13~-5                  | -23~-15           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSH25 | <b>-</b> 6∼+2         | -14~-6                  | -24~-16           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSH30 | <b>-</b> 7∼+2         | -16~-7                  | -29~-20           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSH35 | -8~+2                 | -21~-11                 | -34~-24           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSH45 | -9~+2                 | -25~-16                 | -38~-27           |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### 2. Common Application

Refer to following table for suitable application of different preload grade:

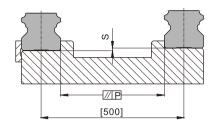
| Preload grade            | Requirement   | Common Application  |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Standard<br>clearance(A) | One axial movement, small vibration and impact, accuracy requirement is low | Conveyor Machine, Semiconductor Equipment, Stage<br>Equipment, Press Machine, Welding Machine and other<br>light movement equipments                                    |
| Light<br>Preload(B)      | Equipment that requires light-load and high-precision.                      | Z-axis movement for industrial use, NC lathe, EDM,<br>Precision XY platform, Vertical machine center,<br>measurement instrument, material feeder or industrial<br>robot |
| Medium<br>Preload(C)     | Equipment that requires high rigidity,<br>large vibration and shock.        | Machining centers, NC lathes, grinders, vertical or horizontal milling machines, boring machines, tool guides, heavy cutting machines.                                  |



#### Installation Illustration

#### 1. Allowable tolerance of mounting surface

LSH series is an arc-shape, two-point contact design of linear guide. Its self-centering feature allows some tolerance on mounting surface without affecting the smoothness of linear motion. The allowable tolerance is indicated in following table:

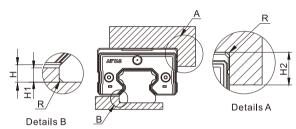


|       | Allowable to          | lerance of para     | allelism P(µm)       | Allowable tolerance of top and bottom S (µm) |                     |                      |  |  |  |
|-------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|---------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Model | Standard clearance(A) | Light<br>Preload(B) | Medium<br>Preload(C) | Standard clearance(A)                        | Light<br>Preload(B) | Medium<br>Preload(C) |  |  |  |
| LSH15 | 25                    | 18                  | 13                   | 130  | 85                  | 35                   |  |  |  |
| LSH20 | 25                    | 20                  | 18                   | 130  | 85                  | 50                   |  |  |  |
| LSH25 | 30                    | 22                  | 20                   | 130  | 85                  | 70                   |  |  |  |
| LSH30 | 40                    | 30                  | 27                   | 170  | 110                 | 90                   |  |  |  |
| LSH35 | 50                    | 35                  | 30                   | 210  | 150                 | 120                  |  |  |  |
| LSH45 | 60                    | 40                  | 35                   | 250  | 170                 | 140                  |  |  |  |

Note: The value in the table is the allowable value when the distance between the two linear guides is 500mm, and the allowable value is proportional to the distance between the two linear guides.

#### 2. Height and Chamfer of Reference Edge

In order to ensure accurate installation of LSH Linear Guide, the contact space should not exceed the given figures in following table.



|       |     |     |    | Onit . Illilli |
|-------|-----|-----|----|----------------|
| Model | Н   | H1  | H2 | R(Max)         |
| LSH15 | 3.5 | 3   | 4  | 0.5            |
| LSH20 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 5  | 0.5            |
| LSH25 | 6.5 | 5   | 5  | 1              |
| LSH30 | 6.5 | 5   | 5  | 1              |
| LSH35 | 7   | 6   | 6  | 1              |
| LSH45 | 10  | 8   | 8  | 1              |

#### 3. Screw Tighten Torque

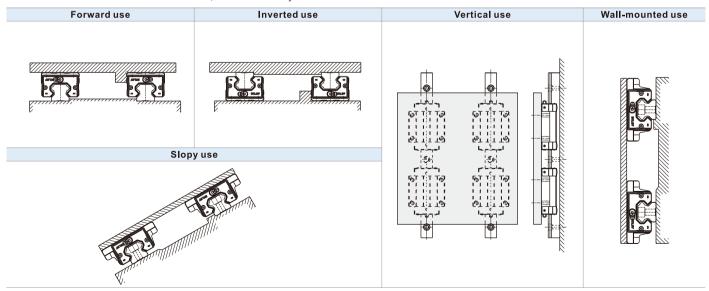
When installing linear guide, whether the screws are well tighten and surface is well contacted will affect accuracy significantly. Please refer to following table for tightening force to ensure a perfect installation.

| Model | Screw | Т     | orque(N.cm) |                |
|-------|-------|-------|-------------|----------------|
| wodei | size  | Iron  | Casting     | Aluminum alloy |
| LSH15 | M4    | 412   | 274         | 206            |
| LSH20 | M5    | 882   | 588         | 441            |
| LSH25 | M6    | 1370  | 921         | 686            |
| LSH30 | M8    | 3040  | 2010        | 1470           |
| LSH35 | M8    | 3040  | 2010        | 1470           |
| LSH45 | M12   | 11800 | 7840        | 5880           |

## 4. Installation and Application

 $Linear\ guide in stallation\ methods\ can\ be\ divided\ into\ the\ followings.$ 

For installations other than forward installation, the lubricant may fail.

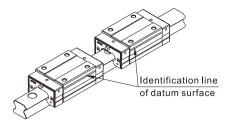


# Airtac

#### LSH Series

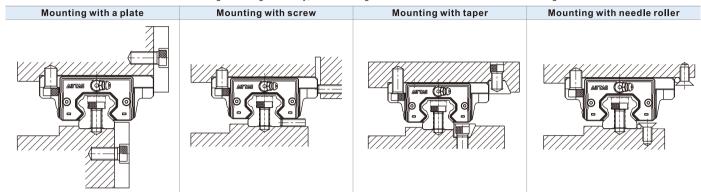
#### 5. Datum plane

- Datum plane for installation must be ground or finely milled to ensure accuracy.
- Both sides of Rail can be used as the datum plane.
- For multi-blocks on a rail, identification line on blocks should be put on the same side to ensure moving accuracy.



#### 6. Fixation Method

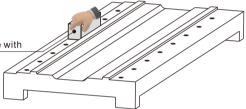
Rails and blocks are possible to be displaced while the machine is subjected to vibrations and impacts thus to affect the accuracy. In order to avoid those difficulties and achieve high running accuracy, the following four methods are recommended for fixing.



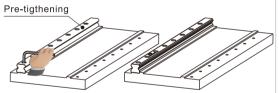
#### 7. Rail Installation

A. Before installing the rail, remove all dirt from the mounting surface with oil stone, and then wipe with a clean cloth.

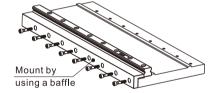
Remove all dirt from the mounting surface with oil stone, and then wipe with a clean cloth



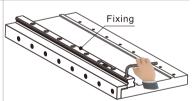
B. Place the rail gently on the bed firstly, then put the bolts into the mounting holes and pre-tighten them, place the rail(1) into close contact with the datum plane of the bed by using the baffle, tighten the bolts with appropriate torque to fix the rail. Refer to "3. Screw tighten torque" for recommended torque value.



Tighten the screws after the side of the rail is correctly in line with the datum plane



Place the rail tinto close contact with the datum plane (Rail can be locked by various accessories: needle roller+taper or pressing block)



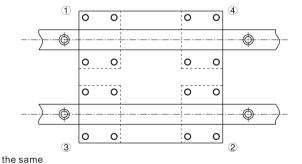
Tighten the screws with appropriate torque to fix the rail ①

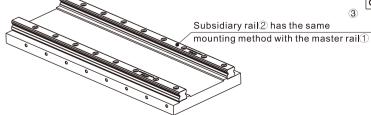
#### 8. Block Installation

- Temporarily fix the table on the block by using the mounting bolts.
- Push the block datum plane against the side datum plane of the table and position the block by tightening the set screws.
- Tighten the mounting bolts in 1 to 4 sequences to fix the table on the block.

## 9. Subsidiary Rail Installation

Under the condition that the subsidiary rail has a reference datum plane, remove all dirt from the mounting surface with oil stone, and then wipe with a clean cloth, mount the subsidiary rail (2) with the same method of the master rail (1).





Under the condition that the subsidiary rail ② has a reference datum plane, remove all dirt from the mounting surface with oil stone, and then wipe with a clean cloth,



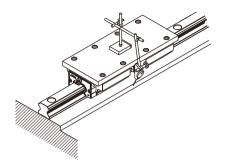
#### I SH Series

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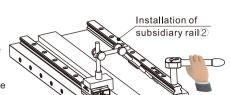
#### 10. Rail Installation without Side Datum Surface

#### Using a provisional datum plane

Use the datum plane provided on the bed for straight alignment of the rail from one end to the other, attention must be paid to fix two blocks in close contact on the measuring plate.



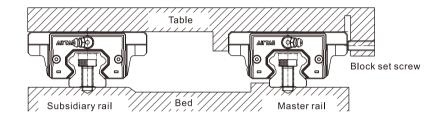
Put the straight-edge between the two rails and use a dial gauge to adjust straight-edge in parallel with the side datum plane of the master rail. Use the dial gauge to ensure the straightness of the subsidiary rail by using the straight-edge as reference, then tighten the mounting bolts in proper sequence when the subsidiary rail is parallel to the master rail.



Using a straight-edge

#### 11. Rail Installation without Set Screws

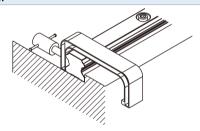
To ensure parallelism between the subsidiary rail and the master rail in the condition without set screws, the following installation methods are recommended, and the installation of the block is the same as mentioned previously.



#### Installation of the master rail

#### Using a vice

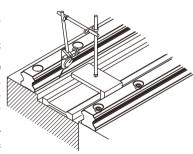
Put the rail on the bed mounting surface and temporarily fasten the mounting bolts, then push the rail against the side datum plane of the bed by using a vice to ensure the rail position. Tighten the mounting bolts in proper sequence with specific torque.



## Installation of the subsidiary rail

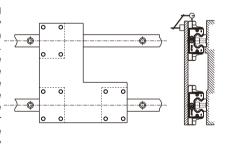
### Using a straight-edge

Put the straight-edge between the two rails and use a dial gauge to adjust straight-edge in parallel with the side datum plane of the master rail. Use the straight-edge to ensure the straightness of the subsidiary rail, then tighten the mounting bolts in proper sequence with specific torque.



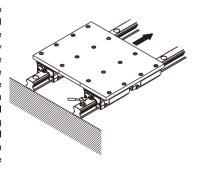
#### Using a table

Fix two blocks on the master rail to the table, and temporarily fix the subsidiary rail to the bed and one block on the subsidiary rail to the table. Place the gauge against the side surface of the block on the subsidiary rail, move the table from one end of the rail to the other end, then tighten the mounting bolts in proper sequence with specific torque while aligning the subsidiary rail parallel to the master rail.



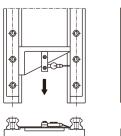
#### Following the master rail

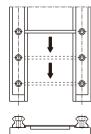
Fix the table to the two blocks on the mater rail and one of the two blocks on the subsidiary rail, temporarily fix the other block on the subsidiary rail to the table and subsidiary rail to the bed. Moving the table from one end of the master rail and tighten the mounting bolts on the subsidiary rail in proper sequence with specific torque at the same time.



#### Using a jig

Use a special jig to help ensure the position of the subsidiary rail, and tighten the mounting bolts in proper sequence with specific torque.





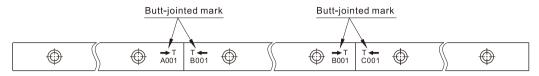




#### I SH Series

#### 12. Rail Butt-jointed

- When it comes to butt-jointed rail installation, it must follow the butt-jointed marks shown below.
- In order to avoid the accuracy caused by installing the matched jointed rails, it is recommended to stagger the butt-jointed positions, see figure below.



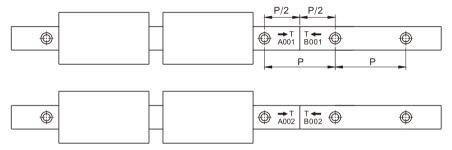
• When jointing rails, it must follow group marks on rail to ensure the accuracy of linear guide. These marks are located on the top surface at joint side.

Please put the same group marks together.

Butt-jointed mark



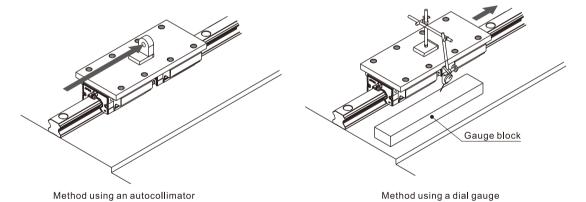
- Be aware serial number of group mark when assemble. A001 and B001 are in a group, so as to A002 and B002 and so on.
- Be aware the installation direction while assembly, the serial numbers are not upside down and arrows point to each other.



#### 13. Measurement Method after Installation

When measuring running accuracy of the block, two blocks should be fixed on an inspection table in close contact to obtain stable accuracy.

When using a dial gauge, a provisional benchmark (like a straight-edge) is recommended to put as close as possible to the block for accurate measurement.



Λ



#### Lubrication method

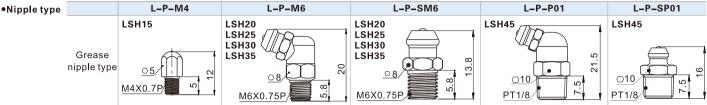
When a linear guide is well lubricated, it can reduce wear and increase lifespan significantly. Lubrication has the following benefits:

- Reduces friction of the rollers and raceway to minimize wear.
- The grease film between contact surface can prevent roller fatigue.
- Prevent rust.

#### 1. Lubrication Grease

Use the correct grade of lubrication. While lubricating, a grease gun can be used to pump grease into slider through the grease nipple on it.

The suitable condition for lube is when working speed is under 60 m/min and not in cooling process.



#### Grease amount

LSH series linear guide is well lubricated with 'Shell Alvania grease S2' in factory. Customers are recommended to use identical or the same grade of Jubricant. After Jubrication, block needs to be moved back and forth at Jeast three times for the Jength of three blocks and repeat at Jeast twice. Check if the surface of rail is well covered by grease film.

| Model | Grease amount for the | e first lubrication(cm³) | Replenishment amount(cm3) |           |  |  |  |
|-------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Wodel | Standard type         | Long type                | Standard type             | Long type |  |  |  |
| LSH15 | 0.9                   | -                        | 0.3                       | -         |  |  |  |
| LSH20 | 1.8                   | 2.7                      | 0.6                       | 0.9       |  |  |  |
| LSH25 | 3.6                   | 4.5                      | 1.1                       | 1.4       |  |  |  |
| LSH30 | 5.4                   | 7.2                      | 1.7                       | 2.2       |  |  |  |
| LSH35 | 8.1                   | 10                       | 2.5                       | 3         |  |  |  |
| LSH45 | 8.4                   | 10.4                     | 2.8                       | 3.5       |  |  |  |

#### Lubrication frequency

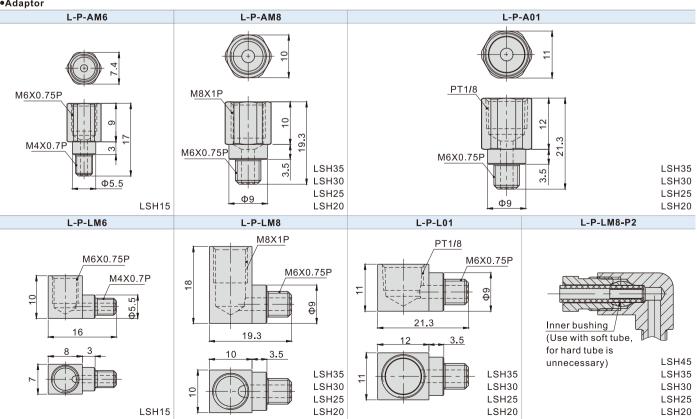
Although the linear guides are well lubricated at the factory and retains grease well, frequent lubrication is still necessary to avoid undesirable wear. Recommended lubrication period is every 100km of movement or every 3~6 months. (Refer to table on the top for suggested amount)

# 2. Lubricating oil

Recommended oil viscosity for lubrication use is about 30 to 150 cst.

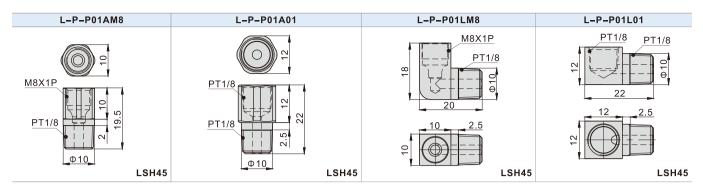
Lubrication oil is suitable for all kinds of load and impact application, but not for high temperature use due to its tendency of vaporization.

#### Adaptor



# AITTAD

#### I SH Series



Note: After installation, the top surface of adaptor may be higher than block. Be careful about the interference while moving.

# Lubrication method

#### Oil supply rate

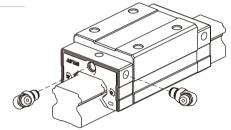
Loss of lubrication oil is faster than lubrication grease. Pay attention to sufficiency of oil while using.

| Model | Oil amount for the first lubrication(cm³) | Feeding Speed(cm <sup>3</sup> /hr) |
|-------|---|------------------------------------|
| LSH15 | 0.6                                       | 0.2                                |
| LSH20 | 0.6                                       | 0.2                                |
| LSH25 | 0.9                                       | 0.3                                |
| LSH30 | 0.9                                       | 0.3                                |
| LSH35 | 0.9                                       | 0.3                                |
| LSH45 | 0.9                                       | 0.3                                |

#### 3. Grease nipple/adaptor installation

- Grease nipple or adaptor can be installed in the two sides of block for manual or automatic lubrication based on customer's requirement.
- •There are a secondary set of lubricating ports on the side of the block. When using, it is not recommended to use the side with datum line unless necessary.
- •Lateral nipple installation is not recommended for flange type blocks.

  (The grease / oil nipple may interfere with block)
- •If lateral lubrication is needed for above spec, please contact us for customization.



## **Bolt hole plug**

#### 1. Plug type

In order to prevent metal swarf or external objects from entering blocks and affecting precision and lifespan, customers must put plugs into holes during installation. Every rail is equipped with default plugs.

| Model | Bolt | Diameter(D)(mm) | Thickness(H)(mm) |
|-------|------|-----------------|------------------|
| LSH15 | M4   | 8.15            | 1.1              |
| LSH20 | M5   | 9.65            | 2.5              |
| LSH25 | M6   | 11.4            | 2.5              |
| LSH30 | M8   | 14.4            | 3.5              |
| LSH35 | M8   | 14.4            | 3.5              |
| LSH45 | M12  | 20.2            | 4.5              |



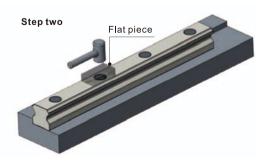
#### 2. Plug installation Steps



Place the plug in counterbore.

#### Note:

- Please make sure the plugs do not protrude the rail surface.
- •After installation, please clean the surface before use.



Place the flat piece on mounting hole, hit the piece vertically with a plastic hammer and fix the plug into counterbore.

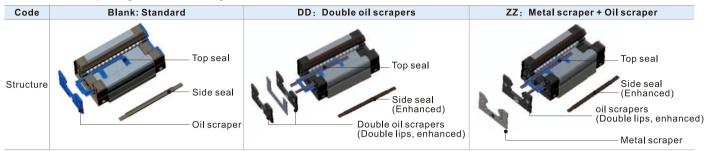




## **Dust prevention illustration**

#### 1. Code and structure

AirTAC provides the following dust prevention accessories for the linear guides working in dusty environment, if the following accessories are demanded, please add the corresponding code when ordering.



#### 2. Test for high dust prevention

#### 2.1. Test item

| Test medium      | Wood chip | Iron filing | Gravel |
|------------------|-----------|-------------|--------|
| Running distance | 500km     | 500km       | 500km  |

#### 2.2. Test equipment

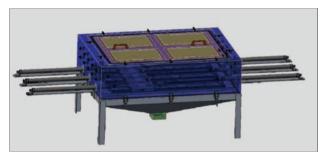






Figure2: Dust tester (Inside)

## 2.3. Test condition

AirTAC adopts the industry's first dust tester (Figure 1) to simulate real working conditions, 360° without dead angles, all-round dust invasion (Figure 2). The dustproof test simulates multiple application scenarios, fully fill the air with wood chips, iron filings and gravels and are strictly tested to ensure the quality and dustproof effect of each block.

#### 2.4. Test result



Figure3: Steel balls



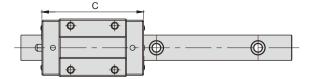
Figure4: Steel balls

Result: It can be seen from the Figure 3 and 4 that little amount of dust enters the inside of the block after testing, and the steel ball surface is still smooth, the block still runs smoothly and the performance is not affected.

Note: The above test results are obtained from AirTAC lab.

# ${\bf 3.\, Dimensions}$

Highly dustproof type blocks have different length compared with the standard blocks (only dimension C is different from the standard, the others keep same), see the table on the right for details.



|         |          | Length C(mm) |              |                   |
|---------|----------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Model   | Type     | Standard     | Double oil   | Oil scraper+Metal |
|         |          | (Blank)      | scrapers(DD) | scraper(ZZ)       |
| LSH15□N | Standard | 60           | 67           | 64.5              |
| LSH20□N | Standard | 76.5         | 84.5         | 81                |
| LSH20□L | Long     | 90.5         | 98.5         | 95                |
| LSH25□N | Standard | 83.5         | 91.5         | 88                |
| LSH25□L | Long     | 105          | 113          | 109.5             |
| LSH30□N | Standard | 95.5         | 103.5        | 100.5             |
| LSH30□L | Long     | 118          | 126          | 123               |
| LSH35□N | Standard | 109          | 118          | 114               |
| LSH35□L | Long     | 134.5        | 143.5        | 139.5             |
| LSH45□N | Standard | 132          | 140.5        | 136.5             |
| LSH45□L | Long     | 163.5        | 172          | 168               |



#### I SH Series

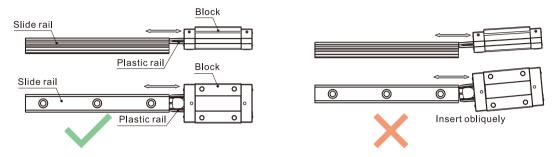
#### Precautions on use

#### 1. Block disassembly

With ball retainers and a dustproof cover, normally the balls are prevented from falling out when block is removed from rail.

However, if obliquely insert rail into blocks or quickly assembled or disassembled, there is a risk for balls of falling out.

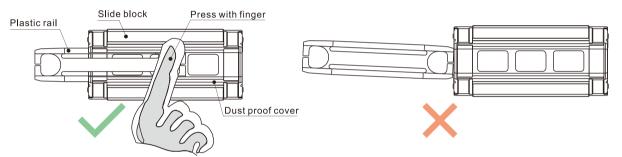
Please carefully assemble the linear guide or use plastic rails to assist.



#### 2. Plastic rail installation

A plastic rail is equipped for individual block set. Please do not remove plastic rail whenever it is not necessary.

If plastic rail falls out and needs to be reinstalled, press the dustproof covers with fingers and install slowly to prevent balls from falling out due to misalignment of plastic rail.



Press the dust-proof covers and insert plastic rail in alignment.

Without pressing dust-proof covers or insert plastic rail obliquely.

#### 3. Caution

- Parts may slide out if linear guide is put unevenly. Please be careful.
- Hitting or dropping linear guide could have huge effect on accuracy and lifespan even though appearance may remain intact. Please be careful.
- Do not dissemble linear guide as external objects may enter blocks and cause accuracy problem.

#### 4. Lubrication

- Linear guide have been treated with anti-rust oil during production. Before use, wipe the rail and treat it with lubrication.
- Do not mix lubricating oil (grease) with different properties.
- After lubrication, move block back and forth for the length of three blocks long and repeat at least 2 times to ensure there is a grease file on rail.

#### 5. Use

- The operating environment temperature should not exceed 80°C, and the maximum temperature should not exceed 100°C.
- Do not separate blocks from rail whenever it is not necessary. If you need to separate them, please use plastic rails to prevent steel balls from falling out.

# 6 Storage

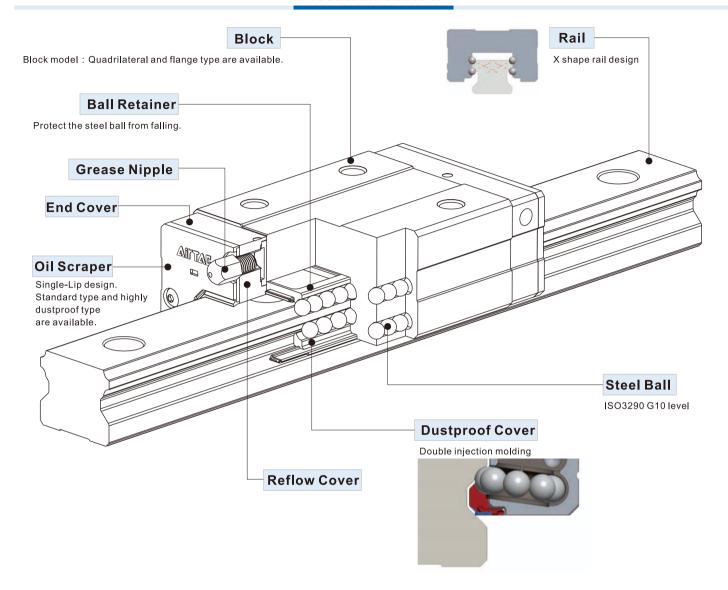
• When storing blocks, rails or linear guide set, please be sure that anti-rust oil is well applied and product is well sealed as well as placed horizontally.

Avoid humidity and high temperatures environment.



# LSD Series Low Profile Type Linear Guide

#### **Product Introduction**



#### **Product Features**

## 1. With self-adjustment ability

X-shaped (45°-45°) of curved groove on cross section design makes it self-aligning. Even small misalignment exists on the mounting surface, this design can help absorb it and maintain high precision, smooth and stable linear motion.

## ${\bf 2.\,Low\,profile,\,High\,rigidity,\,equal\,load\,on\,four\,direction\,design}$

The 45-degree contact angle design of the four rows of steel balls and the raceway allow the steel balls to achieve the ideal two-point contact, and can withstand the action and reaction force from the radial and lateral direction. Meanwhile, pre-load can be applied to increase extra rigidity if necessary. Reduce the combined height of the slide block and the slide rail, shorten the length of the slide block, to achieve miniaturization.

#### 3. Interchangeable

Because of the strict control on manufacturing process, the dimensional accuracy is stable and within the set tolerance.

Besides, the ball retainer design can prevent steel balls from falling out. Therefore when assembling, blocks are interchangeable within the same spec and still maintain consistency of pre-load and accuracy.



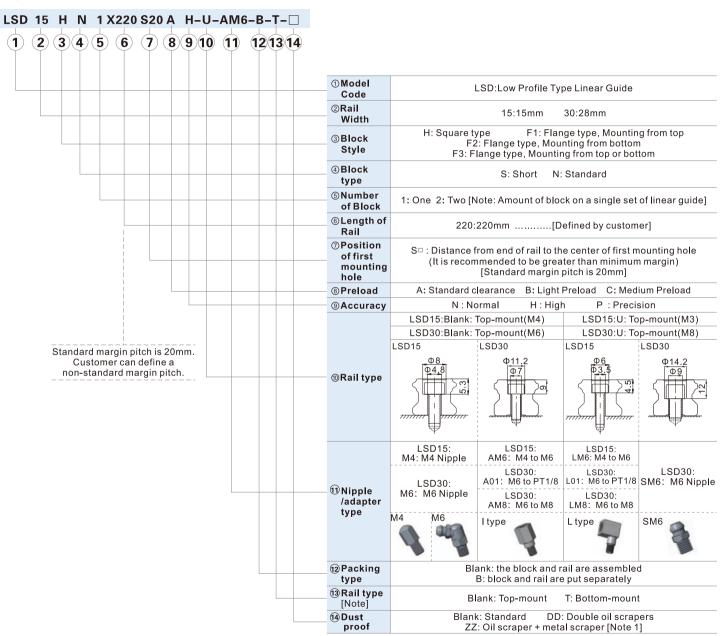


LSD Series



# Order Information(Combined)

#### 1、LSD15/30



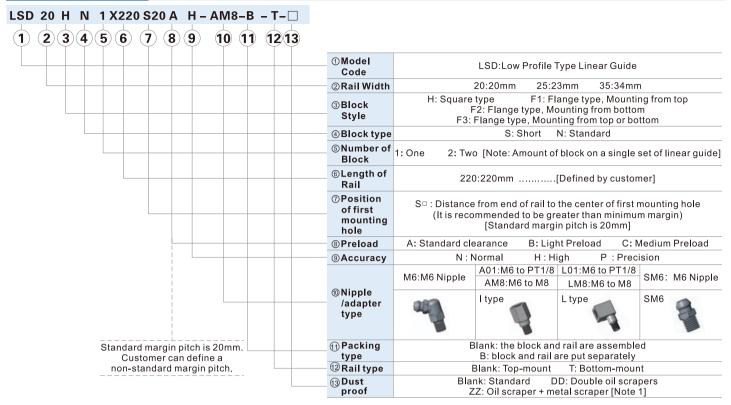
[Note1] Refer to P44 for highly dust proof type.

Add: Rail type indicated in (10) and (10) in ordering code cannot be selected at the same time, only one of them can be selected.



# LSD Series

#### 2、LSD20/25/35

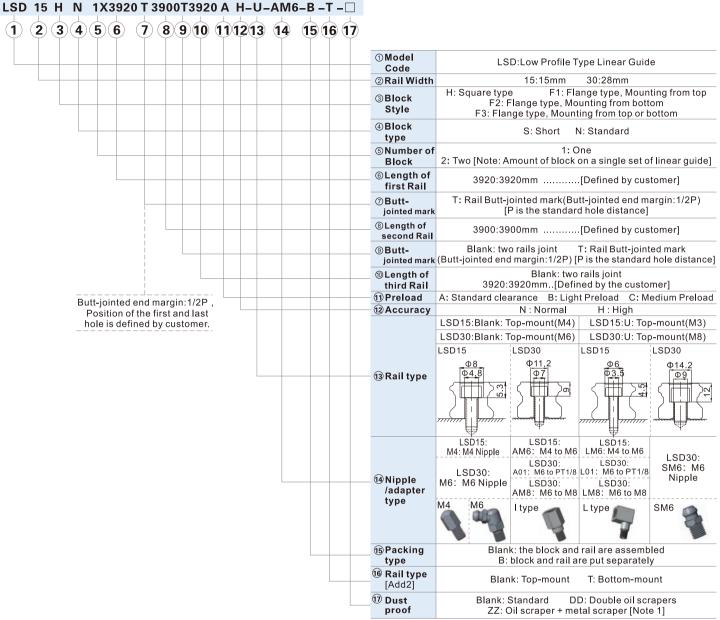


[Note1] Refer to P44 for highly dust proof type.



#### **Butt-jointed Order Information**

#### 1、LSD15/30



[Note1] Refer to P44 for highly dust proof type.

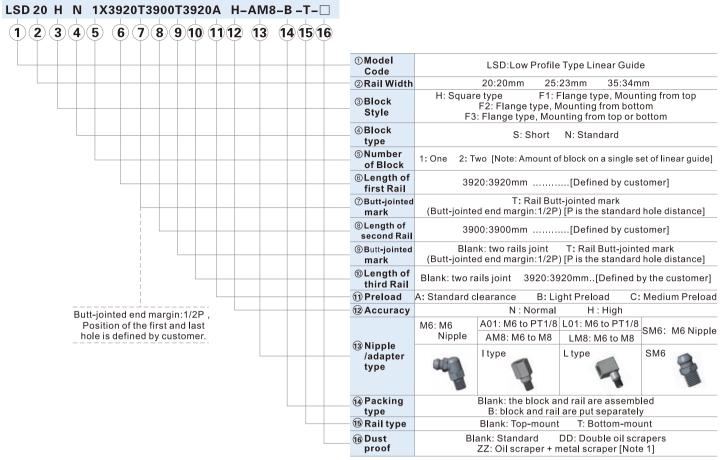
Add 1: Number of joints cannot be more than 2 times(three rails at most). For LSD15, maximum length of jointed rail is 11800mm. For LSD30, it's 11880.

Customization is needed for joint times more than standard.

Add 2: Rail type indicated in 8 and 6 in ordering code cannot be selected at the same time, only one of them can be selected.



#### 2、LSD20/25/35



[Note1] Refer to P44 for highly dust proof type.

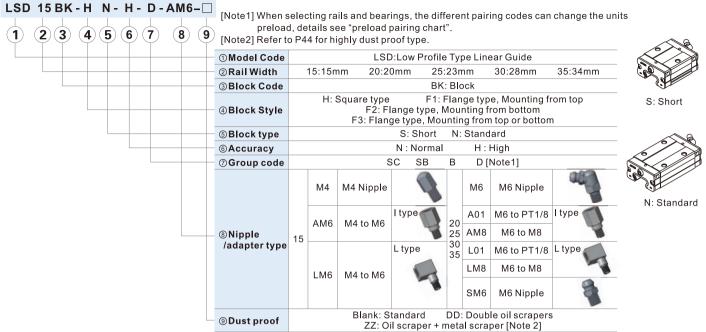
Add: Number of joints cannot be more than 2 times(three rails at most). For LSD20/25, maximum length of jointed rail is 11800mm.

For LSD35, it's 11880.

Customization is needed for joint times more than standard.



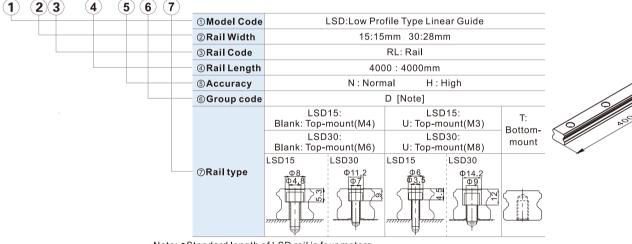
#### 1. Block Order Information



#### 2. Rail(4m) Order Information

#### (1) LSD15/30

#### LSD 15 RL X 4000 - H - D - U

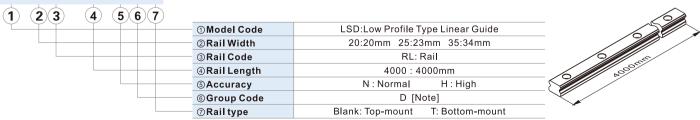


Note: •Standard length of LSD rail is four meters.

- For LSD15, both margin pitch of rail are 20mm. For LSD30, one side of margin pitch is 20mm, the other side is 60mm.
- When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the units preload, details see "preload pairing chart".

# (2) LSD20/25/35

#### LSD 20 RL X 4000- H-D-T



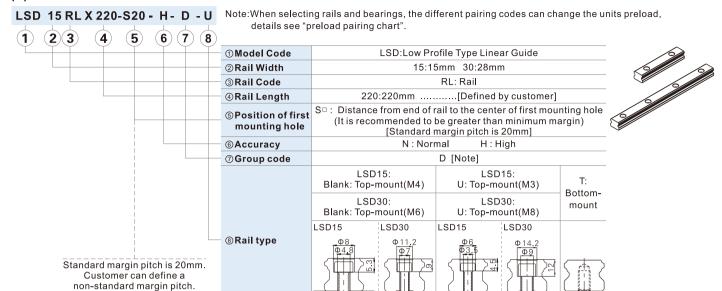
Note: •Standard length of LSD rail is four meters.

- •For LSD20/25, both margin pitch of rail are 20mm.
- For LSD35, one side of margin pitch is 20mm, the other side is 60mm.
- When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the units preload, details see "preload pairing chart".

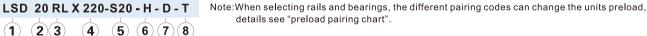


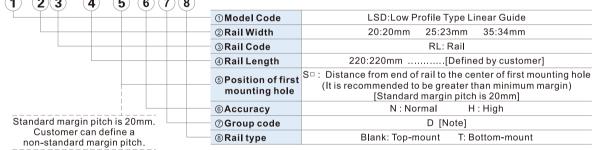
#### 3. Rail Order Information

#### (1) LSD15/30



## (2) LSD20/25/35







#### 4. Rail/Block preload pairing chart

When customer orders rail/block, please choose the pairing code of rail/block in accordance with the needed preload of linear guide (combined).

Details please refer to the "preload pairing chart".

| Model          | Rail<br>pairing<br>code | Block<br>pairing<br>code | Preload grade      | Model | Rail<br>pairing<br>code | Block<br>pairing<br>code | Preload grade      |
|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| LSD15          |                         | D                        | Standard clearance |       |                         | D                        | Standard clearance |
| LSD20<br>LSD25 |                         | В                        | Light preload      | LSD35 | D                       | В                        | Light preload      |
| LSD30          |                         | SB                       | Medium preload     |       |                         | SC                       | Medium preload     |

#### **Accessory Order Code**

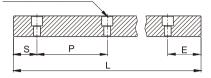




#### Rail Specification

The edge pitch of first mounting hole (S) and last mounting hole (E) should not be greater than 1/2P. Overlong edge may induce unstable installation and affect the accuracy.

n: Numbers of mounting holes



L=(n-1)×P+S+E

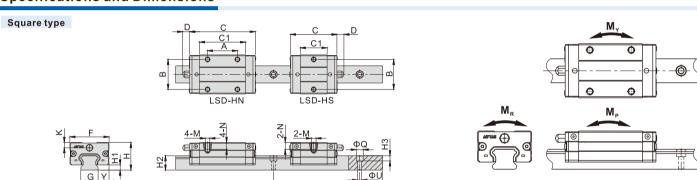
- L: Total length of rail(mm)
- n: Numbers of mounting holes on rail
- P:Distance between bolt holes(mm)
- S:Edge of first mounting hole(mm)
- E:Edge of last mounting hole(mm)

| Model                                    | LSD15  | LSD20 | LSD25 | LSD30  | LSD35 |
|--|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| Pitch(P)                                 | 60     | 60    | 60    | 80     | 80    |
| Standard Edge pitch(S)                   | 20     | 20    | 20    | 20     | 20    |
| Min. Edge Pitch(S/E min)                 | 5(4)   | 6     | 7     | 7(8)   | 8     |
| Max. Edge Pitch(S/E max)                 | 55(56) | 54    | 53    | 73(72) | 72    |
| Maximum length of rail for standard edge | 4000   | 4000  | 4000  | 3960   | 3960  |
| Maximum length(Lmax)                     | 4000   | 4000  | 4000  | 4000   | 4000  |

#### Note:

- For LSD15 when it mounted with M3 screw, Min.edge pitch is 4mm, Max.edge pitch is 56mm. For LSD15 when it mounted with M4 screw, Min.edge pitch is 5mm, Max. edge pitch is 55mm.
- For LSD30 when it mounted with M6 screw, Min.edge pitch is 7mm, Max.edge pitch is 73mm. For LSD30 when it mounted with M8 screw, Min.edge pitch is 8mm, Max. edge pitch is 72mm.
- Joint rail must be chosen if length of rail exceeds the maximum.
- When deciding edge pitch, it should be within the range of above table. There would be risk of broken hole if pitch is out of range.
- Maximum length of rail for standard' means the maximum length of rail can be chosen when both sides of edge pitches are standard.

### **Specifications and Dimensions**



|              |    |     | External Dimension ( mm ) |      |          |              | )                 | Block Dimension ( mm ) |    |    |     |    | Rail Dimension ( mm ) |    |    |      |    |    |            |          |          |
|--------------|----|-----|---------------------------|------|----------|--------------|-------------------|------------------------|----|----|-----|----|-----------------------|----|----|------|----|----|------------|----------|----------|
| Model\Item   |    |     |                           |      |          | С            |                   |                        |    |    |     |    |                       |    |    |      |    |    |            |          |          |
| Model/Itelli | Н  | Н1  | F                         | Υ    | Standard | Double oil   | Oil scraper+Metal | C1                     | Α  | В  | K   | D  | M                     | Ν  | G  | H2   | Р  | S  | ΦQ[Note]   | ΦU       | Н3       |
|              |    |     |                           |      | (Blank)  | scrapers(DD) | scraper(ZZ)       |                        |    |    |     |    |                       |    |    |      |    |    |            |          |          |
| LSD15HS      | 24 | 4.5 | 34                        | 9.5  | 40.5     | 47.5         | 45                | 23.5                   | -  | 26 | 4.6 | 6  | M4X0.7                | 6  | 15 | 12.5 | 60 | 20 | 8(6)       | 4.8(3.5) | 5.3(4.5) |
| LSD15HN      | 24 | 4.5 | 34                        | 9.5  | 57       | 64           | 61.5              | 40                     | 26 | 26 | 4.6 | 6  | M4X0.7                | 6  | 15 | 12.5 | 60 | 20 | 8(6)       | 4.8(3.5) | 5.3(4.5) |
| LSD20HS      | 28 | 6   | 42                        | 11   | 46       | 53           | 50.5              | 29                     | -  | 32 | 6.2 | 13 | M5X0.8                | 7  | 20 | 15.5 | 60 | 20 | 9.5        | 5.8      | 8.5      |
| LSD20HN      | 28 | 6   | 42                        | 11   | 65       | 72           | 69.5              | 48                     | 32 | 32 | 6.2 | 13 | M5X0.8                | 7  | 20 | 15.5 | 60 | 20 | 9.5        | 5.8      | 8.5      |
| LSD25HS      | 33 | 7   | 48                        | 12.5 | 59       | 66           | 63.5              | 36.5                   | -  | 35 | 7.2 | 13 | M6X1.0                | 9  | 23 | 18   | 60 | 20 | 11.2       | 7        | 9        |
| LSD25HN      | 33 | 7   | 48                        | 12.5 | 83       | 90           | 87.5              | 60.5                   | 35 | 35 | 7.2 | 13 | M6X1.0                | 9  | 23 | 18   | 60 | 20 | 11.2       | 7        | 9        |
| LSD30HS      | 42 | 9   | 60                        | 16   | 68.5     | 76.5         | 73.5              | 41.5                   | -  | 40 | 7.2 | 13 | M8X1.25               | 12 | 28 | 23   | 80 | 20 | 11.2(14.2) | 7(9)     | 9(12)    |
| LSD30HN      | 42 | 9   | 60                        | 16   | 97       | 105          | 102               | 70                     | 40 | 40 | 7.2 | 13 | M8X1.25               | 12 | 28 | 23   | 80 | 20 | 11.2(14.2) | 7(9)     | 9(12)    |
| LSD35HS      | 48 | 11  | 70                        | 18   | 73.5     | 81.5         | 78.5              | 46.5                   | -  | 50 | 8.5 | 13 | M8X1.25               | 12 | 34 | 27.5 | 80 | 20 | 14.2       | 9        | 12       |
| LSD35HN      | 48 | 11  | 70                        | 18   | 106.5    | 114.5        | 111.5             | 79.5                   | 50 | 50 | 8.5 | 13 | M8X1.25               | 12 | 34 | 27.5 | 80 | 20 | 14.2       | 9        | 12       |

| Model\Item  | Mounting | Dynamic Load Rating(kN) | Static Load Rating(kN) | Static F | Rated Moment   | : (kN.m)       | We        | ight       |
|-------------|----------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|-----------|------------|
| Modellitein | Screw    | С                       | C <sub>o</sub>         | $M_R$    | M <sub>P</sub> | M <sub>Y</sub> | Block(kg) | Rail(kg/m) |
| LSD15HS     | M4(M3)   | 5.0                     | 9.5                    | 0.07     | 0.04           | 0.04           | 0.09      | 1.23       |
| LSD15HN     | M4(M3)   | 8.9                     | 16.5                   | 0.12     | 0.10           | 0.10           | 0.15      | 1.23       |
| LSD20HS     | M5       | 7.2                     | 13.5                   | 0.13     | 0.06           | 0.06           | 0.14      | 2.11       |
| LSD20HN     | M5       | 12.1                    | 22.4                   | 0.20     | 0.15           | 0.15           | 0.23      | 2.11       |
| LSD25HS     | М6       | 11.5                    | 20.8                   | 0.22     | 0.11           | 0.11           | 0.26      | 2.76       |
| LSD25HN     | М6       | 19.3                    | 34.7                   | 0.36     | 0.31           | 0.31           | 0.42      | 2.76       |
| LSD30HS     | M6(M8)   | 19.8                    | 30.0                   | 0.38     | 0.20           | 0.20           | 0.44      | 4.60       |
| LSD30HN     | M6(M8)   | 28.3                    | 50.3                   | 0.65     | 0.53           | 0.53           | 0.75      | 4.60       |
| LSD35HS     | M8       | 29.2                    | 40.7                   | 0.66     | 0.33           | 0.33           | 0.74      | 6.27       |
| LSD35HN     | M8       | 42 7                    | 70.2                   | 1.02     | 0.72           | 0.72           | 1 17      | 6.27       |

[Note]: The standard countersink of LSD15 rail is  $\Phi 8X5.3X\Phi 4.8$  and with M4 screw. If with M3 screw, the ordering code should add"U", and the countersink is  $\Phi 6X4.5X\Phi 3.5$ .

The standard countersink of LSD30 rail is  $\Phi 11.2X9X\Phi 7$  and with M6 screw. If with M8 screw, the ordering code should add"U", and the countersink is  $\Phi 14.2X12X\Phi 9.$ 

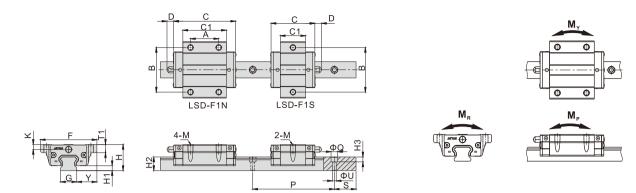


# Low Profile Type Linear Guide



#### LSD Series

Flange type, Top-Mount



|            |    |     |     |      | External D          | imension ( mm           | )                             | Block Dimension ( mm ) |      |    |     |    |         |      |    |      | R  | lail I | Dimension  | ( mm )     |          |
|------------|----|-----|-----|------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|------|----|-----|----|---------|------|----|------|----|--------|------------|------------|----------|
| Model\Item |    |     |     |      |                     | С                       |                               |                        |      |    |     |    |         |      |    |      |    |        |            |            |          |
| Moderatem  | Н  | H1  | F   | Y    | Standard<br>(Blank) | Double oil scrapers(DD) | Oil scraper+Metal scraper(ZZ) | C1                     | C1 A | В  | K   | D  | М       | T1   | G  | H2   | Р  | s      | ΦQ[Note]   | Ф <b>U</b> | Н3       |
| LSD15F1S   | 24 | 4.5 | 52  | 18.5 | 40.5                | 47.5                    | 45                            | 23.5                   | -    | 41 | 4.6 | 6  | M5X0.8  | 7.5  | 15 | 12.5 | 60 | 20     | 8(6)       | 4.8(3.5)   | 5.3(4.5) |
| LSD15F1N   | 24 | 4.5 | 52  | 18.5 | 57                  | 64                      | 61.5                          | 40                     | 26   | 41 | 4.6 | 6  | M5X0.8  | 7.5  | 15 | 12.5 | 60 | 20     | 8(6)       | 4.8(3.5)   | 5.3(4.5) |
| LSD20F1S   | 28 | 6   | 59  | 19.5 | 46                  | 53                      | 50.5                          | 29                     | -    | 49 | 6.2 | 13 | M6X1.0  | 9.5  | 20 | 15.5 | 60 | 20     | 9.5        | 5.8        | 8.5      |
| LSD20F1N   | 28 | 6   | 59  | 19.5 | 65                  | 72                      | 69.5                          | 48                     | 32   | 49 | 6.2 | 13 | M6X1.0  | 9.5  | 20 | 15.5 | 60 | 20     | 9.5        | 5.8        | 8.5      |
| LSD25F1S   | 33 | 7   | 73  | 25   | 59                  | 66                      | 63.5                          | 36.5                   | -    | 60 | 7.2 | 13 | M8X1.25 | 10.5 | 23 | 18   | 60 | 20     | 11.2       | 7          | 9        |
| LSD25F1N   | 33 | 7   | 73  | 25   | 83                  | 90                      | 87.5                          | 60.5                   | 35   | 60 | 7.2 | 13 | M8X1.25 | 10.5 | 23 | 18   | 60 | 20     | 11.2       | 7          | 9        |
| LSD30F1S   | 42 | 9   | 90  | 31   | 68.5                | 76.5                    | 73.5                          | 41.5                   | -    | 72 | 7.2 | 13 | M10X1.5 | 10.5 | 28 | 23   | 80 | 20     | 11.2(14.2) | 7(9)       | 9(12)    |
| LSD30F1N   | 42 | 9   | 90  | 31   | 97                  | 105                     | 102                           | 70                     | 40   | 72 | 7.2 | 13 | M10X1.5 | 10.5 | 28 | 23   | 80 | 20     | 11.2(14.2) | 7(9)       | 9(12)    |
| LSD35F1S   | 48 | 11  | 100 | 33   | 73.5                | 81.5                    | 78.5                          | 46.5                   | -    | 82 | 8.5 | 13 | M10X1.5 | 13.5 | 34 | 27.5 | 80 | 20     | 14.2       | 9          | 12       |
| LSD35F1N   | 48 | 11  | 100 | 33   | 106.5               | 114.5                   | 111.5                         | 79.5                   | 50   | 82 | 8.5 | 13 | M10X1.5 | 13.5 | 34 | 27.5 | 80 | 20     | 14.2       | 9          | 12       |

| Model\Item | Mounting | Dynamic Load Rating(kN) | Static Load Rating(kN) | Static F | Rated Moment   | (kN.m)                     | Wei       | eight      |  |
|------------|----------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------|--|
| Model/Item | Screw    | С                       | C <sub>o</sub>         | $M_R$    | M <sub>P</sub> | $M_{\scriptscriptstyle Y}$ | Block(kg) | Rail(kg/m) |  |
| LSD15F1S   | M4(M3)   | 5.0                     | 9.5                    | 0.07     | 0.04           | 0.04                       | 0.12      | 1.23       |  |
| LSD15F1N   | M4(M3)   | 8.9                     | 16.5                   | 0.12     | 0.10           | 0.10                       | 0.21      | 1.23       |  |
| LSD20F1S   | M5       | 7.2                     | 13.5                   | 0.13     | 0.06           | 0.06                       | 0.18      | 2.11       |  |
| LSD20F1N   | M5       | 12.1                    | 22.4                   | 0.20     | 0.15           | 0.15                       | 0.31      | 2.11       |  |
| LSD25F1S   | M6       | 11.5                    | 20.8                   | 0.22     | 0.11           | 0.11                       | 0.36      | 2.76       |  |
| LSD25F1N   | M6       | 19.3                    | 34.7                   | 0.36     | 0.31           | 0.31                       | 0.60      | 2.76       |  |
| LSD30F1S   | M6(M8)   | 19.8                    | 30.0                   | 0.38     | 0.20           | 0.20                       | 0.61      | 4.60       |  |
| LSD30F1N   | M6(M8)   | 28.3                    | 50.3                   | 0.65     | 0.53           | 0.53                       | 1.03      | 4.60       |  |
| LSD35F1S   | M8       | 29.2                    | 40.7                   | 0.66     | 0.33           | 0.33                       | 0.93      | 6.27       |  |
| LSD35F1N   | M8       | 42.7                    | 70.2                   | 1.02     | 0.72           | 0.72                       | 1.50      | 6.27       |  |

[Note]: The standard countersink of LSD15 rail is \$48.5.3X\$\Phi4.8 and with M4 screw. If with M3 screw, the ordering code should add"U", and the countersink is \$\Phi6.4.5X\$\Phi3.5. The standard countersink of LSD30 rail is \$\Phi11.2X9X\$\Phi7\$ and with M6 screw. If with M8 screw, the ordering code should add"U", and the countersink is \$\Phi14.2X12X\$\Phi9\$.

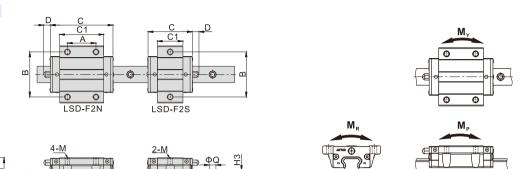


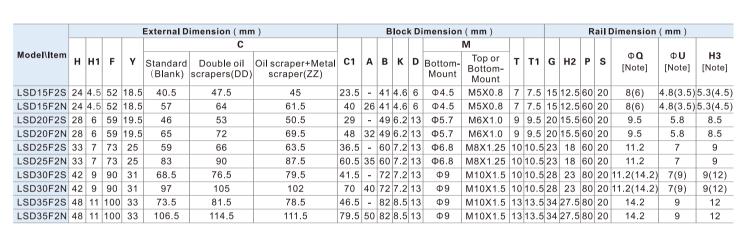
# Low Profile Type Linear Guide



#### LSD Series

Flange type, Bottom-Mount
Flange type, Top or Bottom-Mount





| Model\Item | Mounting | Dynamic Load Rating(kN) | Static Load Rating(kN) | Static F       | Rated Moment   | (kN.m)                     | Wei       | ight       |
|------------|----------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Model/Item | Screw    | С                       | C <sub>o</sub>         | M <sub>R</sub> | M <sub>P</sub> | $M_{\scriptscriptstyle Y}$ | Block(kg) | Rail(kg/m) |
| LSD15F2S   | M4(M3)   | 5.0                     | 9.5                    | 0.07           | 0.04           | 0.04                       | 0.12      | 1.23       |
| LSD15F2N   | M4(M3)   | 8.9                     | 16.5                   | 0.12           | 0.10           | 0.10                       | 0.21      | 1.23       |
| LSD20F2S   | M5       | 7.2                     | 13.5                   | 0.13           | 0.06           | 0.06                       | 0.18      | 2.11       |
| LSD20F2N   | M5       | 12.1                    | 22.4                   | 0.20           | 0.15           | 0.15                       | 0.31      | 2.11       |
| LSD25F2S   | M6       | 11.5                    | 20.8                   | 0.22           | 0.11           | 0.11                       | 0.36      | 2.76       |
| LSD25F2N   | M6       | 19.3                    | 34.7                   | 0.36           | 0.31           | 0.31                       | 0.60      | 2.76       |
| LSD30F2S   | M6(M8)   | 19.8                    | 30.0                   | 0.38           | 0.20           | 0.20                       | 0.61      | 4.60       |
| LSD30F2N   | M6(M8)   | 28.3                    | 50.3                   | 0.65           | 0.53           | 0.53                       | 1.03      | 4.60       |
| LSD35F2S   | M8       | 29.2                    | 40.7                   | 0.66           | 0.33           | 0.33                       | 0.93      | 6.27       |
| LSD35F2N   | M8       | 42.7                    | 70.2                   | 1.02           | 0.72           | 0.72                       | 1.50      | 6.27       |

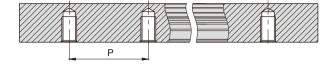
[Note]: The standard countersink of LSD15 rail is  $\Phi 8X5.3X\Phi 4.8$  and with M4 screw. If with M3 screw, the ordering code should add"U", and the countersink is  $\Phi 6X4.5X\Phi 3.5$ . The standard countersink of LSD30 rail is  $\Phi 11.2X9X\Phi 7$  and with M6 screw. If with M8 screw, the ordering code should add"U", and the countersink is  $\Phi 14.2X12X\Phi 9.$ 





#### Dimension of bottom-mount type rail

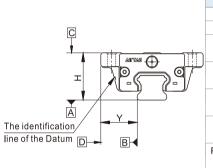




| Model\Item | G  | Н    | M       | Α  | Р  |
|------------|----|------|---------|----|----|
| LSD15T     | 15 | 12.5 | M5X0.8  | 7  | 60 |
| LSD20T     | 20 | 15.5 | M6X1.0  | 9  | 60 |
| LSD25T     | 23 | 18   | M6X1.0  | 10 | 60 |
| LSD30T     | 28 | 23   | M8X1.25 | 14 | 80 |
| LSD35T     | 34 | 27.5 | M8X1.25 | 17 | 80 |

# **Accuracy Classes**

LSD Low Profile type linear guide comes with 3 accuracy levels.



|   | Accura   | cy Star                                   | ndards   | s (mm) |          |        |          |  |  |
|---|--|---|----------|--------|----------|--------|----------|--|--|
|   | Accuracy                                       | N : N                                     | Vormal   | H:     | High     | P:Pre  | ecision  |  |  |
|   | Model  | 15/20                                     | 25/30/35 | 15/20  | 25/30/35 | 15/20  | 25/30/35 |  |  |
| ٦ | Tolerance of height H                          | <u>+</u>                                  | :0.1     | ±0.03  | ±0.04    | ±0.015 | ±0.02    |  |  |
| ر | Variation of height ΔH                         | 0.02                                      | 0.025    | 0.01   | 0.015    | 0.006  | 0.007    |  |  |
|   | Tolerance of width Y                           | ±   | 0.1      | ±0.03  | ±0.04    | ±0.015 | ±0.02    |  |  |
|   | Variation of width ΔY                          | 0.02                                      | 0.03     | 0.01   | 0.015    | 0.006  | 0.007    |  |  |
|   | Parallelism of C-surface relative to A-surface | Parallelism of raceway (Refer to Table 1) |          |        |          |        |          |  |  |
|   | Parallelism of D-surface relative to B-surface | Parallelism of raceway (Refer to Table 1) |          |        |          |        |          |  |  |

Table 1 : Parallelism of the raceway

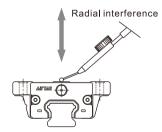
| Accuracy<br>Rail Length(mm) | Parallelism of the raceway(µm) |    |    |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|----|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| van Length(mm)              | N                              | Н  | Р  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 under                   | 12                             | 7  | 3  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100~200                     | 14                             | 9  | 4  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 200~300                     | 15                             | 10 | 5  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 300~500                     | 17                             | 12 | 6  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 500~700                     | 20                             | 13 | 7  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 700~900                     | 22                             | 15 | 8  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 900~1100                    | 24                             | 16 | 9  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1100~1500                   | 26                             | 18 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1500~1900                   | 28                             | 20 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1900~2500                   | 31                             | 22 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2500~3100                   | 33                             | 25 | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3100~3600                   | 36                             | 27 | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3600~4000                   | 37                             | 28 | 21 |  |  |  |  |  |
|                             |                                |    |    |  |  |  |  |  |

#### **Preload Level**

#### 1. Preload interference

The LSD Low Profile type Linear Guide has three preload categories: A ,B and C.

Choosing suitable preload level will enhance rigidity, precision and torsion resistant performace of the linear guide.



| Model | Radial interference(µm) |                         |                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Wodel | Standard clearance(A)   | Light Preload(B)        | Middle Preload(C) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSD15 | <b>-4</b> ~+2           | -12~-4                  | -22~-14           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSD20 | <b>-</b> 5∼+2           | <b>-</b> 13~ <b>-</b> 5 | -23~-15           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSD25 | <b>-</b> 6∼+2           | -14~-6                  | -24~-16           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSD30 | <b>-</b> 7∼+2           | -16~-7                  | -29~-20           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSD35 | -8~+2                   | -21~-11                 | -34~-24           |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 2. Common Application

Refer to following table for suitable application of different preload grade:

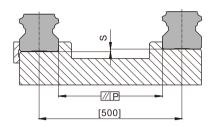
| Preload grade            | Requirement   | Common Application  |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Standard<br>clearance(A) | One axial movement, small vibration and impact, accuracy requirement is low | Conveyor Machine, Semiconductor Equipment, Stage<br>Equipment, Press Machine, Welding Machine and other<br>light movement equipments                                    |
| Light<br>Preload(B)      | Equipment that requires light-load and high-precision.                      | Z-axis movement for industrial use, NC lathe, EDM,<br>Precision XY platform, Vertical machine center,<br>measurement instrument, material feeder or industrial<br>robot |
| Medium<br>Preload(C)     | Equipment that requires high rigidity,<br>large vibration and shock.        | Machining centers, NC lathes, grinders, vertical or horizontal milling machines, boring machines, tool guides, heavy cutting machines.                                  |



#### Installation Illustration

#### 1. Allowable tolerance of mounting surface

LSD series is an arc-shape, two-point contact design of linear guide. Its self-centering feature allows some tolerance on mounting surface without affecting the smoothness of linear motion. The allowable tolerance is indicated in following table:

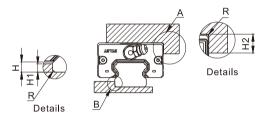


|       | Allowable tolerance of parallelism P(μm) |                     |                      | Allowable tolerance of top and bottom S (µm) |                     |                      |  |
|-------|--|---------------------|----------------------|--|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| Model | Standard clearance(A)                    | Light<br>Preload(B) | Medium<br>Preload(C) | Standard clearance(A)                        | Light<br>Preload(B) | Medium<br>Preload(C) |  |
| LSD15 | 25                                       | 18                  | -                    | 130  | 85                  | -                    |  |
| LSD20 | 25                                       | 20                  | 18                   | 130  | 85                  | 50                   |  |
| LSD25 | 30                                       | 22                  | 20                   | 130  | 85                  | 70                   |  |
| LSD30 | 40                                       | 30                  | 27                   | 170  | 110                 | 90                   |  |
| LSD35 | 50                                       | 35                  | 30                   | 210  | 150                 | 120                  |  |

Note: The value in the table is the allowable value when the distance between the two linear guides is 500mm, and the allowable value is proportional to the distance between the two linear guides.

#### 2. Height and Chamfer of Reference Edge

In order to ensure accurate installation of LSD Linear Guide, the contact space should not exceed the given figures in following table.



|       |     | Unit : mm |     |        |
|-------|-----|-----------|-----|--------|
| Model | Н   | H1        | H2  | R(Max) |
| LSD15 | 4.5 | 2.7       | 5   | 0.5    |
| LSD20 | 6   | 5         | 7   | 0.5    |
| LSD25 | 7   | 5         | 7.5 | 1      |
| LSD30 | 9   | 7         | 7   | 1      |
| LSD35 | 11  | 7.5       | 9.5 | 1      |

#### 3. Screw Tighten Torque

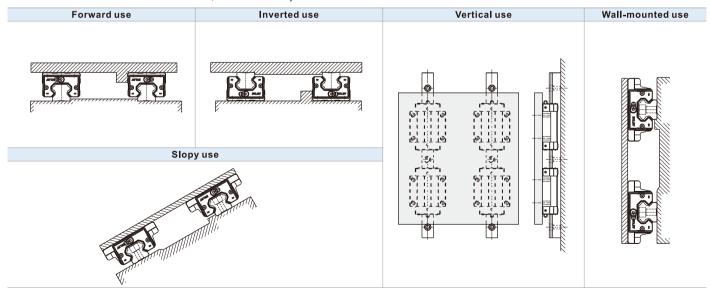
When installing linear guide, whether the screws are well tighten and surface is well contacted will affect accuracy significantly. Please refer to following table for tightening force to ensure a perfect installation.

| Model  | Screw | Tighten Torque(N.cm) |         |                |  |  |  |
|--------|-------|----------------------|---------|----------------|--|--|--|
| wouei  | size  | Iron                 | Casting | Aluminum alloy |  |  |  |
| LSD15  | М3    | 196                  | 127     | 98             |  |  |  |
| LSD 13 | M4    | 412                  | 274     | 206            |  |  |  |
| LSD20  | M5    | 882                  | 588     | 441            |  |  |  |
| LSD25  | M6    | 1370                 | 921     | 686            |  |  |  |
| 1.0000 | M6    | 1370                 | 921     | 686            |  |  |  |
| LSD30  | M8    | 3040                 | 2010    | 1470           |  |  |  |
| LSD35  | M8    | 3040                 | 2010    | 1470           |  |  |  |

#### 4. Installation and Application

Linear guideinstallation methods can be divided into the followings.

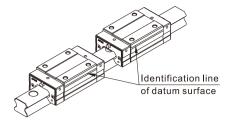
For installations other than forward installation, the Jubricant may fail.





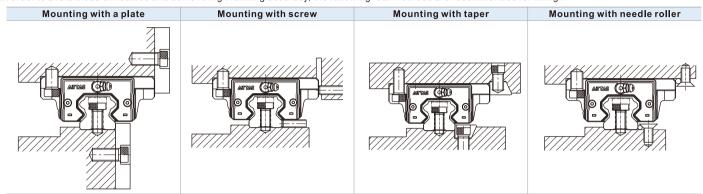
#### 5. Datum plane

- Datum plane for installation must be ground or finely milled to ensure accuracy.
- Both sides of Rail can be used as the datum plane.
- For multi-blocks on a rail, identification line on blocks should be put on the same side to ensure moving accuracy.



#### 6. Fixation Method

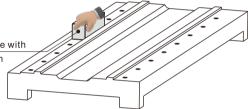
Rails and blocks are possible to be displaced while the machine is subjected to vibrations and impacts thus to affect the accuracy. In order to avoid those difficulties and achieve high running accuracy, the following four methods are recommended for fixing.



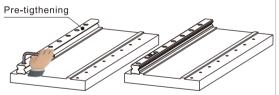
#### 7. Rail Installation

A. Before installing the rail, remove all dirt from the mounting surface with oil stone, and then wipe with a clean cloth.

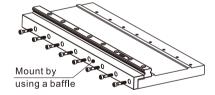
Remove all dirt from the mounting surface with oil stone, and then wipe with a clean cloth



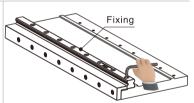
B. Place the rail gently on the bed firstly, then put the bolts into the mounting holes and pre-tighten them, place the rail① into close contact with the datum plane of the bed by using the baffle, tighten the bolts with appropriate torque to fix the rail. Refer to "3. Screw tighten torque" for recommended torque value.



Tighten the screws after the side of the rail is correctly in line with the datum plane



Place the rail 1 into close contact with the datum plane (Rail can be locked by various accessories: needle roller+taper or pressing block)



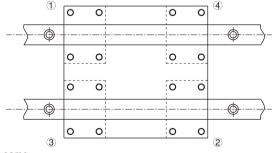
Tighten the screws with appropriate torque to fix the rail ①

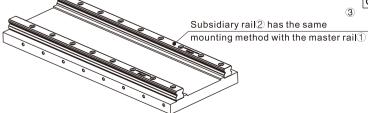
#### 8. Block Installation

- Temporarily fix the table on the block by using the mounting bolts.
- Push the block datum plane against the side datum plane of the table and position the block by tightening the set screws.
- Tighten the mounting bolts in 1 to 4 sequences to fix the table on the block.

#### 9. Subsidiary Rail Installation

Under the condition that the subsidiary rail has a reference datum plane, remove all dirt from the mounting surface with oil stone, and then wipe with a clean cloth, mount the subsidiary rail 2 with the same method of the master rail 3.





Under the condition that the subsidiary rail ② has a reference datum plane, remove all dirt from the mounting surface with oil stone, and then wipe with a clean cloth,



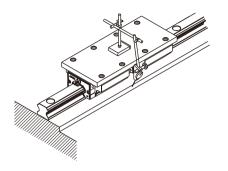
# Low Profile Type Linear Guide

#### I SD Series

10. Rail Installation without Side Datum Surface

#### Using a provisional datum plane

Use the datum plane provided on the bed for straight alignment of the rail from one end to the other, attention must be paid to fix two blocks in close contact on the measuring plate.



Put the straight-edge between the two rails and use a dial gauge to adjust straight-edge in parallel with the side datum plane of the master rail. Use the dial gauge to ensure the straightness of the subsidiary rail by using the straight-edge as reference, then tighten the mounting bolts in proper sequence when the subsidiary rail is parallel to the master rail.

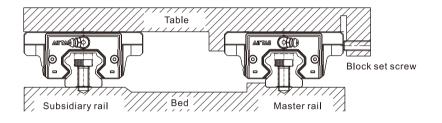
# **AITTAC**

Installation of

subsidiary rail2

#### 11. Rail Installation without Set Screws

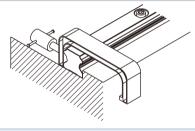
To ensure parallelism between the subsidiary rail and the master rail in the condition without set screws, the following installation methods are recommended, and the installation of the block is the same as mentioned previously.



#### Installation of the master rail

#### Using a vice

Put the rail on the bed mounting surface and temporarily fasten the mounting bolts, then push the rail against the side datum plane of the bed by using a vice to ensure the rail position. Tighten the mounting bolts in proper sequence with specific torque.

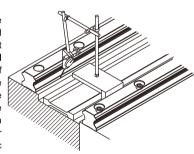


Using a straight-edge

#### Installation of the subsidiary rail

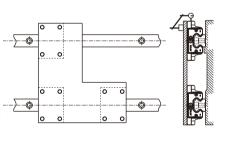
#### Using a straight-edge

Put the straight-edge between the two rails and use a dial gauge to adjust straight-edge in parallel with the side datum plane of the master rail. Use the straight-edge to ensure the straightness of the subsidiary rail, then tighten the mounting bolts in proper sequence with specific torque.



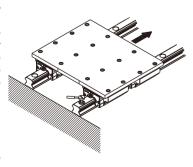
# Using a table

Fix two blocks on the master rail to the table, and temporarily fix the subsidiary rail to the bed and one block on the subsidiary rail to the table. Place the gauge against the side surface of the block on the subsidiary rail, move the table from one end of the rail to the other end, then tighten the mounting bolts in proper sequence with specific torque while aligning the subsidiary rail parallel to the master rail.



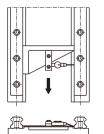
#### Following the master rail

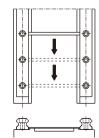
Fix the table to the two blocks on the mater rail and one of the two blocks on the subsidiary rail, temporarily fix the other block on the subsidiary rail to the table and subsidiary rail to the bed. Moving the table from one end of the master rail and tighten the mounting bolts on the subsidiary rail in proper sequence with specific torque at the same time.



#### Using a jig

Use a special jig to help ensure the position of the subsidiary rail, and tighten the mounting bolts in proper sequence with specific torque.



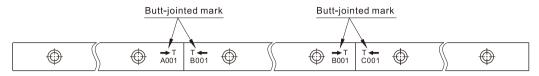






#### 12. Rail Butt-jointed

- When it comes to butt-jointed rail installation, it must follow the butt-jointed marks shown below.
- In order to avoid the accuracy caused by installing the matched jointed rails, it is recommended to stagger the butt-jointed positions, see figure below.



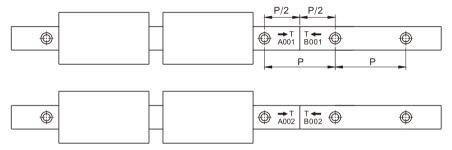
• When jointing rails, it must follow group marks on rail to ensure the accuracy of linear guide. These marks are located on the top surface at joint side.

Please put the same group marks together.

Butt-jointed mark



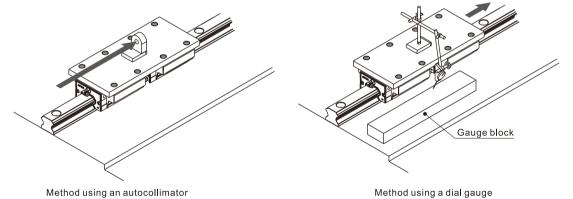
- Be aware serial number of group mark when assemble. A001 and B001 are in a group, so as to A002 and B002 and so on.
- Be aware the installation direction while assembly, the serial numbers are not upside down and arrows point to each other.



#### 13. Measurement Method after Installation

When measuring running accuracy of the block, two blocks should be fixed on an inspection table in close contact to obtain stable accuracy.

When using a dial gauge, a provisional benchmark (like a straight-edge) is recommended to put as close as possible to the block for accurate measurement.





#### Lubrication method

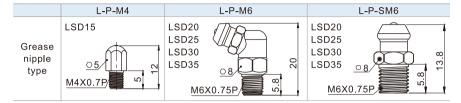
When a linear guide is well lubricated, it can reduce wear and increase lifespan significantly. Lubrication has the following benefits:

- Reduces friction of the rollers and raceway to minimize wear.
- The grease film between contact surface can prevent roller fatigue.
- Prevent rust.

#### 1. Lubrication Grease

Use the correct grade of lubrication. While lubricating, a grease gun can be used to pump grease into slider through the grease nipple on it. The suitable condition for lube is when working speed is under 60 m/min and not in cooling process.

#### Nipple type



#### •Grease amount

LSD series linear guide is well lubricated with 'Shell Alvania grease S2' in factory. Customers are recommended to use identical or the same grade of lubricant. After lubrication, block needs to be moved back and forth at least three times for the length of three blocks and repeat at least twice. Check if the surface of rail is well covered by grease film.

| Model | Grease amount for the | e first lubrication(cm³) | Replenishment amount(cm³) |               |  |
|-------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--|
| Wouei | Short type            | Standard type            | Short type                | Standard type |  |
| LSD15 | 0.5                   | 0.9                      | 0.2                       | 0.3           |  |
| LSD20 | 1.1                   | 1.8                      | 0.4                       | 0.6           |  |
| LSD25 | 1.8                   | 3.2                      | 0.6                       | 1.0           |  |
| LSD30 | 2.9                   | 4.5                      | 0.9                       | 1.4           |  |
| LSD35 | 4.1                   | 5.9                      | 1.3                       | 1.8           |  |

#### •Lubrication frequency

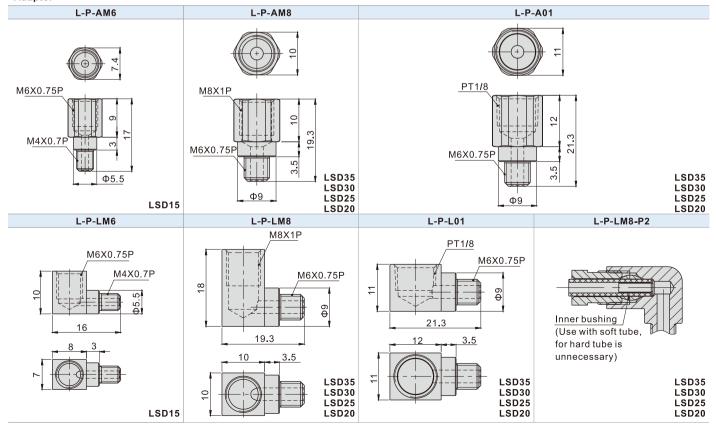
Although the linear guides are well lubricated at factory and retains grease well, frequent lubrication is still necessary to avoid undesirable wear. Recommended lubrication period is every 100km of movement or every 3~6 months. (Refer to table on the top for suggested amount)

#### 2. Lubricating oil

Recommended oil viscosity for lubrication use is about 30 to 150 cst.

Lubrication oil is suitable for all kinds of load and impact application, but not for high temperature use due to its tendency of vaporization.

#### Adaptor



Note: After installation, the top surface of adaptor may be higher than block. Be careful about the interference while moving.





#### Lubrication method

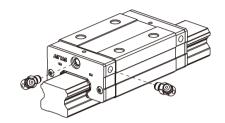
#### Oil supply rate

Loss of lubrication oil is faster than lubrication grease. Pay attention to sufficiency of oil while using.

| Model | Oil amount for the first lubrication(cm³) | Feeding Speed(cm <sup>3</sup> /hr) |
|-------|---|------------------------------------|
| LSD15 | 0.3                                       | 0.1                                |
| LSD20 | 0.5                                       | 0.15                               |
| LSD25 | 0.6                                       | 0.2                                |
| LSD30 | 0.8                                       | 0.25                               |
| LSD35 | 0.9                                       | 0.3                                |

#### 3. Grease nipple/adaptor installation

- Grease nipple or adaptor can be installed in the two sides of block for manual or automatic lubrication based on customer's requirement.
- •There are a secondary set of lubricating ports on the side of the block. When using, it is not recommended to use the side with datum line unless necessary.
- Lateral nipple installation is not recommended for flange type blocks.
   (The grease / oil nipple may interfere with block)
- •If lateral lubrication is needed for above spec, please contact us for customization.



## **Bolt hole plug**

#### 1. Plug type

In order to prevent metal swarf or external objects from entering blocks and affecting precision and lifespan, customers must put plugs into holes during installation. Every rail is equipped with default plugs.

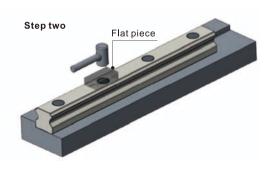
| Model | Bolt | Diameter(D)(mm) | Thickness(H)(mm) |
|-------|------|-----------------|------------------|
| LSD15 | М3   | 6.15            | 1.2              |
| LSD15 | M4   | 8.15            | 1.1              |
| LSD20 | M5   | 9.65            | 2.5              |
| LSD25 | M6   | 11.4            | 2.5              |
| LSD30 | M6   | 11.4            | 2.5              |
| LSDSU | M8   | 14.4            | 3.5              |
| LSD35 | M8   | 14.4            | 3.5              |



#### 2. Plug installation Steps



Place the plug in counterbore.



Place the flat piece on mounting hole, hit the piece vertically with a plastic hammer and fix the plug into counterbore.

#### Note:

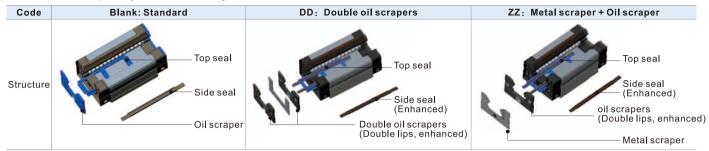
- Please make sure the plugs do not protrude the rail surface.
- •After installation, please clean the surface before use.



#### **Dust prevention illustration**

#### 1. Code and structure

AirTAC provides the following dust prevention accessories for the linear guides working in dusty environment, if the following accessories are demanded, please add the corresponding code when ordering.



#### 2. Test for high dust prevention

#### 2.1. Test item

| Test medium      | Wood chip | Iron filing | Gravel |  |
|------------------|-----------|-------------|--------|--|
| Running distance | 500km     | 500km       | 500km  |  |

#### 2.2. Test equipment







Figure2: Dust tester (Inside)

#### 2.3. Test condition

AirTAC adopts the industry's first dust tester (Figure 1) to simulate real working conditions, 360° without dead angles, all-round dust invasion (Figure 2). The dustproof test simulates multiple application scenarios, fully fill the air with wood chips, iron filings and gravels and are strictly tested to ensure the quality and dustproof effect of each block.

#### 2.4. Test result



Figure3: Steel balls



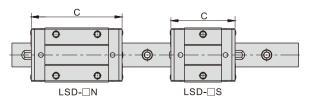
Figure4: Steel balls

Result: It can be seen from the Figure 3 and 4 that little amount of dust enters the inside of the block after testing, and the steel ball surface is still smooth, the block still runs smoothly and the performance is not affected.

Note: The above test results are obtained from AirTAC lab.

#### 3. Dimensions

Highly dustproof type blocks have different length compared with the standard blocks (only dimension C is different from the standard, the others keep same), see the table on the right for details.



|         |          | Length C(mm)        |                         |                                  |  |  |
|---------|----------|---------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Model   | Type     | Standard<br>(Blank) | Double oil scrapers(DD) | Oil scraper+Metal<br>scraper(ZZ) |  |  |
| LSD15□S | Short    | 40.5                | 47.5                    | 45                               |  |  |
| LSD15□N | Standard | 57                  | 64                      | 61.5                             |  |  |
| LSD20□S | Short    | 46                  | 53                      | 50.5                             |  |  |
| LSD20□N | Standard | 65                  | 72                      | 69.5                             |  |  |
| LSD25□S | Short    | 59                  | 66                      | 63.5                             |  |  |
| LSD25□N | Standard | 83                  | 90                      | 87.5                             |  |  |
| LSD30□S | Short    | 68.5                | 76.5                    | 73.5                             |  |  |
| LSD30□N | Standard | 97                  | 105                     | 102                              |  |  |
| LSD35□S | Short    | 73.5                | 81.5                    | 78.5                             |  |  |
| LSD35□N | Standard | 106.5               | 114.5                   | 111.5                            |  |  |



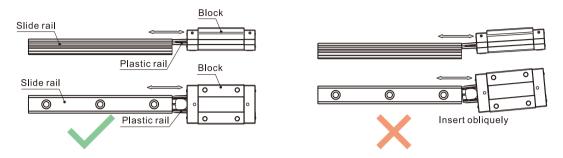
#### Precautions on use

#### 1. Block disassembly

With ball retainers and a dustproof cover, normally the balls are prevented from falling out when block is removed from rail.

However, if obliquely insert rail into blocks or quickly assembled or disassembled, there is a risk for balls of falling out.

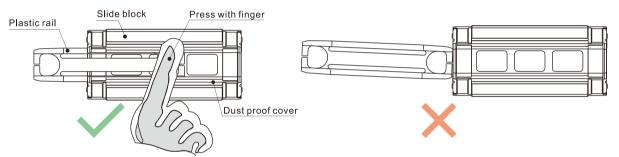
Please carefully assemble the linear guide or use plastic rails to assist.



#### 2. Plastic rail installation

A plastic rail is equipped for block set. Please do not remove plastic rail whenever it is not necessary.

If plastic rail falls out and needs to be reinstalled, press the dustproof covers with fingers and install slowly to prevent balls from falling out due to misalignment of plastic rail.



Press the dust-proof covers and insert plastic rail in alignment.

Without pressing dust-proof covers or insert plastic rail obliquely.

#### 3. Caution

- Parts may slide out if linear guide is put unevenly. Please be careful.
- Hitting or dropping linear guide could have huge effect on accuracy and lifespan even though appearance may remain intact. Please be careful.
- Do not dissemble linear guide as external objects may enter blocks and cause accuracy problem.

#### 4. Lubrication

- Linear guide have been treated with anti-rust oil during production. Before use, wipe the rail and treat it with lubrication.
- Do not mix lubricating oil (grease) with different properties.
- After lubrication, move block back and forth for the length of three blocks long and repeat at least 2 times to ensure there is a grease file on rail.

#### 5. Use

- The operating environment temperature should not exceed 80°C, and the maximum temperature should not exceed 100°C.
- Do not separate blocks from rail whenever it is not necessary. If you need to separate them, please use plastic rails to prevent steel balls from falling out.

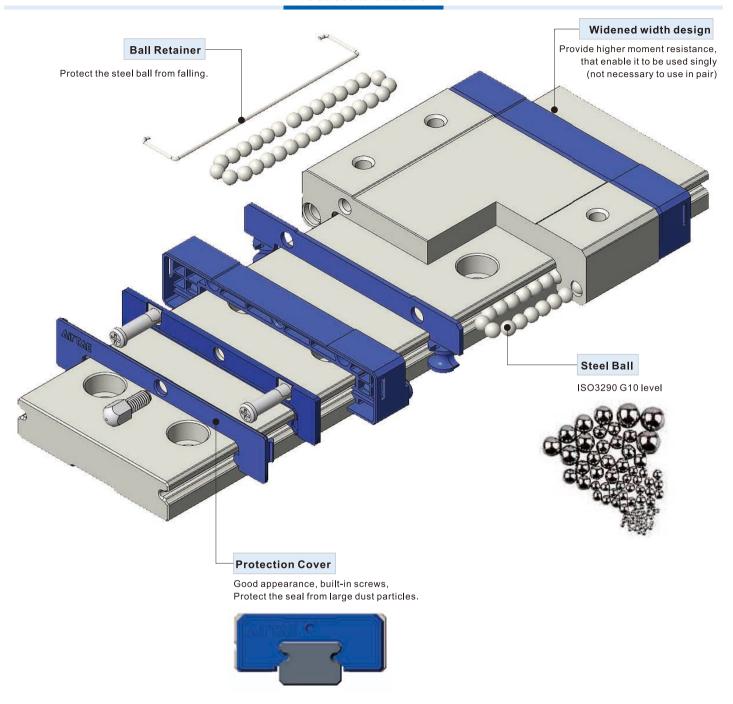
#### 6 Storage

When storing blocks, rails or linear guide set, please be sure that anti-rust oil is well applied and product is well sealed as well as placed horizontally.
 Avoid humidity and high temperatures environment.



# LRW Series Miniature Linear Guide (Widened)

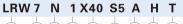
#### **Product Introduction**







#### Order Information(Combined)



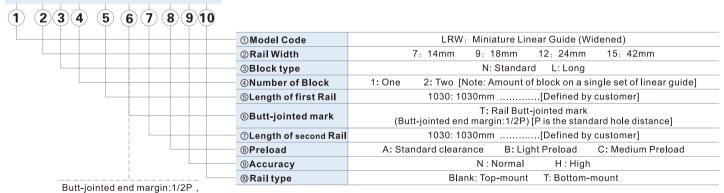
| 6 | 78 | 9   |
|---|----|-----|
|   |    |     |
|   |    |     |
|   |    |     |
|   |    |     |
|   |    |     |
|   | 6  | 678 |

| LRW: Miniature Linear Guide (Widened)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 7: 14mm 9: 18mm 12: 24mm 15: 42mm  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| N: Standard L: Long  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1: One 2: Two [Note: Amount of block on a single set of linear guide]  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40: 40mm[Defined by customer]  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| S□ : Distance from end of rail to the center of first mounting hole<br>(It is recommended to be greater than minimum margin)<br>[Refer to rail spec. Table for details ] |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A: Standard clearance B: Light Preload C: Medium Preload   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| N:Normal H:High P:Precision  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blank: Top-mount T: Bottom-mount   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

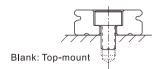
## **Butt-jointed Order Information**

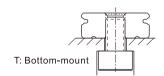
hole is defined by customer.

#### LRW 7 N 1X1030 T 1030 A H T



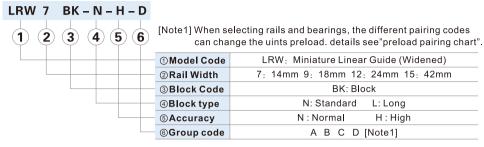
Position of the first and last [Note 1] Number of joints cannot be more than 2 times. Customization is needed for joint times more than standard. [Note2] Customization is needed is the first/last mounting hole position is out of range in 'Rail Specification Table'.

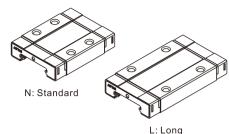




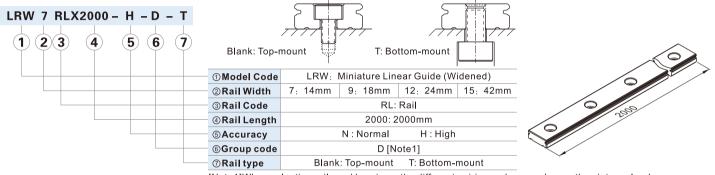


#### 1. Block Order Information



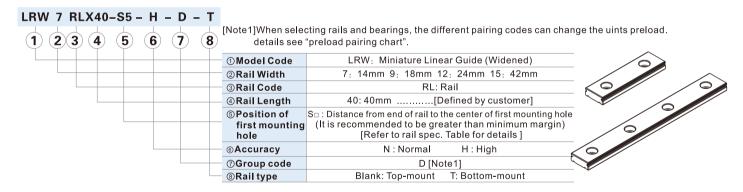


#### 2. Rail(2m) Order Information

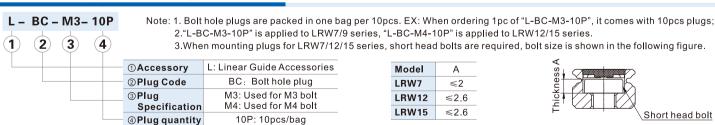


[Note1]When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the uints preload. details see "preload pairing chart".

#### 3. Rail Order Information



#### 4. Accessory(Bolt hole plug)Order Code



#### 5. Rail/Block preload pairing chart

When customer orders rail/block, please choose the pairing code of rail/block in accordance with the needed preload of linear guide(combined). Details please refer to the "preload pairing chart".

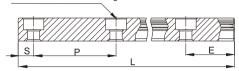
| Model | Rail<br>pairing<br>code | Block<br>pairing<br>code | Preload grade      | Model | Rail<br>pairing<br>code | Block<br>pairing<br>code | Preload grade      |
|-------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
|       |                         | Α                        | -                  |       |                         | Α                        | Medium preload     |
| LRW7  | D                       | В                        | Medium preload     | LRW12 |                         | В                        | Light preload      |
| LRW9  | D                       | С                        | Light preload      | LRW15 | D                       | С                        | -                  |
|       |                         | D                        | Standard clearance |       |                         | D                        | Standard clearance |



#### **Rail Specification**

The edge pitch of first mounting hole (S) and last mounting hole (E) should not be greater than 1/2P. Overlong edge may induce unstable installation and affect the accuracy.

n: Numbers of mounting holes



L=(n-1)×P+S+E

P: Distance between bolt holes(mm)

L: Total length of rail(mm)

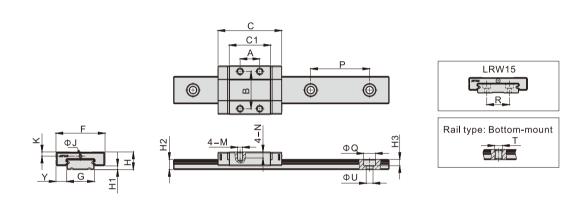
S: Edge of first mounting hole(mm)

| Model                                    | LRW7 | LRW9 | LRW12 | LRW15 |
|--|------|------|-------|-------|
| Pitch(P)                                 | 30   | 30   | 40    | 40    |
| Standard Edge Pitch(S)                   | 10   | 10   | 15    | 15    |
| Min. Edge Pitch(S/E min)                 | 4    | 4    | 5     | 5     |
| Max. Edge Pitch(S/E max)                 | 26   | 26   | 35    | 35    |
| Maximum length of rail for standard edge | 2000 | 2000 | 1990  | 1990  |
| Maximum length(Lmax)                     | 2000 | 2000 | 2000  | 2000  |

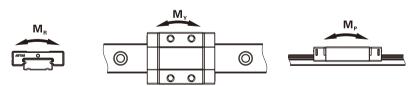
#### Note:

- Joint rail must be chosen if length of rail exceeds the maximum.
- When deciding edge pitch, it should be within the range of above table. There would be risk of broken hole if pitch is out of range.
- Maximum length of rail for standard' means the maximum length of rail can be chosen when both sides of edge pitches are standard.

#### **Specifications and Dimensions**



| Model\Item | External Dimension ( mm ) |     |    | m ) |      | Е    | Block E | imension | n ( mm ) |     |      |     | Rail Dimension ( mm ) |    |     |    |    |     |     |        |
|------------|---------------------------|-----|----|-----|------|------|---------|----------|----------|-----|------|-----|-----------------------|----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|--------|
| Modellitem | Н                         | H1  | F  | Υ   | С    | C1   | Α       | В        | М        | N   | К    | J   | G                     | R  | H2  | Р  | ФΩ | ΦИ  | Н3  | Т      |
| LRW7N      | 9                         | 1.9 | 25 | 5.5 | 32.4 | 21   | 10      | 19       | M3X0.5   | 3   | 2.15 | 1.2 | 14                    | -  | 5.2 | 30 | 6  | 3.5 | 3.2 | M4X0.7 |
| LRW7L      | 9                         | 1.9 | 25 | 5.5 | 41.9 | 30.5 | 19      | 19       | M3X0.5   | 3   | 2.15 | 1.2 | 14                    | -  | 5.2 | 30 | 6  | 3.5 | 3.2 | M4X0.7 |
| LRW9N      | 12                        | 3   | 30 | 6   | 39.9 | 27.5 | 12      | 21       | M3X0.5   | 3   | 2.85 | 1.2 | 18                    | -  | 7.3 | 30 | 6  | 3.5 | 4.5 | M4X0.7 |
| LRW9L      | 12                        | 3   | 30 | 6   | 51.9 | 39.5 | 24      | 23       | M3X0.5   | 3   | 2.85 | 1.2 | 18                    | -  | 7.3 | 30 | 6  | 3.5 | 4.5 | M4X0.7 |
| LRW12N     | 14                        | 3   | 40 | 8   | 46.1 | 31   | 15      | 28       | M3X0.5   | 3.5 | 3.15 | 1.2 | 24                    | -  | 8.5 | 40 | 8  | 4.5 | 4.5 | M5X0.8 |
| LRW12L     | 14                        | 3   | 40 | 8   | 61.1 | 46   | 28      | 28       | M3X0.5   | 3.5 | 3.15 | 1.2 | 24                    | -  | 8.5 | 40 | 8  | 4.5 | 4.5 | M5X0.8 |
| LRW15N     | 16                        | 2.7 | 60 | 9   | 57.3 | 39.3 | 20      | 45       | M4X0.7   | 4.5 | 3.45 | М3  | 42                    | 23 | 9.5 | 40 | 8  | 4.5 | 4.5 | M5X0.8 |
| LRW15L     | 16                        | 2.7 | 60 | 9   | 76.3 | 58.3 | 35      | 45       | M4X0.7   | 4.5 | 3.45 | М3  | 42                    | 23 | 9.5 | 40 | 8  | 4.5 | 4.5 | M5X0.8 |



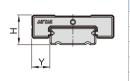
| Model\Item Mounti |       | Dynamic Load Rating(kN) | Static Load Rating(kN) | Static Ra      | ated Momer     | Weight         |           |            |
|-------------------|-------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|------------|
| woderlitem        | Screw | C <sub>100B</sub>       | C <sub>o</sub>         | M <sub>R</sub> | M <sub>P</sub> | M <sub>Y</sub> | Block(kg) | Rail(kg/m) |
| LRW7N             | М3    | 1.07                    | 1.96                   | 14.92          | 6.78           | 6.78           | 0.022     | 0.505      |
| LRW7L             | М3    | 1.47                    | 2.98                   | 22.28          | 14.75          | 14.75          | 0.030     | 0.505      |
| LRW9N             | М3    | 2.03                    | 3.91                   | 38.11          | 18.01          | 18.01          | 0.041     | 0.933      |
| LRW9L             | М3    | 2.69                    | 5.60                   | 51.81          | 32.30          | 32.30          | 0.055     | 0.933      |
| LRW12N            | M4    | 3.13                    | 5.31                   | 85.82          | 26.41          | 26.41          | 0.073     | 1.492      |
| LRW12L            | M4    | 4.08                    | 7.83                   | 97.57          | 54.50          | 54.50          | 0.105     | 1.492      |
| LRW15N            | M4    | 5.26                    | 8.76                   | 189.37         | 53.83          | 53.83          | 0.154     | 2.885      |
| LRW15L            | M4    | 6.99                    | 12.71                  | 284.06         | 116.47         | 116.47         | 0.223     | 2.885      |





#### Accuracy

LRW standard type linear guide comes with 2 accuracy levels.



| Accuracy Standards (mn         |            |         |             |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|------------|---------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Accuracy                       | N : Normal | H: High | P:Precision |  |  |  |
| Tolerance of height H          | ±0.04      | ±0.02   | ±0.01       |  |  |  |
| Variation of height $\Delta H$ | 0.03       | 0.015   | 0.007       |  |  |  |
| Tolerance of width Y           | ±0.04      | ±0.025  | ±0.015      |  |  |  |
| Variation of width $\Delta Y$  | 0.03       | 0.02    | 0.01        |  |  |  |

#### Parallelism of the raceway

| Accuracy        | Parallelism of theraceway(µm) |    |     |  |  |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|----|-----|--|--|
| Rail Length(mm) | N                             | Н  | Р   |  |  |
| 50 under        | 12                            | 6  | 2   |  |  |
| 50~80           | 13                            | 7  | 3   |  |  |
| 80~125          | 14                            | 8  | 3.5 |  |  |
| 125~200         | 15                            | 9  | 4   |  |  |
| 200~250         | 16                            | 10 | 5   |  |  |
| 250~315         | 17                            | 11 | 5   |  |  |
| 315~400         | 18                            | 11 | 6   |  |  |
| 400~500         | 19                            | 12 | 6   |  |  |
| 500~630         | 20                            | 13 | 7   |  |  |
| 630~800         | 22                            | 14 | 8   |  |  |
| 800~1000        | 23                            | 16 | 9   |  |  |
| 1000~1200       | 25                            | 18 | 11  |  |  |
| 1200~1300       | 25                            | 18 | 11  |  |  |
| 1300~1400       | 26                            | 19 | 12  |  |  |
| 1400~1500       | 27                            | 19 | 12  |  |  |
| 1500~1600       | 28                            | 20 | 13  |  |  |
| 1600~1700       | 29                            | 20 | 14  |  |  |
| 1700~1800       | 30                            | 21 | 14  |  |  |
| 1800~1900       | 30                            | 21 | 15  |  |  |
| 1900~2000       | 31                            | 22 | 15  |  |  |
| 2000-           | 31                            | 22 | 16  |  |  |

#### **Preload Level**

The LRW standard type Linear Guide has three preload categories: A,B and C.

Choosing suitable preload level will enhance rigidity, precision and torsion resistant performace of the linear guide.

| Preload            | Code | R     | adial inter | Application |        |                  |
|--------------------|------|-------|-------------|-------------|--------|------------------|
| Fleibau            | Code | 7     | 9           | 12          | 15     | Аррисации        |
| Standard clearance | Α    | -2~+2 | -2~+2       | -2~+3       | -2~+3  | Smooth operation |
| Light Preload      | В    | -4~-2 | -5~-2       | -6~-2       | -7~-2  | High precision   |
| Medium Preload     | С    | -7~-3 | -8~-4       | -9~-5       | -10~-6 | High rigidity    |

#### **Load Capacity and Rating Life**

#### 1. Basic static load rating (C<sub>0</sub>)

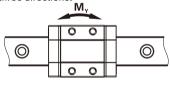
It is defined as the static load when the total permanent deformation of the steel ball and the surface of the groove is exactly one ten-thousandth of the diameter of the steel ball under the state of the load direction and size unchanged.

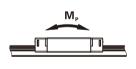
#### 2. Allowable static moment(M₀)

When the steel ball subjected to the maximum stress in the slider reaches a static rated load condition, this loading moment is called the

"Static permissible moment". The definition comes in three directions







#### 3. Static safety factor( $f_s$ )

Impact, vibration and inertial loading during start and stop moment lead to unexpected load on the linear guide way.

Therefore, when calculating the static load, safety factors must be considered.

| Load Condition                  | f <sub>s</sub> |
|---------------------------------|----------------|
| Normal Load                     | 1.0~2.0        |
| Load with Impacts or Vibrations | 2.0~3.0        |

$$f_s = \frac{C_0}{P} = \frac{M_0}{M}$$

f, Static safety factor

 $C_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$ : Basic static load rating

(N) (N.m)

M<sub>o</sub>: Static permissible moment

(N)

P : Calculated working load M : Calculated applying moment

(N.m)

#### 4. Load factor(f...)

The loads acting on a linear guide way include the weight of block, the inertia load at the times of start and stop, and the moment loads caused by overhanging. Therefore, the load on a linear guide way should be divided by the empirical factor.

| Loading condition        | Use speed   | f <sub>w</sub> |
|--------------------------|---|----------------|
| No impacts & vibration   | V≤15m/min   | 1~1.2          |
| Small impacts            | 15m/min <v≤60m min<="" td=""><td>1.2~1.5</td></v≤60m>   | 1.2~1.5        |
| Normal load              | 60m/min <v≤120m min<="" td=""><td>1.5~2.0</td></v≤120m> | 1.5~2.0        |
| With impacts & vibration | V>120m/min  | 2.0~3.5        |

#### 5. Basic dynamic load rating(C<sub>100B</sub>)

C<sub>1008</sub>: (According to ISO 14728-1) As the direction and magnitude remains the same, C<sub>1008</sub> is the maximum workload for the product to maintain its nominal life at 100km of operation.





#### 6. Calculation of Nominal Life(L)

Recognizing that nominal life of a linear guide is affected by the actual working loads, the general calculation of the nominal life excluding the environmental factors is carried out as follow::

$$L = \left(\frac{C_{100B}}{f_w x P}\right)^3 x 10^5$$

$$L = Nominal Life$$

(N)

C<sub>100B</sub>= Dynamic Load Rating

f<sub>w</sub>: Load Factor

=Equivalent load (N)

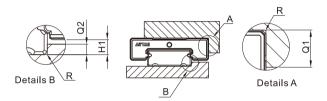
Taking LRW9N for example, its  $C_{\tiny{1008}}$  is 2.03kN. Therefore, when the product bears a 1.5kN equivalent load  $P_{\tiny{V}}$   $f_w$ =1,

its theoretical rated life can be calculated as follows:   
 
$$L = (\frac{C_{_{100B}}}{f_{_{w}}xP})^{_{3}}x10^{_{5}} = (\frac{2.03}{1x1.5})^{_{3}}x10^{_{5}} = 247865 \text{ m} = 247.9 \text{ km}$$

## Installation Illustration

#### 1. Height and Chamfer of Reference Edge

In order to ensure accurate installation of LRW Linear Guide, the contact space should not exceed the given figures in following table.



|       |    |     |     | Unit : mm |
|-------|----|-----|-----|-----------|
| Model | Q1 | Q2  | H1  | R(Max)    |
| LRW7  | 3  | 1.6 | 1.9 | 0.2       |
| LRW9  | 3  | 2.7 | 3   | 0.3       |
| LRW12 | 4  | 2.7 | 3   | 0.4       |
| LRW15 | 5  | 2.4 | 2.7 | 0.5       |

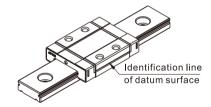
#### 2. Screw Tighten Torque

When installing linear guide, whether the screws are well tighten and surface is well contacted will affect accuracy significantly. Please refer to following table for tightening force to ensure a perfect installation.

| Model | Screw | 1    | ighten To | orque(N.cm)    |  |
|-------|-------|------|-----------|----------------|--|
| wodei | size  | Iron | Casting   | Aluminum alloy |  |
| LRW7  | М3    | 196  | 127       | 0.0            |  |
| LRW9  | IVIS  | 196  |           | 98             |  |
| LRW12 | M4    | 440  | 274       | 206            |  |
| LRW15 | IVI4  | 412  | 2/4       | 206            |  |

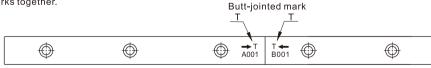
#### 3. Datum plane

- Datum plane for installation must be ground or finely milled to ensure accuracy.
- Both sides of Rail can be used as the datum plane.
- For multi-blocks on a rail, identification line on blocks should be put on the same side to ensure moving accuracy.

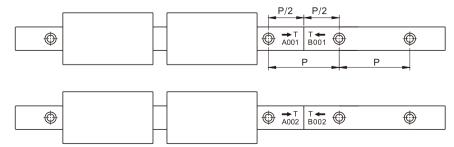


#### Rail Butt-jointed

• When jointing rails, it must follow group marks on rail to ensure the accuracy of linear guide. These marks are located on the top surface at joint side. Please put the same group marks together.



- Be aware serial number of group mark when assemble. A001 and B001 are in a group, so as to A002 and B002 and so on.
- Be aware the installation direction while assembly, the serial numbers are not upside down and arrows point to each other.





#### Lubrication method

When a linear guide is well lubricated, it can reduce wear and increase lifespan significantly. Lubrication has the following benefits:

- Reduces friction of the rollers and raceway to minimize wear.
- The grease film between contact surface can prevent roller fatigue.
- Prevent rust.

#### 1. Lubrication method

LRW series linear guide is well lubricated with 'Shell Alvania grease S2' in factory. Customers are recommended to use identical or the same grade of lubricant.

Refer to table on the right for suggested amount:

In order to be well lubricated, the blocks need to be moved back and forth while lubricating. Lubrication can be done either by manual or automatic device.

| 2 | Lubricati | ion fred   | illency |
|---|-----------|------------|---------|
|   | Lubiicati | IOII II EQ | uciicy  |

Although the linear guides are well lubricated at the factory and retains grease well, frequent lubrication is still necessary to avoid undesirable wear.

Recommended lubrication period is every 100km of movement or every 3~6 months.

(Refer to table on the right for suggested amount)

| Model  | Grease amount for the first lubrication(cm³) | Replenishment amount(cm³) |
|--------|--|---------------------------|
| LRW7N  | 0.17   | 0.09                      |
| LRW7L  | 0.2  | 0.1                       |
| LRW9N  | 0.27   | 0.14                      |
| LRW9L  | 0.36   | 0.18                      |
| LRW12N | 0.45   | 0.23                      |
| LRW12L | 0.6  | 0.3                       |
| LRW15N | 0.81   | 0.41                      |
| LRW15L | 1.06   | 0.53                      |

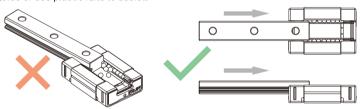
#### Precautions on use

#### 1. Block disassembly

With ball retainers, normally the balls are prevented from falling out when block is removed from rail.

However, if obliquely insert rail into blocks or quickly assembled or disassembled, there is a risk for balls of falling out.

Please carefully assemble the linear guide or use plastic rails to assist.



#### 2. Caution

- Parts may slide out if linear guide is put unevenly. Please be careful.
- · Hitting or dropping linear guide could have huge effect on accuracy and lifespan even though appearance may remain intact. Please be careful.
- Do not dissemble linear guide as external objects may enter blocks and cause accuracy problem.

#### 3. Lubrication

- Linear guide have been treated with anti-rust oil during production. Before use, wipe the rail and treat it with lubrication.
- Do not mix lubricating oil (grease) with different properties.
- •After lubrication, move block back and forth for the length of three blocks long and repeat at least 2 times to ensure there is a grease file on rail.

#### 4. Use

- The operating environment temperature should not exceed 80°C, and the maximum temperature should not exceed 100°C.
- Do not separate blocks from rail whenever it is not necessary. If you need to separate them, please use plastic rails to prevent steel balls from falling out.

#### 5. Storage

• When storing blocks, rails or linear guide set, please be sure that anti-rust oil is well applied and product is well sealed as well as placed horizontally.

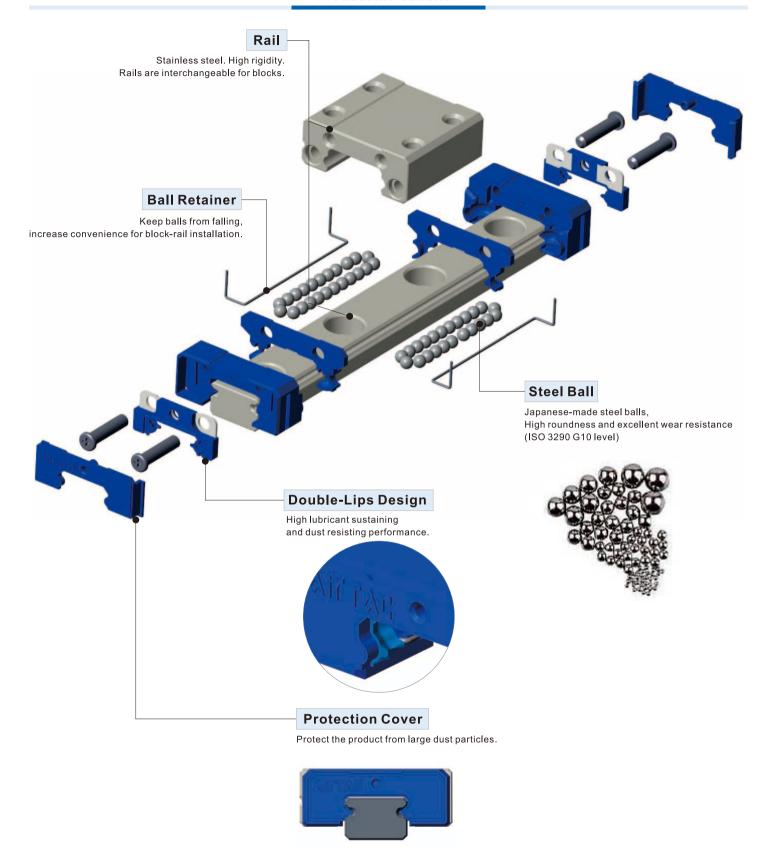
Avoid humidity and high temperatures environment.



# A

# LRM Series Miniature Linear Guide

#### **Product Introduction**



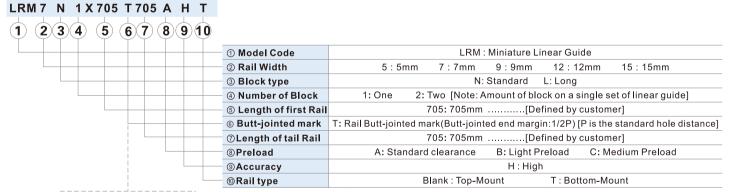




#### Order Information(Combined)

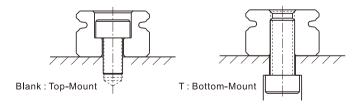
#### LRM 7 N 1 X40 S5 A H T **(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9)** ① Model Code LRM: Miniature Linear Guide ② Rail Width 9:9mm 12:12mm 5 : 5mm 7:7mm15:15mm 3 Block type N: Standard L: Long 2: Two [Note: Amount of block on a single set of linear guide] 1: One **4 Number of Block** [Refer to rail spec. table for detail] **⑤ Rail Length** 40: 40mm..... S : Distance from end of rail to the center of first mounting hole. **®Position of first** (It is recommended to be greater than minimum edge) mounting hole [Refer to rail spec table for details] B: Light Preload C: Medium Preload A: Standard clearance ⑦ Preload P : Precision H: High **® Accuracy** T: Bottom-Mount Rail type Blank: Top-Mount

# **Butt-jointed Order Information**



Butt-jointed end margin:1/2P, Position of the first and last hole is defined by customer.  $[Note \ 1] \ Allow \ only \ two \ rails \ for \ standard \ joint. \ Customization \ is \ needed \ for \ more \ than \ two \ rails.$ 

[Note 2] Customization is needed if the first/last mounting hole position is out of range in 'Rail Specification Table'.





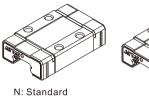
#### 1. Block Order Information

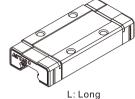
# LRM 7 BK-N-H-D (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)

Notes: 1. When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the units preload, details see "preload pairing chart".

2. LRM5 block cannot be ordered individually.

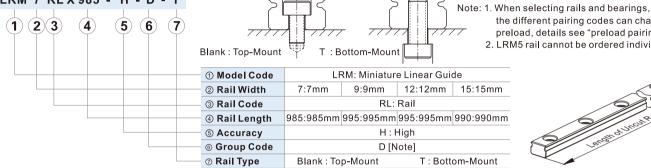
| ① Model Code | LRM : Miniature Linear Guide |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| ② Rail Width | 7:7mm 9:9mm 12:12mm 15:15mm  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ③ Block Code | BK: Block                    |  |  |  |  |  |
| ④ BlockType  | N: Standard L: Long          |  |  |  |  |  |
| ⑤ Accuracy   | H : High                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| ® Group Code | A B C D[Note]                |  |  |  |  |  |

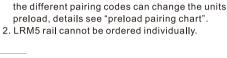


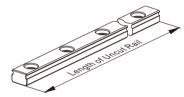


#### 2. Uncut Rail Order Information

LRM 7 RLX985 - H - D - T





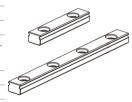


#### 3. Rail Order Information

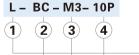


Note: 1. When selecting rails and bearings, the different pairing codes can change the units preload, details see "preload pairing chart'

| (4) (0)(0) (4) (F) (0) (7) (0) | rail cannot be ordered individually.                |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| ① Model Code                   | LRM: Miniature Linear Guide                         |  |  |  |  |
| ② Rail Width                   | 7:7mm 9:9mm 12:12mm 15:15mm                         |  |  |  |  |
| ③ Rail Code                    | RL: Rail  |  |  |  |  |
| ④ Rail Length                  | 40: 40mm [Refer to rail spec. table for detail]     |  |  |  |  |
| ⑤ Position of f                | (It is recommended to be greater than minimum edge) |  |  |  |  |
| ® Accuracy                     | H : High  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>⊕ ⊕ ⊕ © Group Code</b>      | D [Note]  |  |  |  |  |
| ® Rail Type                    | Blank : Top-Mount T : Bottom-Mount                  |  |  |  |  |

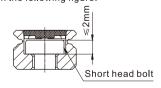


#### 4. Accessory (Bolt hole plug) Order Code



- 1. Bolt hole plugs are packed in one bag per 10pcs. EX: When ordering 1pc of "L-BC-M3-10P", it comes with 10pcs plugs;
- 2."L-BC-M3-10P" is applied to LRM9/12/15 series;
- 3. When mounting plugs for LRM9 series, short head bolts are required, bolt size is shown in the following figure.

| <b>①Accessories</b>    | L: Linear Guide Accessory |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| ②Plug Code             | BC: Bolt hole plug        |
| ③Plug Specification    | M3: Used for M3 bolt      |
| <b>4</b> Plug quantity | 10P: 10pcs/bag            |



# 5. Rail/Block preload pairing chart

When customer orders rail/block, please choose the pairing code of rail/block in accordance with the needed preload of linear guide(combined). Details please refer to the "preload pairing chart".

| LRM7、LRM9 Preload pairing chart |    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|----|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Preloa                          | ad | Rail pairing code  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| grade                           | Э  | D                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Block                           | В  | Medium preload     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| pairing C                       |    | Light preload      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| code                            | D  | Standard clearance |  |  |  |  |  |  |

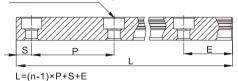
| LRM12、LRM15 Preload pairing chart |    |                    |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|----|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Preloa                            | ıd | Rail pairing code  |  |  |  |  |  |
| grade                             | Э  | D                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Block pairing C D                 | Α  | Medium preload     |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                   | В  | Light preload      |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                   | С  | -                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                                   | D  | Standard clearance |  |  |  |  |  |



#### **Rail Specification**

The edge pitch of first mounting hole (S) and last mounting hole (E) should not be greater than 1/2P. Overlong edge may induce unstable installation and affect the accuracy.

n: Numbers of mounting holes



- L: Total length of rail(mm)
- L. Total length of fall(lilli)
- n: Numbers of mounting holes on rail
- P: Distance between bolt holes(mm)
- S: Edge of first mounting hole(mm)
- E: Edge of last mounting hole(mm)

| Model | Maximum length(L max)(mm) |
|-------|---------------------------|
| LRM5  | 490                       |
| LRM7  | 985                       |
| LRM9  | 995                       |
| LRM12 | 995                       |
| LRM15 | 990                       |

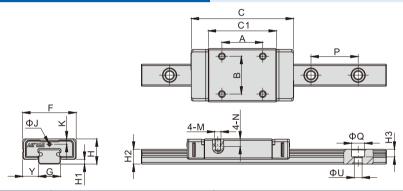
| Model | Pitch(P) | Standard Edge pitch | Min. Edge Pitch<br>(S/E min) | Max. Edge Pitch<br>(S/E max) |
|-------|----------|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| LRM5  | 15       | 5                   | 3                            | 10                           |
| LRM7  | 15       | 5                   | 3                            | 10                           |
| LRM9  | 20       | 7.5                 | 4                            | 15                           |
| LRM12 | 25       | 10                  | 4                            | 20                           |
| LRM15 | 40       | 15                  | 4                            | 35                           |

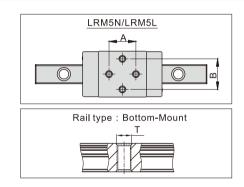
Note: •Joint rail must be chosen if length of rail exceeds the maximum.

• When deciding edge pitch, it should be within the range of above table.

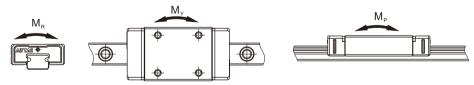
There would be risk of broken hole if pitch is out of range.

# **Specifications and Dimensions**





| Model\Item   | External Dimension ( mm ) |     |    |     | Block Dimension ( mm ) |      |    |    |        | Rail Dimension ( mm ) |     |     |    |     |    |     |     |     |        |
|--------------|---------------------------|-----|----|-----|------------------------|------|----|----|--------|-----------------------|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| Model/Itelli | Н                         | H1  | F  | Υ   | С                      | C1   | Α  | В  | М      | N                     | K   | ΦЈ  | G  | H2  | Р  | ΦQ  | ΦU  | НЗ  | Т      |
| LRM5N        | 6                         | 1.5 | 12 | 3.5 | 18.2                   | 10   | 7  | 8  | M2X0.4 | 1.5                   | 1.3 | 0.7 | 5  | 3.5 | 15 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 1.1 | M3X0.5 |
| LRM5L        | 6                         | 1.5 | 12 | 3.5 | 21.2                   | 13   | 7  | 8  | M2X0.4 | 1.5                   | 1.3 | 0.7 | 5  | 3.5 | 15 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 1.1 | M3X0.5 |
| LRM7N        | 8                         | 1.5 | 17 | 5   | 24.3                   | 13.5 | 8  | 12 | M2X0.4 | 2.3                   | 1.7 | 0.7 | 7  | 4.7 | 15 | 4.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | M3X0.5 |
| LRM7L        | 8                         | 1.5 | 17 | 5   | 32.5                   | 21.7 | 13 | 12 | M2X0.4 | 2.3                   | 1.7 | 0.7 | 7  | 4.7 | 15 | 4.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | M3X0.5 |
| LRM9N        | 10                        | 2   | 20 | 5.5 | 31                     | 18.9 | 10 | 15 | M3X0.5 | 2.8                   | 2.2 | 1   | 9  | 5.6 | 20 | 6   | 3.5 | 3.4 | M4X0.7 |
| LRM9L        | 10                        | 2   | 20 | 5.5 | 42.1                   | 30   | 16 | 15 | M3X0.5 | 2.8                   | 2.2 | 1   | 9  | 5.6 | 20 | 6   | 3.5 | 3.4 | M4X0.7 |
| LRM12N       | 13                        | 3   | 27 | 7.5 | 37.6                   | 21.7 | 15 | 20 | M3X0.5 | 4                     | 3   | 1.5 | 12 | 7.5 | 25 | 6   | 3.5 | 4.4 | M4X0.7 |
| LRM12L       | 13                        | 3   | 27 | 7.5 | 48.4                   | 32.5 | 20 | 20 | M3X0.5 | 4                     | 3   | 1.5 | 12 | 7.5 | 25 | 6   | 3.5 | 4.4 | M4X0.7 |
| LRM15N       | 16                        | 3.5 | 32 | 8.5 | 48                     | 28   | 20 | 25 | M3X0.5 | 4                     | 3.7 | М3  | 15 | 9.5 | 40 | 6   | 3.5 | 4.4 | M4X0.7 |
| LRM15L       | 16                        | 3.5 | 32 | 8.5 | 65                     | 45   | 25 | 25 | M3X0.5 | 4                     | 3.7 | М3  | 15 | 9.5 | 40 | 6   | 3.5 | 4.4 | M4X0.7 |

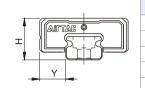


| Model\Item | Mounting | Dynamic Load Rating(kN) | Static Load Rating(kN) | Static R | ated Mome      | nt (N.m)                   | Wei       | ght        |
|------------|----------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Model/Item | Screw    | C <sub>100B</sub>       | C <sub>o</sub>         | $M_{R}$  | M <sub>P</sub> | $M_{\scriptscriptstyle Y}$ | Block(kg) | Rail(kg/m) |
| LRM5N      | M2       | 0.33                    | 0.55                   | 1.68     | 0.99           | 0.99                       | 0.0035    | 0.114      |
| LRM5L      | M2       | 0.48                    | 0.9                    | 2.4      | 2.08           | 2.08                       | 0.004     | 0.114      |
| LRM7N      | M2       | 1.02                    | 1.53                   | 5.42     | 3.17           | 3.17                       | 0.009     | 0.22       |
| LRM7L      | M2       | 1.43                    | 2.45                   | 9.27     | 7.96           | 7.96                       | 0.014     | 0.22       |
| LRM9N      | М3       | 1.97                    | 2.6                    | 11.84    | 8.19           | 8.19                       | 0.018     | 0.315      |
| LRM9L      | М3       | 2.61                    | 4.11                   | 19.73    | 18.94          | 18.94                      | 0.027     | 0.315      |
| LRM12N     | М3       | 3.04                    | 3.86                   | 23.63    | 12.57          | 12.57                      | 0.037     | 0.602      |
| LRM12L     | М3       | 3.96                    | 5.9                    | 40.96    | 32.57          | 32.57                      | 0.053     | 0.602      |
| LRM15N     | М3       | 4.27                    | 5.7                    | 45.05    | 23.05          | 23.05                      | 0.054     | 0.981      |
| LRM15L     | М3       | 6.53                    | 9.53                   | 70.08    | 63.69          | 63.69                      | 0.088     | 0.981      |



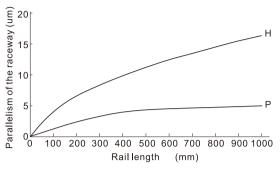
#### **Accuracy**

LRM miniature linear guide comes with 2 accuracy levels.



| Accuracy Star                  | ( <b>mm</b> ) |             |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| Accuracy                       | H: High       | P:Precision |
| Tolerance of height H          | ±0.02         | ±0.01       |
| Variation of height $\Delta H$ | 0.015         | 0.007       |
| Tolerance of width Y           | ±0.025        | ±0.015      |
| Variation of width $\Delta Y$  | 0.02          | 0.01        |

Parallelism of motion relative to benchmark surface.



#### **Preload Level**

LRM Miniature Linear Guide has three preload categories: A,B and C.

Choosing suitable preload level will enhance rigidity, precision and torsion resistant performace of the linear guide.

| Preload Level      | Code |       | R     | adial inte | rference | (µ <b>m</b> ) | Application      |
|--------------------|------|-------|-------|------------|----------|---------------|------------------|
| Preioad Level      | Code | 5     | 7     | 9          | 12       | 15            | Application      |
| Standard clearance | Α    | -1~+2 | -2~+2 | -2~+2      | -2~+3    | -2~+3         | Smooth operation |
| Light Preload      | В    | -3~-1 | -4~-2 | -5~-2      | -6~-2    | -7~-2         | High Precision   |
| Medium Preload     | С    | -6~-2 | -7~-3 | -8~-4      | -9~-5    | -10~-6        | High rigidity    |

## **Load Capacity and Rating Life**

#### 1. Basic static load rating(C<sub>0</sub>)

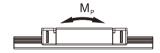
It is defined as the static load when the total permanent deformation of the steel ball and the surface of the groove is exactly one ten-thousandth of the diameter of the steel ball under the state of the load direction and size unchanged.

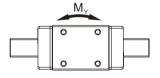
#### 2. Static Permissible Moment(M<sub>0</sub>)

When the steel ball subjected to the maximum stress in the slider reaches a static rated load condition, this loading moment is called the

"Static permissible moment". The definition comes in three directions.







#### 3. Static Safety Factor(f<sub>s</sub>)

Impact, vibration and inertial loading during start and stop moment lead to unexpected load on the linear guide way.

Therefore, when calculating the static load, safety factors must be considered.

| Load Condition                  | f <sub>s</sub> |  |  |
|---------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Normal Load                     | 1.0~2.0        |  |  |
| Load with Impacts or Vibrations | 2.0~3.0        |  |  |

$$f_s = \frac{C_0}{P} = \frac{M}{M}$$

f<sub>s</sub> : Static safety factor

 $C_0$ : Basic static load rating (N)

 $M_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$ : Static permissible moment (N.m)

P : Calculated working load (N)

M : Calculated applying moment (N.m)

#### 4. Load Factor(f<sub>w</sub>)

The loads acting on a linear guide way include the weight of block, the inertia load at the times of start and stop, and the moment loads caused by overhanging. Therefore, the load on a linear guide way should be divided by the empirical factor.

| Loading condition        | Service speed   | f <sub>w</sub> |
|--------------------------|---|----------------|
| No impacts & vibration   | V≤15m/min   | 1~1.2          |
| Small impacts            | 15m/min <v≤60m min<="" td=""><td>1.2~1.5</td></v≤60m>   | 1.2~1.5        |
| Normal load              | 60m/min <v≤120m min<="" td=""><td>1.5~2.0</td></v≤120m> | 1.5~2.0        |
| With impacts & vibration | V>120m/min  | 2.0~3.5        |

#### 5. Dynamic Load Rating(C<sub>100B</sub>)

C<sub>1008</sub>: (According to ISO 14728-1) As the direction and magnitude remains the same, C<sub>1008</sub> is the maximum workload for the product to maintain its nominal life at 100km of operation.

# AITTAL

#### LRM Series

#### 6. Calculation of Nominal Life(L)

Recognizing that nominal life of a linear guide is affected by the actual working loads, the general calculation of the nominal life excluding the environmental factors is carried out as follow:

$$L = \left(\frac{C_{100B}}{f_w x P}\right)^3 x 10^5$$

. = Nominal Life (r

 $C_{100B}$ = Dynamic Load Rating (N)

f<sub>w</sub>: Load Factor

P =Equivalent load (N)

Taking LRM9N for example, its  $C_{\tiny{1008}}$  is 1.97kN. Therefore, when the product bears a 1.5kN equivalent load P.  $f_{\tiny{w}}$ =1,

its theoretical rated life can be calculated as follows:

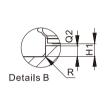
$$L = \left(\frac{C_{1008}}{f_w x P}\right)^3 x 10^5 = \left(\frac{1.97}{1 x 1.5}\right)^3 x 10^5 = 226529 \text{ m} = 226.5 \text{ km}$$

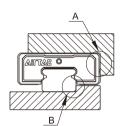
#### Installation Illustration

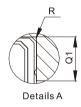
#### 1 Height and Chamfer of Reference Edge

In order to ensure accurate installation of LRM Linear Guide, the contact space should not exceed the given figures in following table.

|       |    |     | l   | Jnit : mm |
|-------|----|-----|-----|-----------|
| Model | Q1 | Q2  | H1  | R(Max)    |
| LRM5  | 2  | 1.2 | 1.5 | 0.2       |
| LRM7  | 3  | 1.2 | 1.5 | 0.2       |
| LRM9  | 3  | 1.7 | 2   | 0.3       |
| LRM12 | 4  | 2.7 | 3   | 0.4       |
| LRM15 | 5  | 3.2 | 3.5 | 0.5       |





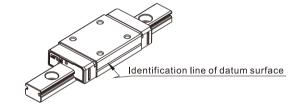


#### 2. Screw Tighten Torque

| Model | Screw | Tighten Torque(N.cm) |         |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|-------|----------------------|---------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| woder | size  | Iron                 | Casting | Aluminum alloy |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LRM5  | M2    | 58.8                 | 39.2    | 29.4           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LRM7  | IVIZ  | 30.0                 | 39.2    | 29.4           |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LRM9  |       |                      |         |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LRM12 | М3    | 196                  | 127     | 98             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LRM15 |       |                      |         |                |  |  |  |  |  |  |

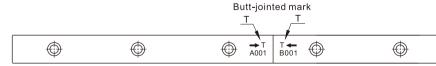
#### 3. Datum plane

- Datum plane for installation must be ground or finely milled to ensure accuracy.
- Both sides of rail can be used as the datum plane.
- For multi-blocks on a rail, identification line on blocks should be put on the same side to ensure moving accuracy.

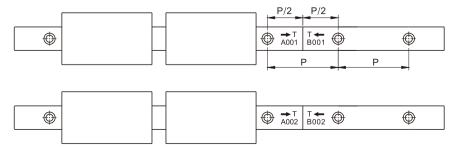


#### Rail Butt-jointed

When jointing rails, it must follow group marks on rail to ensure the accuracy of linear guide.
 These marks are located on the top surface at joint side. Please put the same group marks together.



- ullet Be aware serial number of group mark when assemble. A001 and B001 are in a group, so as to A002 and B002 and so on.
- Be aware the installation direction while assembly, the serial numbers are not upside down and arrows point to each other.





#### **Lubrication Method**

When a linear guide is well lubricated, it can reduce wear and increase lifespan significantly. Lubrication has the following benefits:

- Reduces friction of the rollers and rail to minimize wear.
- The grease film between contact surface can decrease the fatigue failure.
- Prevent rust.

#### 1. Lubrication method

LRM series linear guide is well lubricated with 'Synergy Grease PS NO.2' in factory. Customers are recommended to use identical or the same grade of lubricant.

Please refer to the right table for the amount of oil:

In order to be well lubricated, the blocks need to be moved back and forth after lubricating.

Lubrication can be done either by manual or automatic device.

#### 2. Lubrication frequency

Although the linear guides are well lubricated at the factory and retains grease well, frequent lubrication is still necessary to avoid undesirable wear.

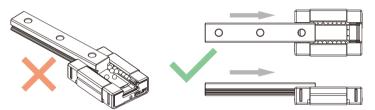
Recommended lubrication period is every 100km of movement or every 3~6 months. (Refer to table on the right for suggested amount).

| Model  | Initial lubrication (cm³) | Replenishment amount (cm³) |
|--------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| LRM5N  | 0.02                      | 0.01                       |
| LRM5L  | 0.03                      | 0.015                      |
| LRM7N  | 0.1                       | 0.05                       |
| LRM7L  | 0.13                      | 0.07                       |
| LRM9N  | 0.2                       | 0.1                        |
| LRM9L  | 0.28                      | 0.14                       |
| LRM12N | 0.34                      | 0.17                       |
| LRM12L | 0.45                      | 0.23                       |
| LRM15N | 0.72                      | 0.36                       |
| LRM15L | 1.0                       | 0.50                       |

#### Precautions on use

#### 1. Block disassembly

LRM is equipped with ball retainers to prevent steel balls from falling out when block separates from rail. However, if obliquely insert rail into blocks or quickly assemble and disassemble, there is risk for steel balls of falling out. Please carefully assemble the linear guide or use plastic rails to assist.



#### 2. Caution

- Parts may slide out if linear guide is put unevenly. Please be careful.
- Hitting or dropping a linear guide could have huge effects on accuracy and lifespan even though appearance may remain intact. Please be careful.
- Do not separate linear guide as external objects may enter blocks and cause accuracy problem.

#### 3. Lubrication

- Linear guide have been treated with anti-rust oil during production. Before use, wipe the rail and treat it with lubrication.
- Do not mix lubricating oil (grease) with different properties.
- While lubricating, the block needs to be moved back and forth. After lubrication, there should be a grease film on rail.

#### 4. Use

- The operating environment temperature should not exceed 80°C, and the maximum temperature should not exceed 100°C.
- Do not separate blocks from rail whenever it is not necessary. If you need to separate them, please use plastic rails to prevent steel balls from falling out.

#### 5. Storage

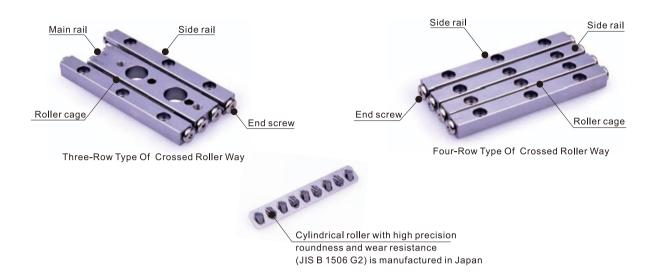
When storing blocks, rails or set, please be sure that anti-rust oil is well applied and product is well sealed as well as placed horizontally.
 Avoid humidity and high temperatures environment.



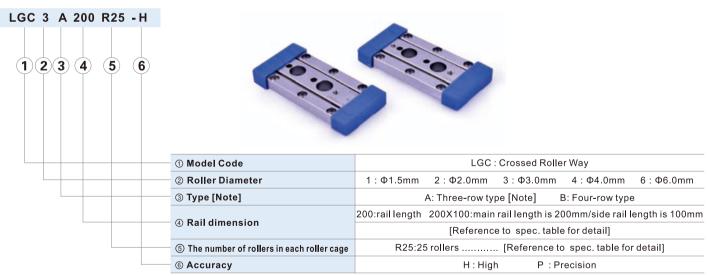
# **LGC Series Crossed Roller Way**

#### **Product Introduction**

Crossed Roller provides high rigidity and high accuracy linear movement with non-recirculating rollers design. By cross-arrangement of rollers, it will hugely reduce friction meanwhile provide high rigidity for rollers to bear heavy loads. Crossed roller is mainly used in high precision machine and measurement equipment such as circuit board printer, optical measurement instrument, X-ray equipment or base for multiple kinds of instruments.



#### **Order Information**



[Note] LGC6: only for type B.



## Cross Reference Table for Maximun Stroke & Roller numbers

| LGC1               |      | Numbers of rollers in one roller cage |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------|------|---------------------------------------|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Max. Stroke        | (mm) | R6                                    | R7 | R8 | R9 | R10 | R11 | R13 | R16 | R19 |  |  |  |  |  |
|                    | 20   | 12                                    | 7  | -  | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |  |  |  |
|                    | 30   | -                                     | -  | 22 | 17 | 12  | 7   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shortest           | 40   | -                                     | -  | -  | -  | -   | 27  | 17  | -   | -   |  |  |  |  |  |
| length<br>of rails | 50   | -                                     | -  | -  | -  | -   | -   | 37  | 22  | 7   |  |  |  |  |  |
| (mm)               | 60   | -                                     | -  | -  | -  | -   | -   | -   | 42  | 27  |  |  |  |  |  |
| , ,                | 70   | -                                     | -  | -  | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | 47  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                    | 80   | -                                     | -  | -  | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | 67  |  |  |  |  |  |

# The standard quantity of rollers

Alternative options of the quantity of rollers

| LGC3               |      | Numbers of rollers in one roller cage |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|--------------------|------|---------------------------------------|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Max. Stroke        | (mm) | R7                                    | R8 | R9 | R10 | R11 | R13 | R16 | R19 | R22 | R25 | R28 | R32 | R36 | R40 |
|                    | 50   | 34                                    | 24 | 14 | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |
|                    | 75   | -                                     | -  | -  | 54  | 44  | 24  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |
|                    | 100  | -                                     | -  | -  | -   | -   | 74  | 44  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |
|                    | 125  | -                                     | -  | -  | -   | -   | -   | 94  | 64  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |
| Shortest           | 150  | -                                     | -  | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | 114 | 84  | 54  | -   | -   | -   |     |
| length<br>of rails | 175  | -                                     | -  | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 134 | 104 | 74  | -   | -   | -   |
| (mm)               | 200  | -                                     | -  | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 154 | 124 | 84  | -   | -   |
| ()                 | 225  | -                                     | -  | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 174 | 134 | 94  | -   |
|                    | 250  | -                                     | -  | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 184 | 144 | 104 |
|                    | 275  | -                                     | -  | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 234 | 194 | 154 |
|                    | 300  | -                                     | -  | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 244 | 204 |

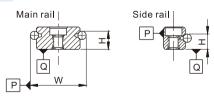
| LGC2               | LGC2 |    |    | Numbers of rollers in one roller cage |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |  |  |
|--------------------|------|----|----|---------------------------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| Max. Stroke        | (mm) | R6 | R7 | R8                                    | R9 | R10 | R11 | R13 | R16 | R19 | R22 | R25 | R28 | R32 | R36 |  |  |  |
|                    | 30   | 16 | 8  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |  |
|                    | 45   | -  | -  | 30                                    | 22 | 14  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |  |
|                    | 60   | -  | -  | -                                     | -  | -   | 36  | 20  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |  |
|                    | 75   | -  | -  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | 50  | 26  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |  |
| Shortest           | 90   | -  | -  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | 56  | 32  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |  |
| length<br>of rails | 105  | -  | -  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | 62  | 38  | _   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |  |
| (mm)               | 120  | -  | -  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 68  | 44  | -   | -   | -   |  |  |  |
| ()                 | 135  | -  | -  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 98  | 74  | 50  | -   | -   |  |  |  |
|                    | 150  | -  | -  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 104 | 80  | 48  | -   |  |  |  |
|                    | 165  | -  | -  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 110 | 78  | 45  |  |  |  |
|                    | 180  | -  | -  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 140 | 108 | 76  |  |  |  |

| LGC4               |      | Numbers of rollers in one roller cage |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |
|--------------------|------|---------------------------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| Max. Stroke        | (mm) | R8                                    | R9 | R10 | R11 | R13 | R16 | R19 | R22 | R25 | R28 | R32 | R36 | R40 | R45 |  |
|                    | 80   | 54                                    | 40 | 26  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |
|                    | 120  | -                                     | -  | -   | 92  | 64  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |
|                    | 160  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | 102 | 60  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |
| <b>.</b>           | 200  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | 140 | 98  | 56  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |
| Shortest           | 240  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 178 | 136 | 94  | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |
| length<br>of rails | 280  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 216 | 174 | 118 | -   | -   | -   |  |
| (mm)               | 320  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 254 | 198 | 142 | 86  | -   |  |
| ()                 | 360  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 278 | 222 | 166 | 96  |  |
|                    | 400  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 358 | 302 | 246 | 176 |  |
|                    | 440  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 382 | 326 | 256 |  |
|                    | 480  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 406 | 336 |  |

| LGC6               |      | Numbers of rollers in one roller cage |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |  |  |
|--------------------|------|---------------------------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| Max. Stroke        | (mm) | R8                                    | R9 | R11 | R13 | R16 | R19 | R22 | R25 | R28 | R32 | R36 | R40 | R45 |  |  |
|                    | 100  | 62                                    | 44 | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |
|                    | 150  | -                                     | -  | 108 | 72  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |
|                    | 200  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | 118 | 64  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |
|                    | 250  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | 164 | 110 | 56  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |
| Shortest           | 300  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | 210 | 156 | 102 | -   | -   | -   | -   |  |  |
| length<br>of rails | 350  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 256 | 202 | 130 | -   | -   | -   |  |  |
| (mm)               | 400  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 302 | 230 | 158 | -   | -   |  |  |
| ()                 | 450  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 330 | 258 | 186 | -   |  |  |
|                    | 500  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 358 | 286 | 196 |  |  |
|                    | 550  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 458 | 386 | 296 |  |  |
|                    | 600  | -                                     | -  | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | -   | 486 | 396 |  |  |

#### **Accuracy**

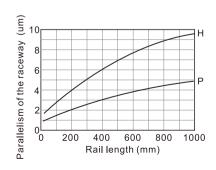
#### Accuracy



Unit: mm

| Item                         | High(H) | Precision(P) |
|------------------------------|---------|--------------|
| Tolerance of height <b>H</b> | ±0.02   | ±0.01        |
| Variation of height <b>H</b> | 0.01    | 0.005        |
| Tolerance of width <b>W</b>  | ±0.02   | ±0.01        |
|                              |         |              |

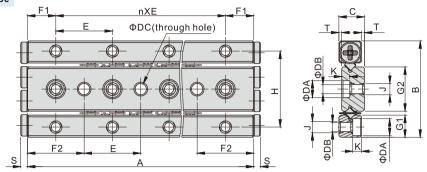
#### Rail Length and Parallelism of The Raceway



#### I GC Series

# **Specification Table**

## Dimensions of Three-row Type



| Model\Item | Α   | В  | С    | ФДА | ФВВ  | ФДС     | nXE   | F1   | F2 | G1  | G2   | Н    | J      | K   | S   | Т   |
|------------|-----|----|------|-----|------|---------|-------|------|----|-----|------|------|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| LGC1A20    | 20  |    |      |     |      |         | 1X10  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC1A30    | 30  |    |      |     |      |         | 2X10  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC1A40    | 40  |    |      |     |      |         | 3X10  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC1A50    | 50  | 17 | 4.5  | 3.0 | 1.55 | 2+0.03  | 4X10  | 5    | 10 | 3.9 | 7.8  | 13.4 | M2X0.4 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.5 |
| LGC1A60    | 60  |    |      |     |      |         | 5X10  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC1A70    | 70  |    |      |     |      |         | 6X10  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC1A80    | 80  |    |      |     |      |         | 7X10  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
|            |     |    |      |     |      |         |       |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC2A30    | 30  |    |      |     |      |         | 1X15  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC2A45    | 45  |    |      |     |      |         | 2X15  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC2A60    | 60  |    |      |     |      |         | 3X15  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC2A75    | 75  |    |      |     |      |         | 4X15  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC2A90    | 90  |    |      |     |      |         | 5X15  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC2A105   | 105 | 24 | 6.5  | 4.4 | 2.5  | 3+0.03  | 6X15  | 7.5  | 15 | 5.5 | 11   | 19   | M3X0.5 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 0.5 |
| LGC2A120   | 120 |    |      |     |      |         | 7X15  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC2A135   | 135 |    |      |     |      |         | 8X15  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC2A150   | 150 |    |      |     |      |         | 9X15  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC2A165   | 165 |    |      |     |      |         | 10X15 |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC2A180   | 180 |    |      |     |      |         | 11X15 |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
|            |     |    |      |     |      |         |       |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC3A50    | 50  |    |      |     |      |         | 1X25  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC3A75    | 75  |    |      |     |      |         | 2X25  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC3A100   | 100 |    |      |     |      |         | 3X25  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC3A125   | 125 |    |      |     |      |         | 4X25  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC3A150   | 150 |    |      |     |      |         | 5X25  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC3A175   | 175 | 36 | 8.5  | 6.0 | 3.4  | 4 +0.03 | 6X25  | 12.5 | 25 | 8.3 | 16.6 | 29   | M4X0.7 | 3.1 | 2   | 0.5 |
| LGC3A200   | 200 |    |      |     |      |         | 7X25  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC3A225   | 225 |    |      |     |      |         | 8X25  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC3A250   | 250 |    |      |     |      |         | 9X25  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC3A275   | 275 |    |      |     |      |         | 10X25 |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC3A300   | 300 |    |      |     |      |         | 11X25 |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
|            |     |    |      |     |      |         |       |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC4A80    | 80  |    |      |     |      |         | 1X40  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC4A120   | 120 |    |      |     |      |         | 2X40  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC4A160   | 160 |    |      |     |      |         | 3X40  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC4A200   | 200 |    |      |     |      |         | 4X40  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC4A240   | 240 |    |      |     |      |         | 5X40  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC4A280   | 280 | 44 | 11.5 | 7.5 | 4.3  | 5+0.03  | 6X40  | 20   | 40 | 10  | 20   | 35   | M5X0.8 | 4.1 | 2   | 0.5 |
| LGC4A320   | 320 |    |      |     |      |         | 7X40  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC4A360   | 360 |    |      |     |      |         | 8X40  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC4A400   | 400 |    |      |     |      |         | 9X40  |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC4A440   | 440 |    |      |     |      |         | 10X40 |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |
| LGC4A480   | 480 |    |      |     |      |         | 11X40 |      |    |     |      |      |        |     |     |     |

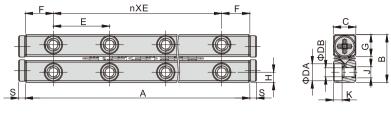
[Note] One set includes one main rail, two side rails, two roller cages, and the corresponding screws for mounting.



#### I GC Series

# **Specification Table**

## Dimensions of Four-row Type



|                      |            |     |     | <u>/</u> |      |                |      |             | 0   |        |     |     |
|----------------------|------------|-----|-----|----------|------|----------------|------|-------------|-----|--------|-----|-----|
| _                    | 3          |     |     | A        |      |                |      | <u>s_</u> † | T_  | K      |     |     |
|                      |            |     |     |          |      |                |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| Model\Item           | Α          | В   | С   | ФДА      | ФВВ  | nXE            | F    | G           | Н   | J      | K   | S   |
| LGC1B20              | 20         |     |     |          |      | 1X10           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC1B30              | 30         |     |     |          |      | 2X10           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC1B40              | 40         |     |     |          |      | 3X10           | _    |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC1B50              | 50         | 8.5 | 4   | 3.0      | 1.55 | 4X10           | 5    | 3.9         | 1.8 | M2X0.4 | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| LGC1B60              | 60         |     |     |          |      | 5X10           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC1B70              | 70         |     |     |          |      | 6X10           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC1B80              | 80         |     |     |          |      | 7X10           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC2B30              | 30         |     |     |          |      | 1X15           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC2B45              | 45         |     |     |          |      | 2X15           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC2B60              | 60         |     |     |          |      | 3X15           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC2B75              | 75         |     |     |          |      | 4X15           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC2B90              | 90         |     |     |          |      | 5X15           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC2B105             | 105        | 12  | 6   | 4.4      | 2.5  | 6X15           | 7.5  | 5.5         | 2.5 | M3X0.5 | 2.1 | 1.5 |
| LGC2B120             | 120        | . – |     |          |      | 7X15           |      | 0.0         |     |        |     | ''' |
| LGC2B135             | 135        |     |     |          |      | 8X15           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC2B150             | 150        |     |     |          |      | 9X15           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC2B165             | 165        |     |     |          |      | 10X15          |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC2B180             | 180        |     |     |          |      | 11X15          |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| 20022100             |            |     |     |          |      | ,              |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC3B50              | 50         |     |     |          |      | 1X25           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC3B75              | 75         |     |     |          |      | 2X25           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC3B100             | 100        |     |     |          |      | 3X25           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC3B125             | 125        |     | 8   |          | 3.4  | 4X25           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC3B150             | 150        |     |     | 6.0      |      | 5X25           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC3B175             | 175        | 18  |     |          |      | 6X25           | 12.5 | 8.3         | 3.5 | M4X0.7 | 3.1 | 2   |
| LGC3B200             | 200        |     |     |          |      | 7X25           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC3B225             | 225        |     |     |          |      | 8X25           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC3B250             | 250        |     |     |          |      | 9X25           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC3B275             | 275        |     |     |          |      | 10X25          |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC3B300             | 300        |     |     |          |      | 11X25          |      |             |     |        |     |     |
|                      |            |     |     |          |      |                |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC4B80              | 80         |     |     |          |      | 1X40           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC4B120             | 120        |     |     |          |      | 2X40           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC4B160             | 160        |     |     |          |      | 3X40           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC4B200             | 200        |     |     |          |      | 4X40           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC4B240             | 240        |     |     |          |      | 5X40           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC4B280             | 280        | 22  | 11  | 7.5      | 4.3  | 6X40           | 20   | 10          | 4.5 | M5X0.8 | 4.1 | 2   |
| LGC4B320             | 320        |     |     |          |      | 7X40           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC4B360             | 360        |     |     |          |      | 8X40           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC4B400             | 400        |     |     |          |      | 9X40           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC4B440             | 440        |     |     |          |      | 10X40          |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC4B480             | 480        |     |     |          |      | 11X40          |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC6P100             | 100        |     |     |          |      | 1750           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC6B100             |            |     |     |          |      | 1X50           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC6B150<br>LGC6B200 | 150        |     |     |          |      | 2X50           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
|                      | 200        |     |     |          |      | 3X50           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC6B250             | 250        |     |     |          |      | 4X50           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC6B300             | 300        | 24  | 1 = | 9        | E 0  | 5X50           | 25   | 147         | 6   | MCX4C  | F 0 | ,   |
| LGC6B350             | 350        | 31  | 15  | 9        | 5.3  | 6X50           | 25   | 14.7        | 6   | M6X1.0 | 5.2 | 3   |
| LGC6B450             | 400<br>450 |     |     |          |      | 7X50           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC6B500             | 500        |     |     |          |      | 8X50           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC6B550             | 550        |     |     |          |      | 9X50           |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| LGC6B550<br>LGC6B600 | 600        |     |     |          |      | 10X50<br>11X50 |      |             |     |        |     |     |
| [Note] One se        |            |     | _:: |          |      |                |      |             |     |        |     |     |

[Note] One set includes four side rails, two roller cages, and the corresponding screws for mounting.



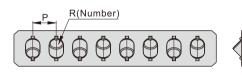
#### **I GC Series**

# **Roller Cage Order Information**



## **Specification Table**

#### Informations of Roller Cage



| Model\Item | Р   | R  | Basic Dynamic<br>Load Rating (C <sub>1</sub> ) | Basic Static<br>Load Rating (C <sub>0</sub> ) | Allowable Load  |
|------------|-----|----|--|---|-----------------|
| LGC1R6     |     | 6  |  |   | (* 0)           |
| LGC1R7     |     | 7  |  |   |                 |
| LGC1R8     |     | 8  |  |   |                 |
| LGC1R9     |     | 9  |  |   |                 |
| LGC1R10    | 2.5 | 10 | 125N per roller                                | 120N per roller                               | 39N per roller  |
| LGC1R11    |     | 11 |  |   |                 |
| LGC1R13    |     | 13 |  |   |                 |
| LGC1R16    |     | 16 |  |   |                 |
| LGC1R19    |     | 19 |  |   |                 |
| LGC2R6     |     | 6  |  |   |                 |
| LGC2R7     |     | 7  |  |   |                 |
| LGC2R8     |     | 8  |  |   |                 |
| LGC2R9     |     | 9  |  |   |                 |
| LGC2R10    |     | 10 |  |   |                 |
| LGC2R11    |     | 11 |  |   |                 |
| LGC2R13    |     | 13 | 292N per roller                                |   |                 |
| LGC2R16    | 4   | 16 |  | 290N per roller                               | 97N per roller  |
| LGC2R19    |     | 19 |  |   |                 |
| LGC2R22    |     | 22 |  |   |                 |
| LGC2R25    |     | 25 |  |   |                 |
| LGC2R28    |     | 28 |  |   |                 |
| LGC2R32    |     | 32 |  |   |                 |
| LGC2R36    |     | 36 |  |   |                 |
|            |     |    |  |   |                 |
| LGC3R7     |     | 7  |  |   |                 |
| LGC3R8     |     | 8  |  |   |                 |
| LGC3R9     |     | 9  |  |   |                 |
| LGC3R10    |     | 10 |  |   |                 |
| LGC3R11    |     | 11 |  |   |                 |
| LGC3R13    |     | 13 |  |   |                 |
| LGC3R16    |     | 16 |  |   |                 |
| LGC3R19    | 5   | 19 | 640N per roller                                | 610N per roller                               | 203N per rollei |
| LGC3R22    |     | 22 |  |   |                 |
| LGC3R25    |     | 25 |  |   |                 |
| LGC3R28    |     | 28 |  |   |                 |
| LGC3R32    |     | 32 |  |   |                 |
| LGC3R36    |     | 36 |  |   |                 |

| Model\Item | Р | R  | Basic Dynamic<br>Load Rating (C₁) | Basic Static<br>Load Rating (C₀) | Allowable Load<br>(F <sub>o</sub> ) |  |
|------------|---|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| LGC4R8     |   | 8  |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC4R9     |   | 9  |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC4R10    |   | 10 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC4R11    |   | 11 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC4R13    |   | 13 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC4R16    |   | 16 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC4R19    |   | 19 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC4R22    | 7 | 22 | 1230N per roller                  | 1170N per roller                 | 390N per roller                     |  |
| LGC4R25    |   | 25 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC4R28    |   | 28 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC4R32    |   | 32 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC4R36    |   | 36 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC4R40    |   | 40 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC4R45    |   | 45 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
|            |   |    |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC6R8     |   | 8  |                                   | 2550N per roller                 |                                     |  |
| LGC6R9     |   | 9  |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC6R11    |   | 11 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC6R13    |   | 13 |                                   |                                  | 810N per roller                     |  |
| LGC6R16    |   | 16 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC6R19    |   | 19 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC6R22    | 9 | 22 | 3175N per roller                  |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC6R25    |   | 25 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC6R28    |   | 28 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC6R32    |   | 32 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC6R36    |   | 36 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC6R40    |   | 40 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| LGC6R45    |   | 45 |                                   |                                  |                                     |  |
| 2000.140   |   | 10 |                                   |                                  | ı                                   |  |

LGC3R40

40



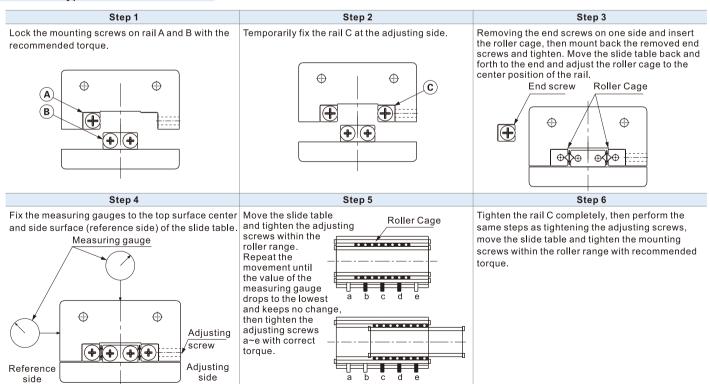


#### Installation Illustration

#### Three-row type--Installation method 1

Step 1 Step 2 Step 3 Lock the mounting screws on rail B with the Place the roller cage and rail A and C. Hold the rails to avoid moving, and temporarily fix recommended torque. the rail A and C after putting the slide table. Move the slide table back and forth to the end and adjust Roller Cage the roller cage to the center position of the rail. (B) (+)(+)(+) Step 4 Step 5 Step 6 Fix the measuring gauges to the top surface center Move the slide Tighten the rail A and C completely, then perform Roller Cage and side surface (reference side) of the slide table table and tighten the same steps as tightening the adjusting screws, the adjusting move the slide table and tighten the mounting Measuring gauge screws within the screws within the roller range with recommended roller range. Repeat the movement until the value of the measuring gauge drops to the lowest  $\oplus$  $\oplus$ and keeps no change, then Adjusting tighten the screw + + + adjusting screws a~e with correct Adjusting Reference torque. b С d side

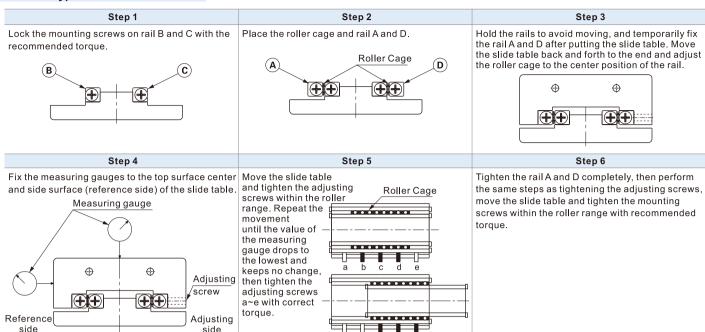
#### Three-row type--Installation method 2



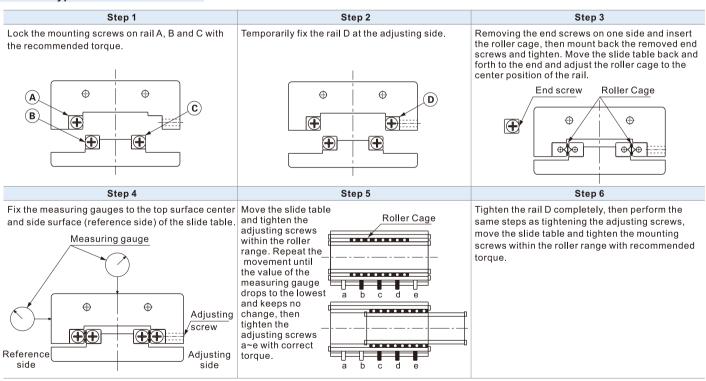




#### Four-row type--Installation method 1



#### Four-row type--Installation method 2



#### Clearance adjustment

| Application | Usually, the adjusting screw is used to push the rail on the adjusting side to adjust the clearance | When rigidity and precision are required, pressing plate is recommended to adjust the clearance. | When high rigidity and high precision are<br>particularly required, tapered block is<br>recommended to adjust the clearance. |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| Diagram     | Adjusting screw   | Pressing   | Tapered  |



#### **LGC Series**

#### **User Manual**

#### Load Rating

| Load direction                                    | V  | ertical load  |                      | Lateral load   |                   |  |
|---|--|---------------|----------------------|--|-------------------|--|
| Туре  | Three-Row type   | Four-Row type |                      | Three-Row type   | Four-Row type     |  |
| Schematic   | 1/2N 1/2N  | 1/2N          | 1/2N<br>1/2N<br>1/2N |  |                   |  |
| Basic dynamic<br>load rating - C <sub>a</sub> (N) | $C_s = \{2P \times (\frac{R}{2} - 1)\}^{\frac{1}{36}} \times (\frac{R}{2})^{\frac{3}{4}} \times C_1$ * Effective roller number R/2: round off to integer (EX: 5/2=2.5, take 2) |               |                      | $C_a = \{2P \times (\frac{R}{2} - 1)\}^{\frac{1}{36}} \times (\frac{R}{2})^{\frac{3}{4}} \times 2^{\frac{7}{9}} \times C_1$<br>*Effective roller number R/2: roun<br>(EX: 5/2=2.5, take 2) | nd off to integer |  |
| Basic Static<br>load rating - C <sub>a0</sub> (N) | $C_{a0}=R\times C_0$   |               |                      | $C_{a0}=R\times C_{0}$   |                   |  |
| Allowable load-F <sub>a0</sub> (N)                | $F_{a0}=R\times F_0$   |               |                      | $F_{a0}=R\times F_0$   |                   |  |

P: Pitch of roller cage (mm)

R: The number of cylindrical rollers incorporated in a roller cage

C<sub>1</sub>: Basic dynamic load rating per cylindrical roller (N)

C<sub>o</sub>: Basic static load rating per cylindrical roller (N)

F<sub>o</sub>: Allowable load per cylindrical roller (N)

Ex: Calculate LGC3A180R25 basic load rating

From specification table(Informations of Roller Cage)

Pitch of roller cage:P=5mm

The number of cylindrical rollers incorporated in a roller cage: R = 25

Basic dynamic load rating per cylindrical roller:  $C_1 = 640 \text{ N}$ 

Basic static load rating per cylindrical roller:  $C_0 = 610$ N

Allowable load per cylindrical roller: F<sub>0</sub>=203N

Effective roller number R/2 = 12.5, take 12

Take these parameters into calculation, we can get

For vertical load :Basic dynamic load rating  $C_a = 4,701.88 N$ ;

Basic Static load rating  $C_{a0} = 15,250 \text{ N}$ ;

Allowable load  $F_{a0} = 5,075 \text{ N}$ ;

For Lateral load: Basic dynamic load rating C<sub>a</sub> = 8,061.31 N;

Basic Static load rating  $C_{a0} = 15,250 \text{ N}$ ;

Allowable load  $F_{a0} = 5,075 \text{ N}$ .

#### Static Safety Factor(f<sub>s</sub>)

Inertia force caused by impact, sudden start or stop will exert unexpected force on crossed roller guide. Therefore, safety factor based on working condition needs to be put into consideration, see as follows:

| Load Condition                  | $f_s$   |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Normal Load                     | 1.0~1.3 |
| Load with Impacts or Vibrations | 2.0~3.0 |

$$f_s = \frac{C_{a0}}{F}$$

f<sub>s</sub>: Static safety factor

C<sub>a0</sub>: Basic static load rating (N)

F: Calculated working load (N)

#### Nominal Life(L)

Nominal life is calculated as follow:

$$L = \left(\frac{f_T}{f} \cdot \frac{C_a}{F}\right)^{\frac{10}{3}} X100$$

L:Nominal life (km)

C<sub>a</sub>:Basic dynamic load rating (N)

F:Calculated working load (N)

 $f_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$ :Temperature factor (Reference to Temperature Factor Chart)

f<sub>w</sub>:Load factor (Reference to Load Factor Table)

#### Calculating the Service Life Time( $L_{\mbox{\tiny h}}$ )

Based on the calculated nominal life, the Service Life Time is obtained through the following equation as if the stroke length and the value of reciprocations per minutes remain constant.

$$L_h: Service life time \qquad (h)$$

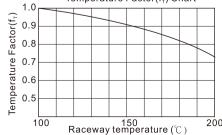
$$L_h = \frac{L \times 10^6}{2 \times \ell_s \times m \times 60} \qquad \qquad \ell_s: Stroke length \qquad (mm)$$

$$m: Rounds per minute \qquad (min-1)$$

#### Temperature Factor(f<sub>T</sub>)

If the environmental temperature exceeds 100°C, take the adverse effect of the high temperature into account by multiplying the basic load ratings by the temperature factor.

Temperature Factor ( $f_T$ ) Chart







#### Load Factor(f\_)

In general, reciprocating machines tend to involve vibrations or impact during operation. it is extremely difficult to accurately determine the impact caused by high-speed motion or frequent start and stop motion. However, the calibrated load can be expected by experience. The basic load rating( $C_a$  or  $C_{a0}$ ) divide by load factor( $f_w$ ) in the following table to calibrate from speed effect and vibrations.

| Load              |  |                |
|-------------------|--|----------------|
| Vibrations/Impact | Speed(V)                                       | f <sub>w</sub> |
| Faint             | V≤0.25m/s                                      | 1~1.2          |
| Weak              | 0.25 <v≤1m s<="" td=""><td>1.2~1.5</td></v≤1m> | 1.2~1.5        |

#### Stroke

Spec

When moving, roller cage will move along with rail about half of its moving distance. Therefore, distance between center of loads and roller cage will vary with motion. In order to maintain accuracy, please conform to 'Cross Reference Table for Max. Stroke & Roller Numbers' table when deciding specs.

EX: Choose spec for a roller diameter 6 mm, high accuracy type and desiring length of rails are 300 and 200 mm, desiring moving distance is 50 mm.

Refer to 'Cross Reference Table for Max. Stroke & Roller Numbers': roller diameter 6 mm with 200 mm as shortest rail, its roller numbers can be R16 or R19, and admissible moving distance is 118 and 64 mm respectively.

Both roller numbers can meet the required working distance 50mm.

#### Mounting Screw

Tightening torque for fixing screw

Screw size

| Adj | ust | ing | Screw |  |
|-----|-----|-----|-------|--|
|     |     |     |       |  |

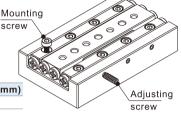
Tightening torque for fixing screw

|   | rightening terque for manig cerew |               |                           |  |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| ) | Spec                              | Screw<br>size | Tightening<br>torque(N.m) |  |  |  |
|   | LGC1                              | M2            | 0.008                     |  |  |  |
|   | LGC2                              | М3            | 0.012                     |  |  |  |
|   | LGC3                              | M4            | 0.05                      |  |  |  |
|   | LGC4                              | M4            | 0.08                      |  |  |  |
|   | LGC6                              | M5            | 0.2                       |  |  |  |

Gap between adjusting screws

It must have more than 2 of adjusting screws even the rails are short.
When the rails are long, the gap between adjusting screws are recommended in the table below:

| Spec | Gap between adjusting screws(mm) |
|------|----------------------------------|
| LGC1 | 10                               |
| LGC2 | 15                               |
| LGC3 | 25                               |
| LGC4 | 40                               |



\*High strenth screw is preferred.

#### Allowable preload

LGC1 M1.4X0.3PX6L

LGC2 M2.0X0.4PX8L

LGC3 M3.0X0.5PX9.5L

LGC4 M4.0X0.7PX16L

LGC6 M5.0X0.8PX20L

Excessive preload will cause dents or shorten the lifetime, refer to the table below for allowable preload clearance. And check the amount of displacement of roller contact part while tightening the adjustment screw.

**Tightening** 

torque(N.m)

0.14

0.40

1.40

3.20

6 60

| Spec                   | LGC1 | LGC2 | LGC3 | LGC4 |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Allowable preload (um) | -2   | -3   | -4   | -5   |

#### Precautions on dispensing

To avoid the screws from falling off by vibration, the screws thread can be dispensed before tightening. However, glue should not spill onto the roller and its contact surface to avoid affecting the walking accuracy.

#### Precautions on lubrication

- 1.Linear guides have been treated with anti-rust oil in the factory. Before use, wipe the rail and treat with lubrication.
- 2. When adding grease, in order to avoid the sliding resistance caused by uneven oil film, run back and forth several times before operation.
- 3.Do not mix lubricating oil (grease) with different properties. Even if the thickeners of different grease are the same, they may affect each other due to different additives.
- 4. In special environments such as places with frequent vibration, clean rooms, vacuum, low temperature or high temperature, use grease that meets the specifications and environment.
- 5.Pay attention to that the consistency of the grease changes depending on the temperature, so the sliding resistance also changes.
- 6.After adding grease, excess grease may splash around during operation, so wipe excess grease before using it when necessary.
- 7. In order to avoid insufficient lubrication caused by grease loss, grease inspection and replenishment are required according to the frequency of use.

  The lubrication frequency varies depending on the use conditions and the environment, hence the lubrication frequency and replenishment should be set according to the actual operation.

#### Precautions on safety

- 1.In high-speed use or bearing bias load, vibration, etc., roller cage offset may occur (Note 1), to avoid excessive extrusion, the stroke must be reserved when using, it is recommended that the operating stroke is slightly less than the maximum stroke to avoid cage extrusion damage.
- 2. In order to obtain a high walking accuracy, it is recommended that therail mounting surface should be ground to reach the same level or higher level to the parallelism and flatness of the rail, and the rails should be installed correctly close to the mounting surface.
- 3.Be sure to remove the burrs, dents, dust, foreign objects, etc. of the rail mounting surface on the slide table and base, and pay attention to protection during assembly. When adjusting the preload, it is generally recommended to apply no or very small preload. Excessive preload can cause indentation damages and shorten the service life.

#### Precautions on use

#### 1.Caution in handling

Dropping crossed roller way may cause damage on surface and further affect its accuracy, and even jerks during movement.

#### 2. Adjustment

Fail to adjust the preload or mounting surfaces correctly will affect the product lifetime and accuracy. Make sure to assemble, install, and adjust the product with care. Appropriate preload will help with rigidity and accuracy; yet overloading the crossed roller way will result in damages and deformation. On installation, please follow the installation procedure and recommended torque.

#### 3. Use as a Set

The accuracy of crossed roller guide is controlled as a set. Accuracy is not guaranteed when mixing parts from different sets.

#### 4. Allowable Load

Definition of allowable load is the maximum loads applied on crossed roller to cause acceptable elastic deformation while maintain a smooth movement. When working condition requires high accuracy and smooth movement, be sure load applied on product is under allowable load.

#### 5. Cage Slippage

The roller cage could slip under high speed motion, vertical use application, unbalanced load, and vibration conditions.

Avoiding excessive loads is recommended. Meanwhile, using crossed roller within range of allowable stroke while applying safety factors will help avoid compression and damage.

#### 6. Possible causes of cage offset

A.Vertical installation B.High speed or high acceleration application. C.Thermal deformation.

D.Structure rigidity or accuracy of the base or slide table are insufficient. E.Incorrect installation (the railsare not correctly aligned or have uneven preload)

#### 7. Method of avoiding cage offset

During use, perform full-stroke movement multiple times to move the cage to the center position.

In vertical installation, the cage is affected by gravity and offset probability increases, hence the stroke must be reserved, if the situation is not improved, LRM/LSH series are recommended to use, in this case cage offset will not happen.





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